Product Training Workbook



Copyright © SEW-EURODRIVI

MOVI-C® Automation System MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController Software Module

Parameterization and Diagnostics

C210



© SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG

Urheberrecht

Die Vervielfältigung der Trainingsunterlagen für nicht genehmigte Zwecke sowie die Weitergabe, Verwertung und Mitteilung ihres Inhalts an Dritte ist nicht gestattet. Zuwiderhandlungen verpflichten zum Schadenersatz. Die von SEW-EURODRIVE während der Trainings zu Übungszwecken zur Verfügung gestellte Software darf weder entnommen noch ganz oder teilweise kopiert oder in sonstiger, nicht genehmigter Weise nutzbar gemacht werden.

Disclaimer

This training document supplements the documentation available at SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG. They have been prepared as informative documents to accompany training to the best of our knowledge and belief.

The primary observance of the operating instructions of the devices mentioned in the training document is a basic prerequisite for safe operation. The safety regulations specified therein apply.

SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG accepts no liability for personal injury, property damage or financial loss resulting from failure to observe the operating instructions. Liability for material defects is excluded in such cases.

Ensure that the operating instructions are made available in a legible condition to the persons responsible for the plant and its operation, as well as to persons who work on the device under their own responsibility.

Objectives of this training document:

- Get in contact with the MultiAxisController
- Learn the main functionality of the MultiAxisController

Additional documents:

- MOVIKIT® MultiMotion
- MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController
- MOVISUITE® IEC Project Creation

If you have any questions or suggestions, please do not hesitate to contact the product training department.

Dennis Fabian MMA-PSC A dennis.fabian@sew-eurodrive.de
Rainer Pfaff MMA-PSC A rainer.pfaff@sew-eurodrive.de

SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Str. 42 D-76646 Bruchsal Tel. +49 (0)7251 75-3911 www.driveacademy.sew-eurodrive.de

Meaning of the symbols:



Operation instructions



Information



Safety-related information



Tip



Diagnostic and trouble-shooting



Practical task



Additional documentation

1	Startup	1
1.1 1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3	System configuration MOVISUITE® version / modules Firmware Training model	2 2 2 2 3
1.2 1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6	Configuration axis 1-3 Set up project in MOVISUITE® Configuration motor 1-3 Configuration encoder 2 Configuration drive train 1-3 Optimization drive train 1 Configuration monitoring functions	4 4 5 7 8 9
1.3	Parametrize MOVIKIT® MultiMotion	11
1.3.1 1.3.2	Add MOVIKIT® MultiMotion Check MOVIRUN® flexible version	11
1.4 1.4.1 1.4.2	Important parameters Drive functions > FCB06 Actual values > Encoder 2 bits	13 13 14
2	Exercise 1: Torque priority	15
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Add SoftwareNode and MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController Configure the MultiAxisController Generate IEC project Exercise 1.1: Torque between Exercise1.2: Torque relation	15 18 19 20 26
3	Exercise 2: Limit switch evaluation	29
3.1 3.2 3.3	Configuration Exercise Logging	29 30 34
4	Exercise 3: External encoder	35
4.1 4.2	Configuration Exercise	35 38
5	Exercise 4: Skew priority	43
5.1 5.2 5.3	Configuration Exercise 5.1: Alignment Exercise 5.2: Skew offset	43 45 49
6	Exercise 5: Homing with limit switches	51
6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Theory Configuration Exercise 6.1: Readjustment of "BSide" Exercise 6.2: Readjustment of "ASide" Exercise 6.3: Limit switch reversed Exercise 6.4: Safety time	51 52 54 56 56

1 Startup 1

1 Startup

Objective:

- Functionality of the MultiAxisController Torque
- Functionality of the MultiAxisController Skewing
- Functionality of the Combined encoder evaluation integrated in the MultiAxisController
- Reference the MultiAxisController with limit switches



Steps if you change parameters of the inverter after integrating the MultiAxisController in your project. These steps have to be done for all MultiAxisControllers that are depending to the changed axis:



- Open the page **Drive functions** of the MultiAxisController that the new parameters are read up.
- After that you have to push the button Apply all suggested values in the Advanced settings > Set parameter of the MultiAxisController.

1.1 System configuration

1.1.1 MOVISUITE® version / modules





Modules:

- MOVIRUN flexible 6.0.10.0
- MultiAxisController 6.0.17.200
- MultiMotion 6.0.19.200

1.1.2 Firmware



- Controller ≥ 6.00
- Inverter ≥ 5.00

1.1.3 Training model



For the following workbook the standard MultiAxisController training model is used. With four MDA and four CMP40S motors. In addition, the model was modified with a CES card to simulate the external encoder. The motor encoder of axis 4 is connected to the CES card of inverter 3. Therefore, the inverter 4 won't be used and configured.

The following picture shows the coupled drives that were used. Only the belt between drive 2 and 3 should be removed.



If it is not possible to use the model described above, it is also possible to use the standard MOVI-C® model with one MDD and one MDA and the CSS card. Your model has to fulfil the following conditions:

- 3 inverters connected to one PLC
- 3 identical drives
- Option to couple 2 motors
- 1 external encoder that is connected to a CES/CSS card (e.g. usage of one motor as external encoder)



1.2 Configuration axis 1-3

1.2.1 Set up project in MOVISUITE®



1. Create a new project from a network scan



Create a new MOVISUITE® project from network scan and follow the lead of the MOVISUITE®.

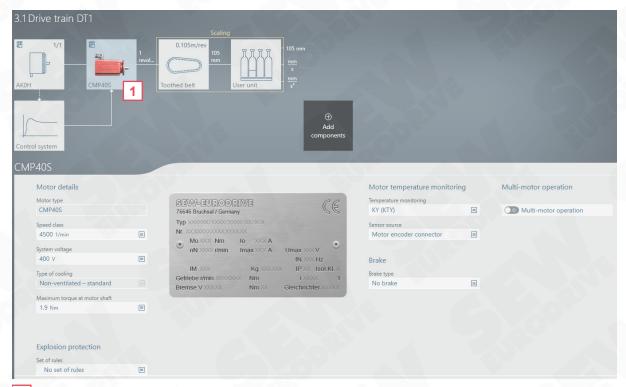


If errors occur, please refer to the MOVISUITE® manual.

1.2.2 Configuration motor 1-3

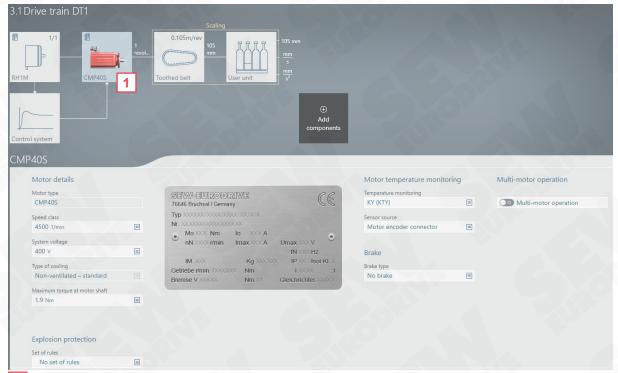


1. Axis 1



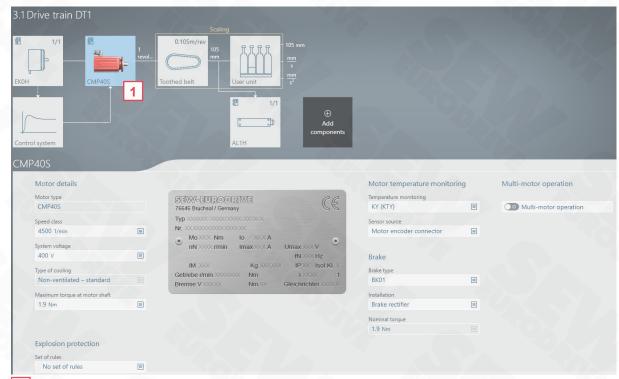
1 Configure the motor according to the technical data of your motor.

2. Axis 2



Configure the motor according to the technical data of your motor..

3. Axis 3



1 Configure the motor according to the technical data of your motor.

1.2.3 Configuration encoder 2



To work around the problem that it isn't possible to integrate a rotary encoder after a tooth belt the AL1H was integrated. In chapter 0 the encoder will be adjusted that its behavior is the same like the AK0H that is mounted to the CES card.

1. Deactivate position control





To combine the motor encoder and the external encoder with the MultiAxisController the position control won't be closed with the external encoder. Therefore, the switch in the drive train must not be activated.

2. Process values encoder 2

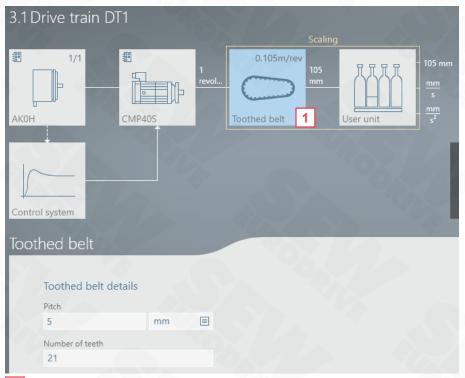


As mentioned above the encoder 2 has to be scaled that its behavior is the same like the AK0H.

1.2.4 Configuration drive train 1-3



1. Toothed belt



1 Configure the **toothed belt** as shown in the picture.

2. User unit



1 Define **user unit** as shown in the picture.



When using the MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController the time base of the user unit has to be "second". The user unit itself can be anything (e.g. eggs, bottles, ...) but the time base for velocity has to be second and per square second for acceleration. Otherwise, the control loop of the MultiAxisController won't work as expected.

3. Control system

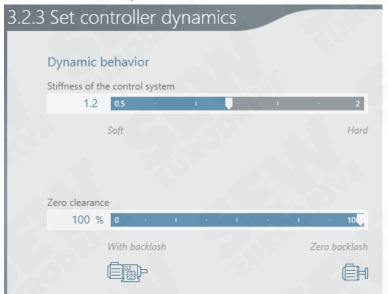


Define **control system** as shown in the picture.

1.2.5 Optimization drive train 1



1. Set controller dynamics





For the exercises described in this workbook the dynamic of the velocity controller has to be as high as possible without getting an instable condition.

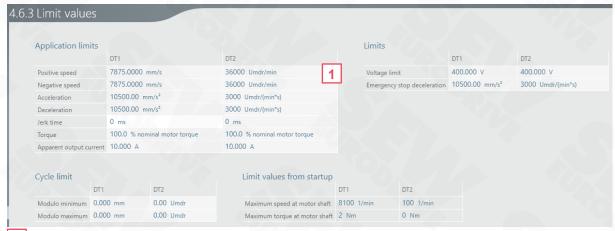
2. Load inertia



1.2.6 Configuration monitoring functions



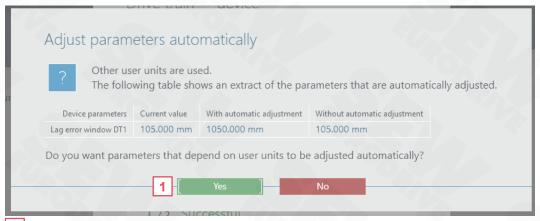
1. Set Limit values



1 Set **limit values** as shown in the picture.



Based on the limit values of the first axis group member all suggested values of the MultiAxisController are calculated. If the limit values are wrong, the MultiAxisController won't work as expected.



If you set up the limit values before integrating the toothed belt and the user unit, the MOVISUITE® offers the possibility to adjust the parameters automatically to the new user unit like the picture shows as example. So you don't have to calculate the limit values in user unit by hand.

1.3 Parametrize MOVIKIT® MultiMotion

1.3.1 Add MOVIKIT® MultiMotion



1. Add MOVIKIT® MultiMotion to each axis

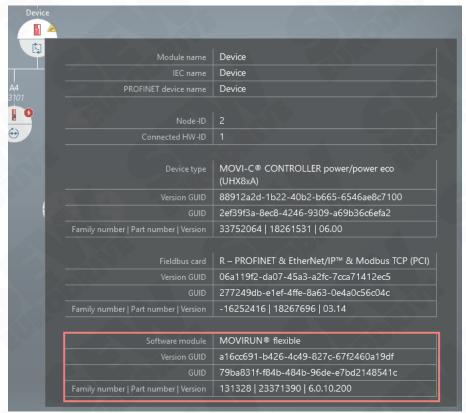


Left click (double click) on the bottom part of each axis, choose from the catalog the software module MultiMotion in the version 6.0.19.200 (version of MOVISUITE 2.20), and apply it.

1.3.2 Check MOVIRUN® flexible version

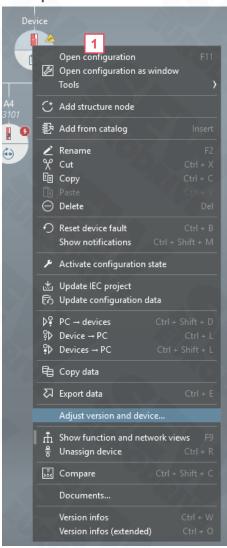


1. Check MOVIRUN® flexible version



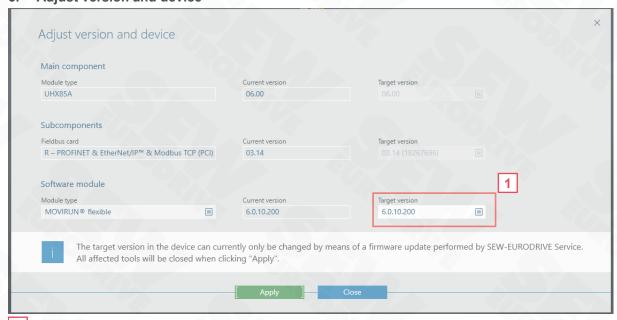
That the versions of each software module fits together control the version of the MOVIRUN® flexible of your controller. Therefore, have a look at the tooltip of the controller as the following picture shows. The version should be 6.0.10.200.

2. Open Context menü



If your controller has another version of the MOVIRUN® flexible, open the context menu of the controller per right click on the bottom part and choose **Adjust version and device...**.

3. Adjust version and device



1 Change the target version of your MOVIRUN® flexible.

1 Startup 13

1.4 Important parameters

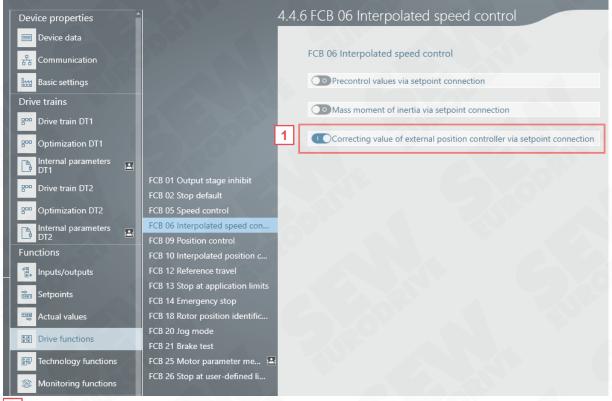
1.4.1 Drive functions > FCB06



That the manipulated values of the MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController has an effect the following parameter has to be set in the inverter. Normally this parameter will be set by default to TRUE when MOVIKIT® MultiMotion is inserted but if the lag error won't be compensated it's worth a try to take a look at this parameter if it's correct.



1. Set FCB06 Interpolated speed control



1 Set the **switches** as shown in the picture.

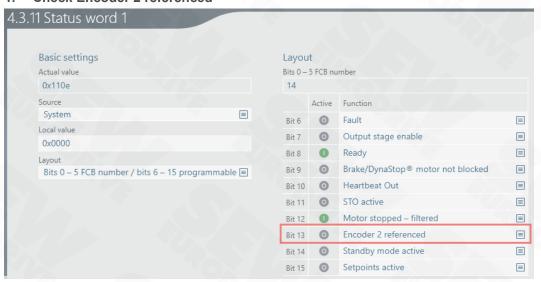
1.4.2 Actual values > Encoder 2 bits



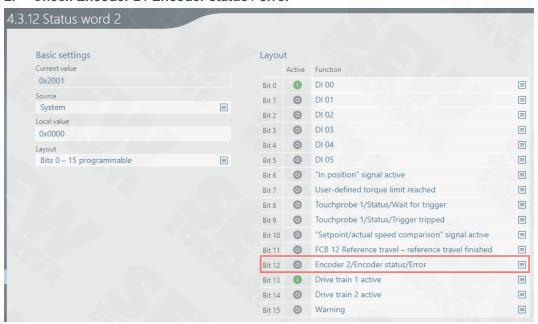
The following two bits has to be set in the status word 1 & 2 when using an external encoder. Normally these two parameters are set when the IEC project was started for the first time. However, if you got any problems according the referenced bit or that the application won't stop after an encoder 2 error you could take a look at this two parameters.



1. Check Encoder 2 referenced



2. Check Encoder 2 / Encoder status / error



2 Exercise 1: Torque priority



In this tutorial you'll learn the following functions:

- Integrating a SoftwareNode in your MOVISUITE project
- Configure the MultiAxisController in Torque priority
- Functionality of the MultiAxisController in Torque priority
- Moving the MultiAxisController per IEC-Editor

2.1 Add SoftwareNode and MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController

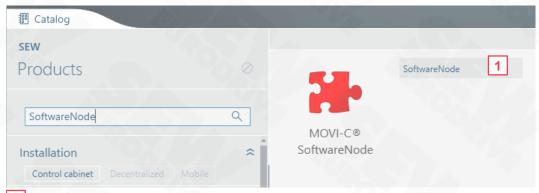


1. Add from catalog



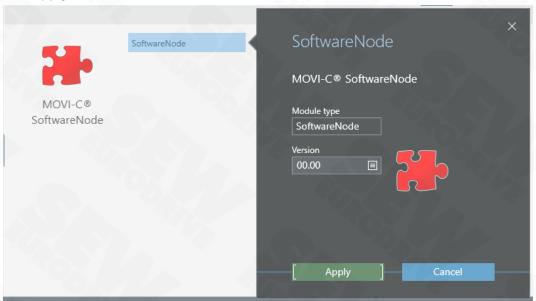
1 Right click on the controller and choose the option Add from catalog of the context menu.

2. Select SoftwareNode



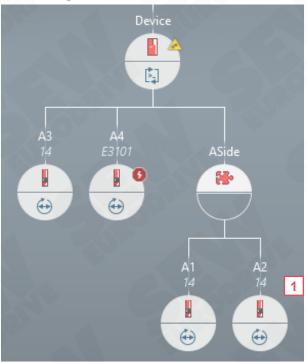
Choose the product **SoftwareNode** in the catalog. To find it in the catalog you can use the filter on the left side.

3. Apply SoftwareNode



1 Apply the SoftwareNode in the version 00.00

4. Arrange axes

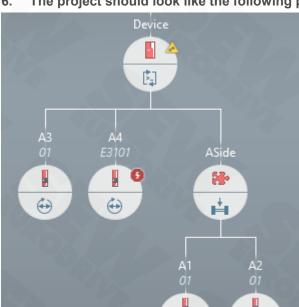


Drag and Drop the axes 1 and 2 (named "A1" and "A2") under the SoftwareNode named "ASide".

5. Insert the software module MOVIKIT® MultiAxisController to SoftwareNode



- Left click (double click) on the bottom part of the SoftwareNode.
- Then the catalog will open and you can choose the MultiAxisController in the version 6.0.17.200 (this is the version of MOVISUITE 2.20).
- 3 Apply the software version



6. The project should look like the following picture

2.2 Configure the MultiAxisController



1. Parameterize Basic settings



Mostly every parameter will be set per default correctly.

Only the external encoder for axis 1 and axis 2 have to be disabled in the configuration section

Take account of external encoders

2.3 Generate IEC project

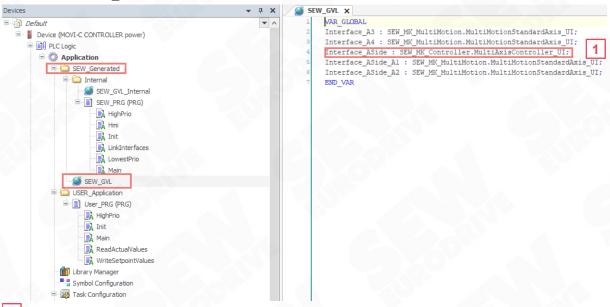


1. Generate the IEC project



For example per right click on the controller and then choose **Update IEC project**.

2. Control SEW_GVL



To control if everything went fine take a look in the "SEW_GVL" in the folder "SEW_Generated". There should be an instance of the MultiAxisController_UI named "Interface_ASide".

2.4 Exercise 1.1: Torque between



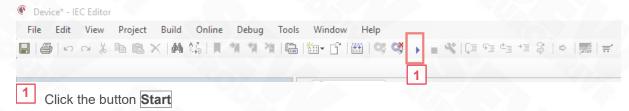
In this exercise, you'll get in contact with the functionality "torque between" of the MultiAxisController. With this function, you're able to change the tension of a belt or to reduce the backlash of a gear to do a better positioning.



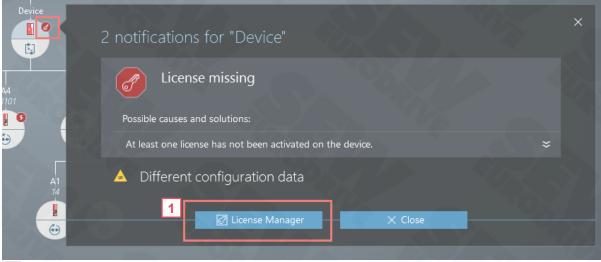
1. LogIn



2. Start application

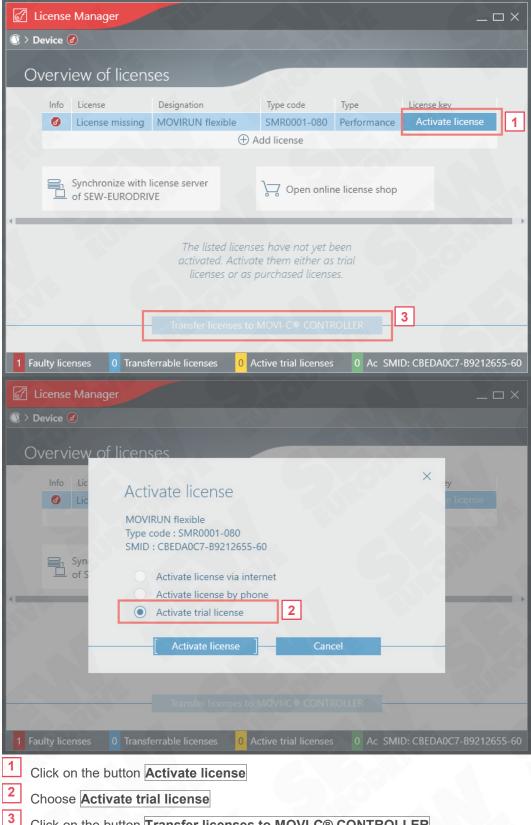


3. Open License Manager



Switch back to MOVISUITE® and click on the key icon of the controller and choose License Manager.

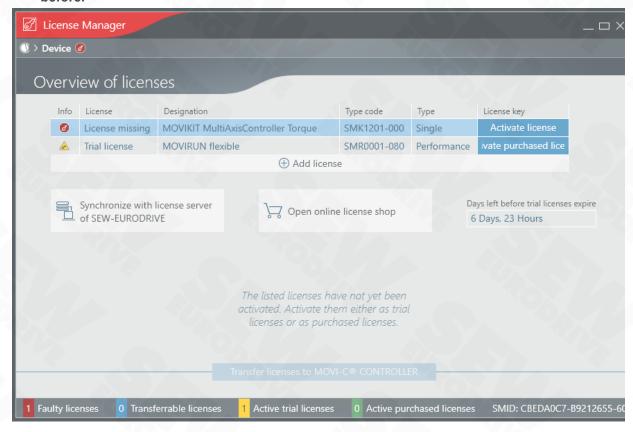
Activate and transfer licenses to MOVI-C® CONTROLLER



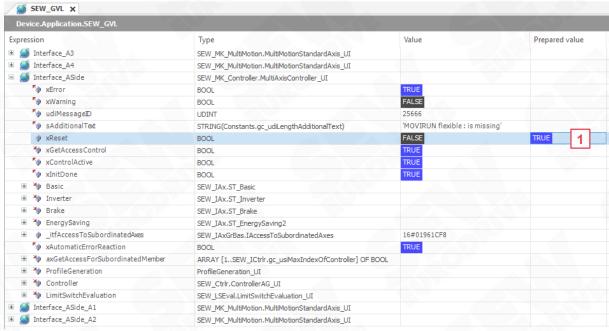
Click on the button Transfer licenses to MOVI-C® CONTROLLER

02.10.2024 Product training

5. Wait ca. 1 minute and the missing license of the MultiAxisController Torque should be shown in the license manager. Activate this license like the MOVIRUN® license in the step before.

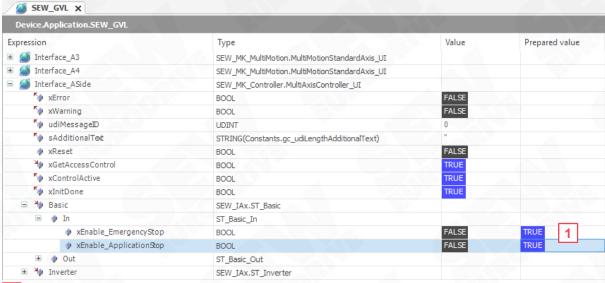


6. Optional step



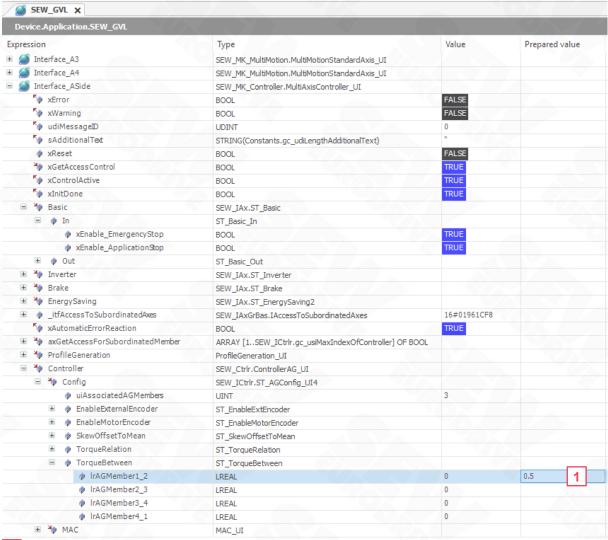
Reset error "MOVIRUN flexible is missing" by setting the "xReset" of the "Interface_ASide" in the "SEW_GVL".

7. Enable Axes (A1 + A2)



Setting the enable signals in the user interface of the MultiAxisController ("Interface_ASide").

8. Set "Torque between" in the config structure in the controller section of the user interface.



In this example, the value is set to 0.5, which means 50% of the nominal torque of the motor.

9. Create a watchlist and integrate the following lines by Copy and Paste

Device.Application.SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[1].IrTorque Device.Application.SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[2].IrTorque

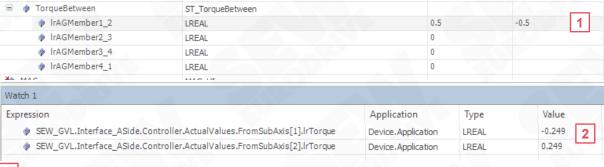
Watch 1			
Expression	Application	Туре	Value
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[1].IrTorque	Device.Application	LREAL	0.252
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[2].IrTorque	Device.Application	LREAL	-0.248

The actual torque in the watch list will show a positive torque for the first axis and a negative one for the second axis. The difference between these two axes will be the configured 0.5.



In this example, each axis offers halve the value that is configured, but depending on the application it doesn't have to be like this. The MultiAxisController only controls the difference between the two axes that this torque difference is as high as the configured value. Therefore, the actual torque of axis 1 could also be 0.1 and the torque of axis 2 -0.4. Then the difference between those two axes would also be 0.5 and is correct as well.

10. Change the "tension between" to a negative value



Enter the negative value.

This also changes the actual torque of each axis in the other direction (to another sign).

2.5 Exercise 1.2: Torque relation

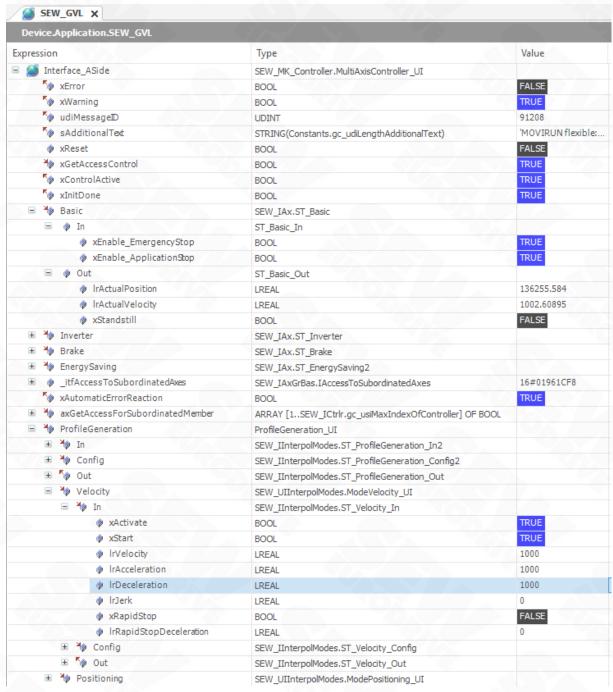


In this exercise, you'll get in contact with the functionality "torque relation" of the MultiAxisController. With this function, you're able to change the load distribution of the two axes. This is needed when using a trolley to give more torque to the front or rear wheel when accelerating/decelerating.

1. Optional step:

Set the torque between to 0 if you've made the exercise: Torque between above!

- 2. Enable axes per setting the enable signals in the user interface of the MultiAxisController like in the exercise "Torque between" shown.
- 3. Move the MultiAxisController per profile generation for example in the mode velocity.



4. Take a look at the same watch list like in the exercise above

Vatch 1			
xpression	Application	Туре	Value
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[1].IrTorque	Device.Application	LREAL	0.073
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAxis[2].IrTorque	Device.Application	LREAL	0.07

1 You will see that the torque of both axes is nearly the same.

0

In this example the torque can oscillate quite high because of the cogging and the small load.

5. Change the torque relation

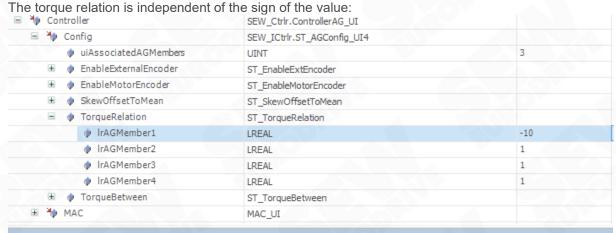
∃ 🍫 Controller	SEW_Ctrlr.ControllerAG_UI		
□ ★ Config	SEW_ICtrlr.ST_AGConfig_UI4		
uiAssociatedAGMembers	UINT	3	
	ST_EnableExtEncoder		
	ST_EnableMotorEncoder		
★ SkewOffsetToMean	ST_SkewOffsetToMean		
	ST_TorqueRelation		
	LREAL	1	10 1
	LREAL	1	
	LREAL	1	
	LREAL	1	
★ ProgueBetween	ST_TorqueBetween		
	MAC_UI		
W.			

1 Change the torque relation for example to 10 : 1

Application	Туре	Value
Device.Application	LREAL	0.106
Device.Application	LREAL	0.007
	Device.Application	Device.Application LREAL

Axis 1 generates 10 times more torque than axis 2

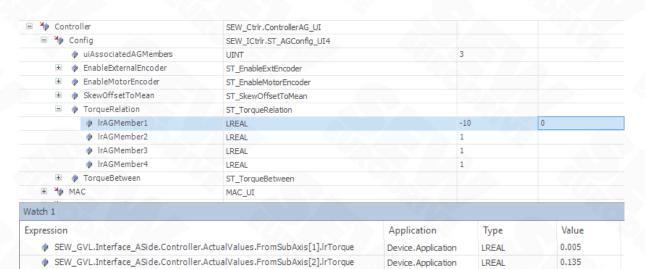
8



Watch 1				
Expression	Application	Туре	Value	
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubAside	xis[1].lrTorque Device.Application	LREAL	0.106	
SEW_GVL.Interface_ASide.Controller.ActualValues.FromSubA	xis[2].lrTorque Device.Application	LREAL	0.007	



It's possible to set one value to 0. In this example only axis 2 is responsible for the movement because the value of axis 1 is set to 0.



3 Exercise 2: Limit switch evaluation



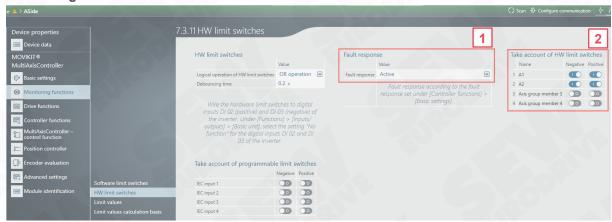
In this exercise you'll get in contact with the following functions:

- Error management of the IEC
- Behavior of the MultiAxisController when a limit switch is hit

3.1 Configuration

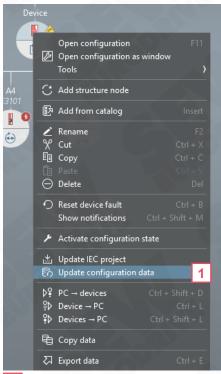


1. Configure the limit switches



- Configure the limit switches by setting the **fault response= active** in Monitoring functions > HW limit switches, otherwise the limit switches will only be used for referencing.
- Choose the **HW limit switches** of each axis in positive and negative direction.

2. Update configuration data

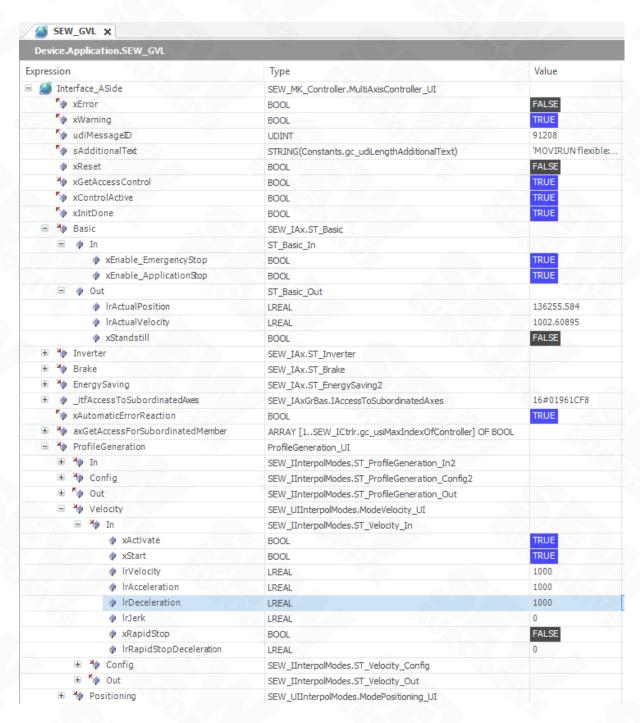


Right click on the controller to open the context menu and select **Update configuration data**.

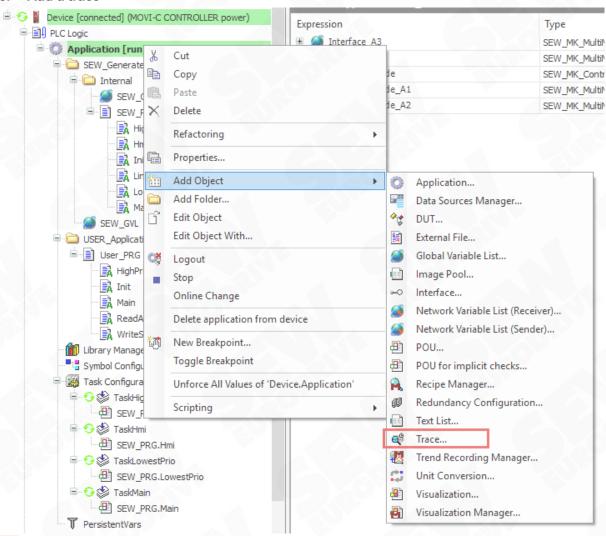
3.2 Exercise



- Set the digital input DI02 and DI03 of axis 1 and 2 and reset the error in the IEC of "Interface_ASide" if necessary.
- Move in mode velocity by setting the signals start, activate, velocity, acceleration and deceleration.

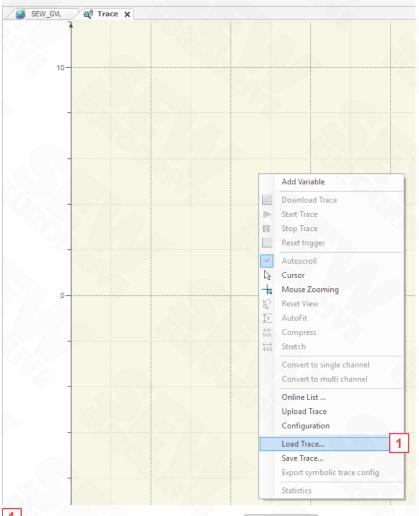


3. Add a trace



Right click on the application in your IEC project and choose Add Object > Trace.

4. Load trace example



Right click in your trace and choose Load Trace and select the file LimitSwitch.trace

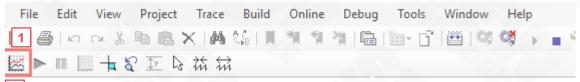


Link to the Trace-templates for download.



5. Start the trace



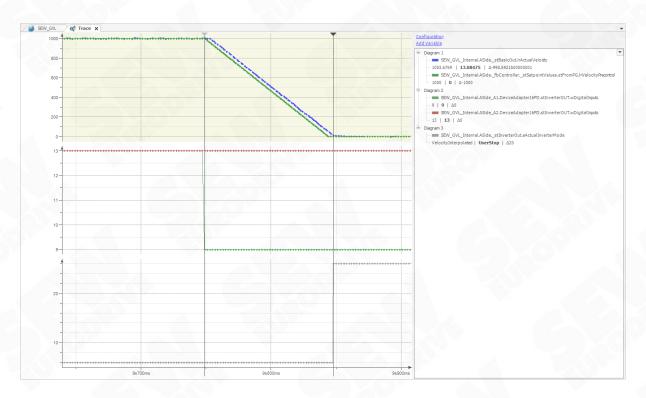


1 Start the trace per downloading it to the controller

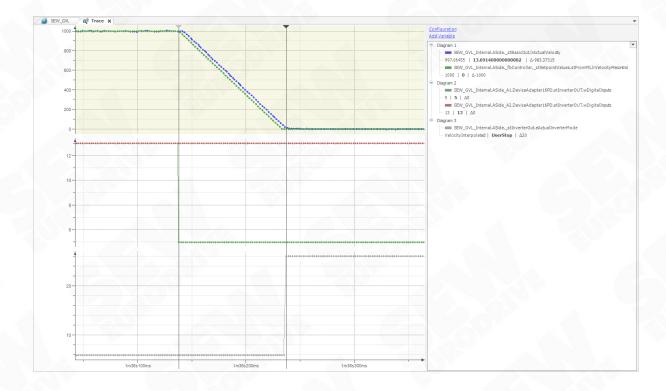
6. Simulate the hit of the positive limit switch by switching off the DI02 and take a look at the trace. When switching off the DI02 both axes ramp down in the inverter mode "velocity interpolated" with the emergency stop ramp. After that, both axes are set to FCB 26 (UserStop)



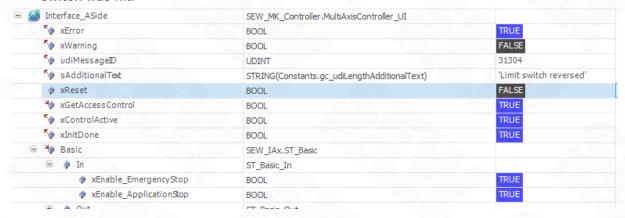
To ramp down in the inverter mode "velocity interpolated" offers the possibility to balance both axes. If you're using the inverter function for hardware limit switches this feature can't be used.



7. Reset the error of the "Interface_ASide" and start the Trace again. This time switch off the DI03 and have a look at the trace again. You'll see that it's the same behavior like before.



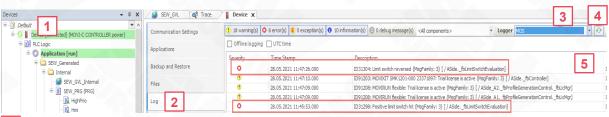
Look at the "Interface_ASide" and you'll see that we get an error "Limit switch reversed" because of the fact that we moved in positive direction and with DI03 the negative limit switch was hit.



3.3 Logging



The controller logs every error in the IEC.



- 1 To have a look in the log open the controller in the IEC editor.
- In this controller section is a submenu "Log".
- In their select as Logger "MOS" in the upper right corner.
- Left click nearby at the actualize button.
- Afterwards you will see every warning and error that occurred since the last power on of the controller. In our example the error "Limit switch reversed" and "Positive limit switch hit" is shown according to the exercises in the chapter 3.2.

4 Exercise 3: External encoder



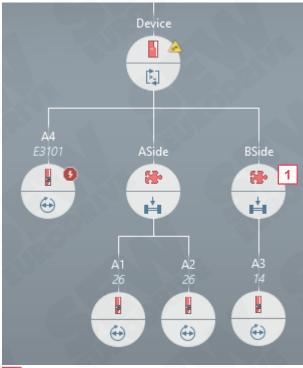
In this exercise you'll get in contact with the following functions:

Advantage of the combined encoder evaluation

4.1 Configuration



1. Insert a second software node



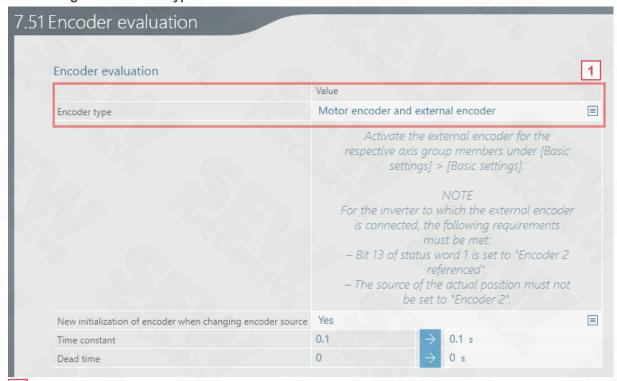
Insert a second software node with the software module MultiAxisController, like in the exercise 1 shown and put the third axis under this node. The project structure should look like this

2. Activate the function "Combined encoder evaluation".



Activate the function "Combined encoder evaluation" in the "BSide" of the parameter side "Basic settings" to be able to use the combination of motor encoder and external encoder.

3. Change the encoder type



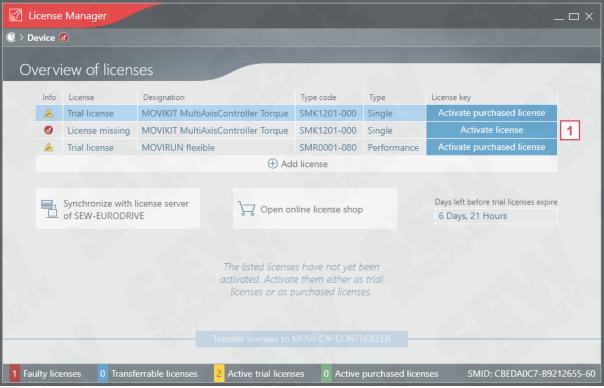
Set the encoder type to "Motor encoder and external encoder" on the parameter side "Encoder evaluation

4. Update the IEC project like in the exercise 1 shown.



If you've made the other exercises you have to log out in the IEC editor before updating the project.

5. Login and activate license

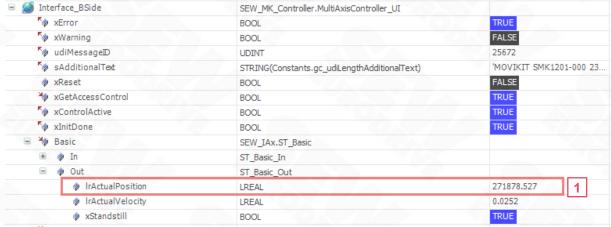


- Login and activate the second MultiAxisController license in the license manager of the MOVISUITE®.
- 6. If necessary, reset the error in the IEC Editor

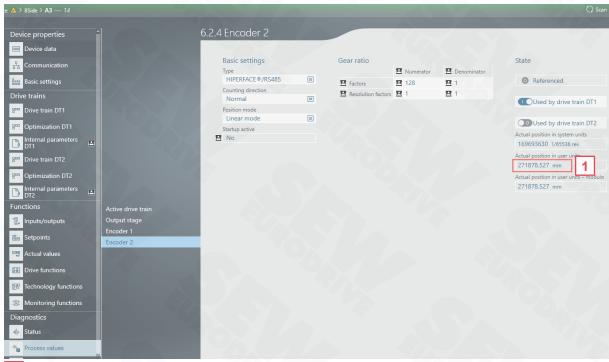
4.2 Exercise



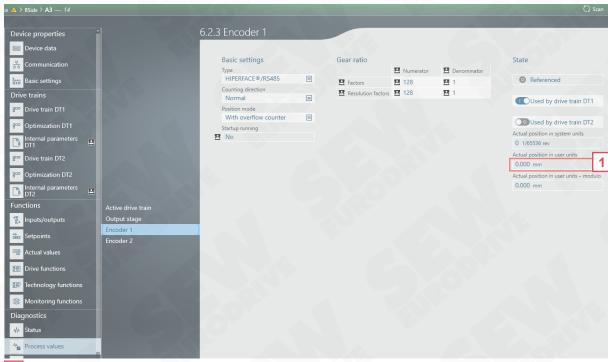
1. Compare the actual position of "Interface_BSide.Basic.Out" to evaluate, if the position is the same and you're really positioning on the external encoder. If encoder 1 shows the same position at encoder 2 then dismount the connection between axis 3 and 4 and move one motor by hand. Afterwards compare the three values again



1 Actual position of "Interface_BSide.Basic.Out"

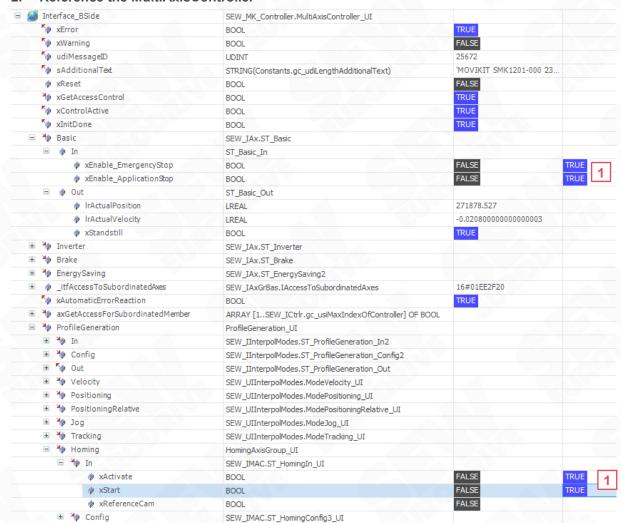


Compare the actual position of "Interface_BSide.Basic.Out" with MOVISUITE > process values > encoder 2



Also compare it to the position of MOVISUITE > process values > encoder 1.

2. Reference the MultiAxisController



Set the enable signals of the "BSide" and the **xActivate** and **xStart** of "ProfileGeneration.Homing".

3. Turn off the "xStart" and "xActivate" in the homing mode.

☐ ❤️ ProfileGeneration	ProfileGeneration_UI		
⊞ 🦥 In	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_In2		
⊞ 🤲 Config	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Config2		
⊞ 🍫 Out	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Out		
■ * Velocity	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeVelocity_UI		
★ Positioning	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModePositioning_UI		
	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModePositioningRelative_UI		
⊞ 🧤 Jog	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeJog_UI		
	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeTracking_UI		
⊟ 🧤 Homing	HomingAxisGroup_UI		
⊟ 🤲 In	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingIn_UI		
xActivate	BOOL	TRUE	FALSE
	BOOL	TRUE	FALSE
xReferenceCam	BOOL	FALSE	100
	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingConfig3_UI		
⊞ 🍫 Out	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingOut_UI		

4. Import the attached trace and start it.

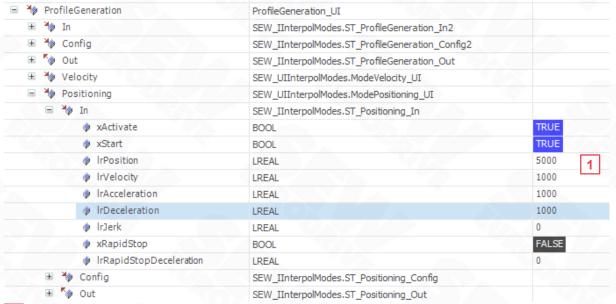
Right click in your trace, choose Load Trace and select the file ExternalEncoder.trace



Link to the Trace-templates for download.

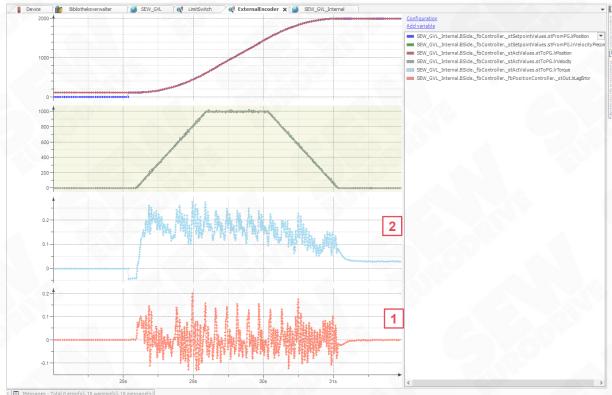


5. Start positioning to check that everything works fine.



1 In this example from 0 to 5000mm with 1000mm/s

6. Check Trace



- 1 Look at the trace and check if the lag error (forth diagram) is small (< 1mm).
- The actual torque (third diagram) isn't oscillating (>15% of mean value).

7. Change the encoder type

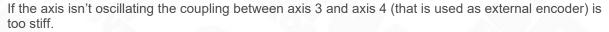


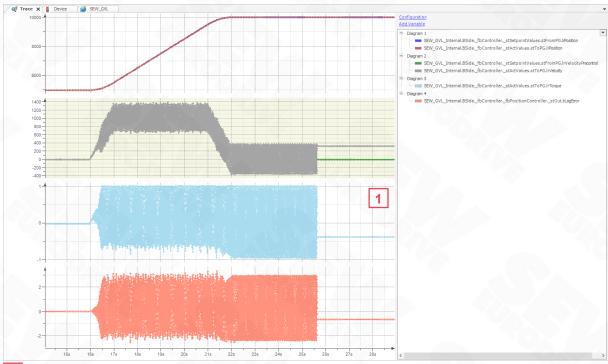
- Change the encoder type in encoder evaluation > config from MotorAndExternalEncoder to ExternalEncoder to see the advantage of the combined encoder evaluation.
- 8. Start the trace again.

9. Move to position 10.000

■ ProfileGeneration	ProfileGeneration_UI		
⊞ 🤲 In	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_In2		
	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Config2		
⊞ 🍫 Out	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Out		
★ Velocity	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeVelocity_UI		
□ 🎾 Positioning	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModePositioning_UI		
⊟ 🤲 In	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_Positioning_In		
xActivate	BOOL	TRUE	
xStart	BOOL	TRUE	
	LREAL	5000	10000
IrVelocity	LREAL	1000	
IrAcceleration	LREAL	1000	
IrDeceleration	LREAL	1000	
	LREAL	0	
xRapidStop	BOOL	FALSE	
	LREAL	0	
	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_Positioning_Config		
⊞ 🍫 Out	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_Positioning_Out		

10. Check Trace





Your belt/drive will oscillate because of the fact that the high p-gain value of the position controller can't be used with the external encoder alone.

5 Exercise 4: Skew priority

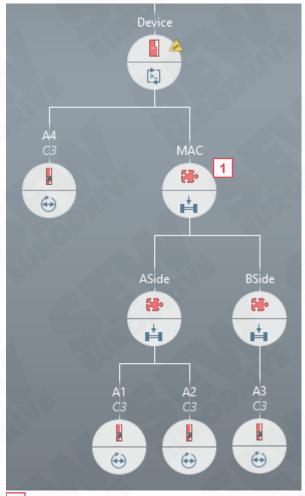


In this exercise you'll learn the following functions:

- Skew priority of the MultiAxisController
- Setting up a cascade of MultiAxisControllers.
- Misalign the motors with the skew offset

5.1 Configuration

1. Add a new SoftwareNode



Drag and Drop the "ASide" and "BSide" under this new SoftwareNode and insert the MultiAxisController (like in the exercises above).

2. Parameterize basic settings



The add-on Cascading has to be activated because of the fact that the MultiAxisController named "MAC" is above another MultiAxisController ("ASide", "BSide").

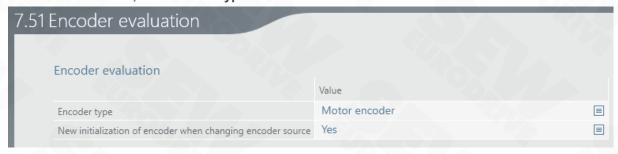


- Activate the **Skew priority of compensation=1**
- Disable the external encoders in "Take account of external encoders" ASide=0 BSide=0
- Activate the add-on "Cascading=1".
- 3. Change the priority in "MultiAxisController control function" from "Torque" as default mode to "Skew".



When choosing the Mode "Skew" it means implicit "with overload guard" independent of the fact that it isn't written like this.

4. In this exercise, the encoder type will be motor encoder like the "ASide".





It's also possible to choose "Motor encoder and external encoder" to position on the external encoder but then the external encoder ("BSide") has to be selected in "Basic settings" > "Take account of external encoders".

5. Update IEC project like in the exercises above.

6. Login, start the application and activate the skewing and add-on cascading license



5.2 Exercise 4.1: Alignment



In this exercise you'll learn the following functions:

- Modes when the alignment will start
- What is the alignment?
- 1. If necessary, reset the IEC error of missing licenses.
- 2. Before enabling the axes, import and start the trace.

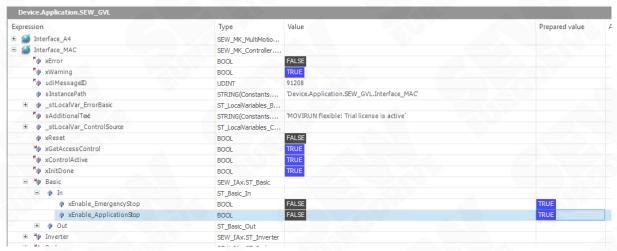
Right click in your trace, choose Load Trace and select the file Skewing.trace



Link to the Trace-templates for download.



3. Enable the axes

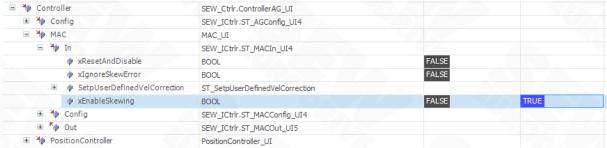


4. Take a look at the trace



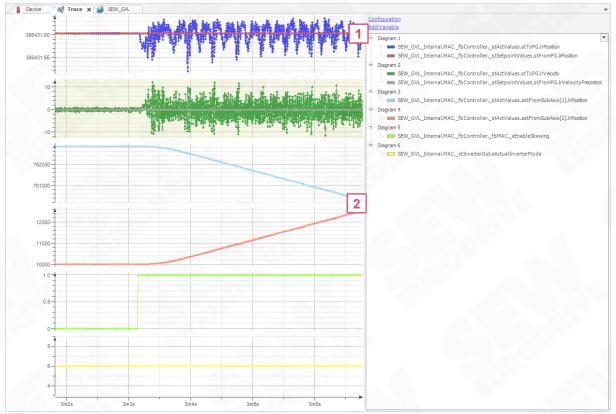
No movement appeared even though the positions of both axis groups are different (compare the third diagram with the forth). This is because of the fact that the alignment wasn't enabled so far.

5. Setting "xEnableSkewing" to TRUE and the axes will move together.



1 Setting **xEnableSkewing = TRUE** and the axes will move together.

6. Look at the trace

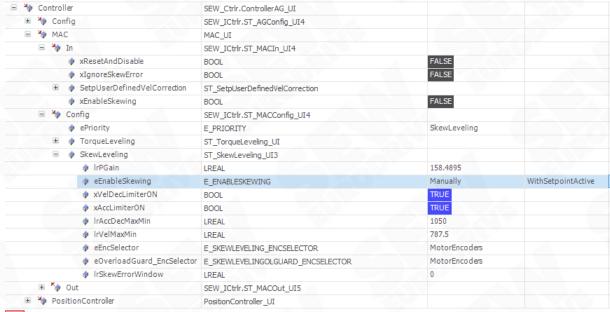


- The profile generation stand still (red curve in the first diagram), the actual position of the axis group doesn't change (blue curve in the first diagram)
- And only the two axes will be aligned (blue curve in the third diagram and the orange curve in the fourth diagram).

That's because the position between the two of them is different and the MultiAxisController in skewing mode corrects this situation.

7. Setting "xEnableSkewing" to FALSE will stop the drives of moving together.

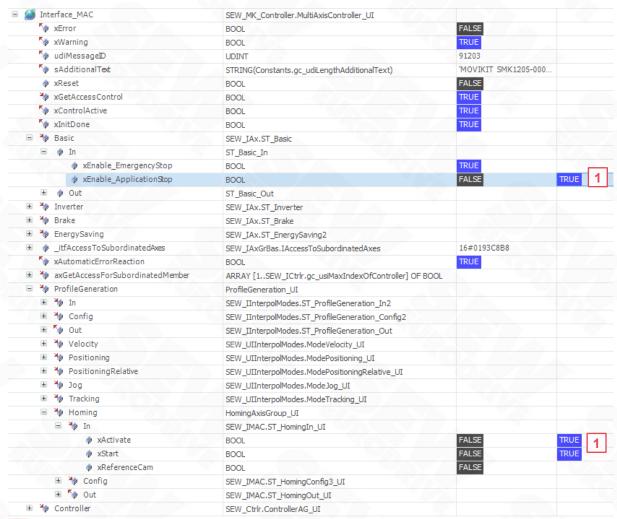
8. To make this align movement every time we're enabling the axes



Change the **eEnableSkewing** to **WithSetpointActive**

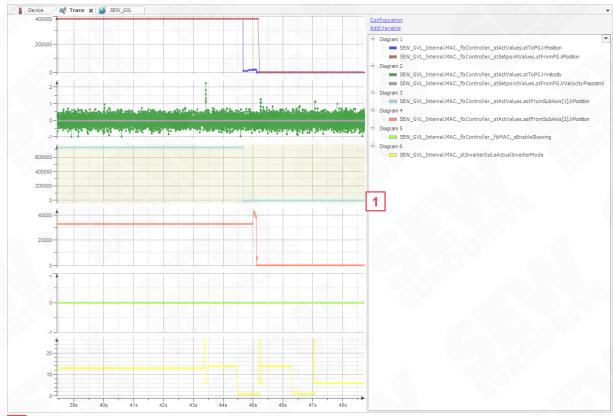
9. Stop moving

Now the only option to stop them moving is to disable the axes (set "xEnable_EmergencyStop"/"xEnable_ApplicationStop" to false) or to make a Homing.



1 Therefore, we are setting the enable and the activate/start of the Homing altogether.

10. Look at the trace



After the referencing both axes are aligned and no movement will occur. Actual position of axis group 1 (third diagram) and actual position of axis group 2 (forth diagram) stand still at position 0

5.3 Exercise 4.2: Skew offset

1. In the skewing priority, you have the option to misalign your drives.



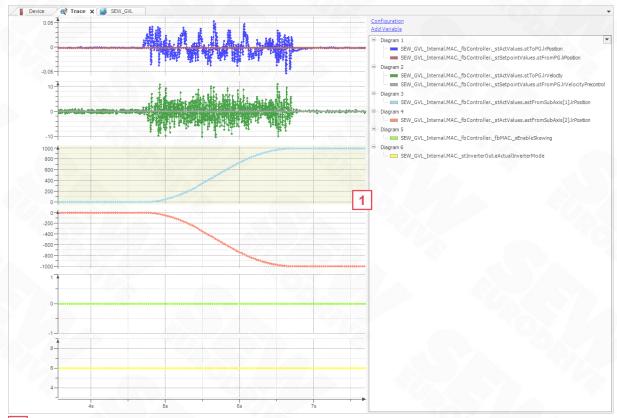
The skew offset has to be symmetric like in our example. If you're using four drives the skew offsets could look like this:

Axis 1	Axis 2	Axis 3	Axis 4	
-1000	1000	0	0	
-1000	1000	1000	-1000	
0	0	-500	500	



Therefore, you have to set a skew offset for the enabled drives. In our example, we're setting the offset to +1000 for the first axis group member and -1000 for the second one.

2. Look at the trace



The MultiAxisController will move the axis groups to +1000 and -1000.

6 Exercise 5: Homing with limit switches



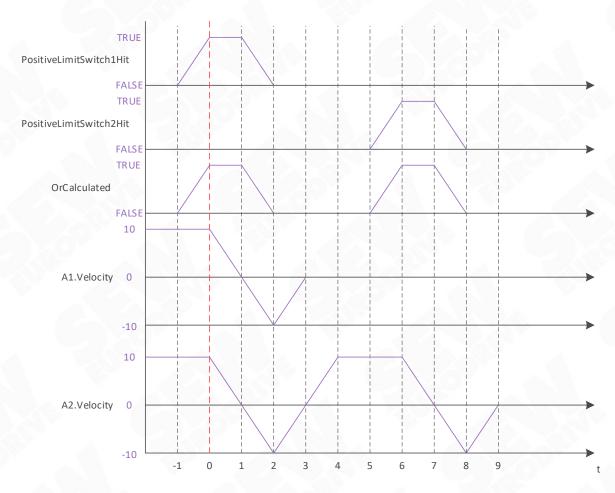
In this exercise you'll learn the following functions:

- Referencing with limit switches
- Readjustment function

6.1 Theory



The following time diagram shows the sequence of the homing process when using the readjustment function.



- t < -1: Both axes are searching there positive limit switch.
- t = -1: The positive limit switch of the first axis is hit
- t = 0: Both axes are starting to ramp down.
- t = 1: Both axes are moving in negative direction to clear the first limit switch.
- t = 2: The positive limit switch of the first axis isn't hit anymore and both axes are starting to ramp down.
- t = 3: Both axes stand still and the second axis is starting to accelerate because of the fact that her positive limit switch wasn't hit.
- t = 5: The positive limit switch of axis 2 is hit.
- t = 6: Axis 2 is starting to ramp down.
- t = 7: Axis 2 is moving in negative direction to clear the limit switch.
- t = 8: The positive limit switch of the second axis isn't hit anymore and the axis is starting to ramp down.
- t = 9: Both axes are standing at their reference position plus the position that occur because of the ramp down.

6.2 Configuration



To select the limit switches that are used for the reference travel the page "Monitoring functions" > "Hardware limit switches" is used.



1. Set HW Limit switches 'ASide'



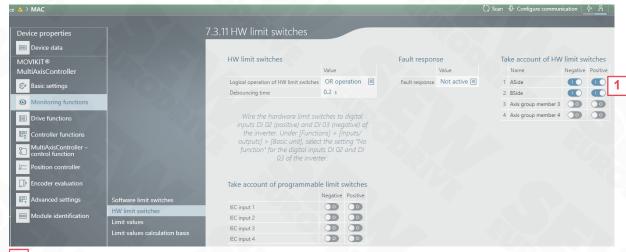
For the "ASide" use the same configuration like the one in exercise 3.

Set HW Limit switches 'BSide'



1 For the "BSide" activate the limit switches of axis 3.

3. Set HW Limit switches 'MAC'



For the "MAC" activate the hardware limit switches of the "ASide" and the "BSide"

4. Set Controller functions



- Set the reference travel type to limit switch negative
- Activate the **Readjustment**. The combobox should appear after setting the reference travel type

5. Update the configuration data

6.3 Exercise 5.1: Readjustment of "BSide"

1. Load and start the attached trace example.

Right click in your trace, choose Load Trace and select the file **Homing.trace**.



Link to the Trace-templates for download.





2. Enable the axes, activate and start the reference travel.

April 1		erface_MAC	SEW_MK_Controller.MultiAxisController_UI	
		xError	BOOL	FALSE
	×ø.	xWarning	BOOL	TRUE
	×ø.	udiMessageID	UDINT	91203
	×ø.	sAdditionalText	STRING(Constants.gc_udiLengthAdditionalText)	'MOVIKIT SMK1205
	•	xReset	BOOL	FALSE
	4	xGetAccessControl	BOOL	TRUE
	×ø.	xControlActive	BOOL	TRUE
	×ø.	xInitDone	BOOL	TRUE
	4	Basic	SEW_IAx.ST_Basic	
			ST_Basic_In	
		xEnable_EmergencyStop	BOOL	FALSE TRUE
		xEnable_ApplicationStop	BOOL	FALSE TRUE
	+	Out	ST_Basic_Out	A(0)X(1/2
±	4	Inverter	SEW_IAx.ST_Inverter	
+	40	Brake	SEW_IAx.ST_Brake	
±	4	EnergySaving	SEW_IAx.ST_EnergySaving2	
+		_itfAccessToSubordinatedAxes	SEW_IAxGrBas.IAccessToSubordinatedAxes	16#0193C8B8
	×ø.	xAutomaticErrorReaction	BOOL	TRUE
+	4	ax Get Access For Subordinated Member	ARRAY [1SEW_ICtrlr.gc_usiMaxIndexOfController] OF BOOL	
	4	ProfileGeneration	ProfileGeneration_UI	
	+	¥≱ In	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_In2	
	+	∜ Config	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Config2	
	+	Out	SEW_IInterpolModes.ST_ProfileGeneration_Out	
	+	¥ Velocity	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeVelocity_UI	
	+	* Positioning	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModePositioning_UI	
	+	PositioningRelative	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModePositioningRelative_UI	
	+	∜ Jog	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeJog_UI	
	+	* Tracking	SEW_UIInterpolModes.ModeTracking_UI	
		* Homing	HomingAxisGroup_UI	
		⊟ 🧤 In	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingIn_UI	
		xActivate	BOOL	FALSE TRUE
		xStart	BOOL	FALSE TRUE
		xReferenceCam	BOOL	FALSE
		⊞ 🎇 Config	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingConfig3_UI	
		⊞ 🍫 Out	SEW_IMAC.ST_HomingOut_UI	
+	4	Controller	SEW_Ctrlr.ControllerAG_UI	

3. Switch off the DI03 of axis 1 (limit switch negative) and wait a moment until you switch it back on. After that wait a few seconds, switch off the DI03 of axis 3, and wait a moment until you switch it back on.

4. Take a look at the trace



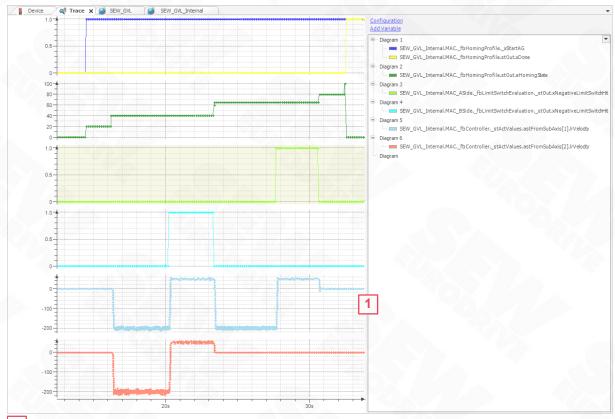
- The moment after starting the reference travel both axes are moving at same speed (fifth and sixth diagram)
- until the first limit switch was hit (third diagram). Then both axes are moving in positive direction to clear the limit switch.
- When the limit switch isn't hit anymore (third diagram) both axes stopped and the "BSide" starting its movement in negative direction (sixth diagram).
- 4 After the negative limit switch of axis 3 was hit (forth diagram) the axis is also moving in positive direction to clear its limit switch.
- When this limit switch isn't hit anymore both axes are standing still and a few steps later the reference travel is done (first and second diagram).

6.4 Exercise 5.2: Readjustment of "ASide"



- 1. Start the reference travel again
- Switching off and on the "xStart" of the Homing-structure.
- After that do the same procedure as above but this time start with DI03 of axis 3 instead of axis 1.
- Afterwards, choose the DI03 of axis 2 instead of axis 1 when the readjustment will be done.

2. Take a look at the trace



There you'll see the same process like before but this time the "ASide" starts its movement again to find its own limit switch (fifth diagram).

6.5 Exercise 5.3: Limit switch reversed



- 1. Start the reference travel again
- Switching off and on the "xStart" of the Homing-structure.
- After that switch off the positive limit switch (DI02) of any axis, you'd like.

2. All axes stop because of the error "Limit Switch reversed"

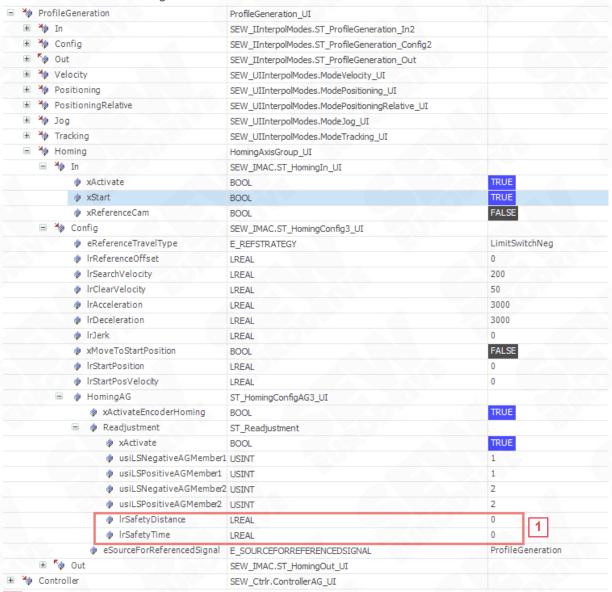
■ Marian Interface MAC MAC MAC MAC MAC MAC MAC MAC	SEW_MK_Controller.MultiAxisController_UI	
xError	BOOL	TRUE
xWarning	BOOL	FALSE
™ udiMessageID	UDINT	30865
SAdditionalText	STRING(Constants.gc_udiLengthAdditionalText)	'Homing: Limit switch reversed' 1
xReset	BOOL	FALSE
★ xGetAccessControl	BOOL	TRUE
xControlActive	BOOL	TRUE
xInitDone x	BOOL	TRUE

This error can be seen in the structure "Interface_MAC"

6.6 Exercise 5.4: Safety time



In this exercise we'll take a look at the situation that the limit switch that is used for readjustment is mounted falsely and won't be hit during the reference travel. This would lead to a misalignment of our mechanic and could damage it.

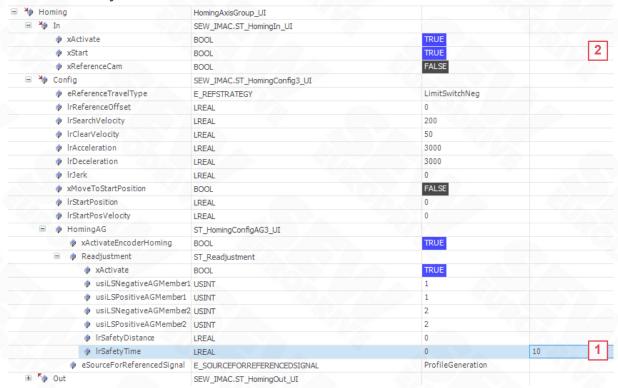


To prevent this situation the following two parameters in the homing structure can be set.

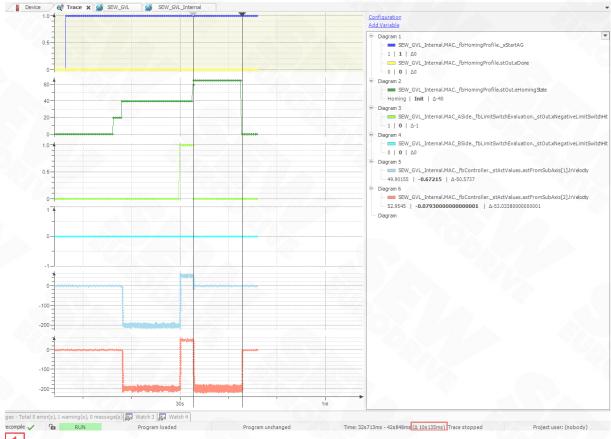
- Firstly the safety distance that regulates the distance that the axis can move after the first limit switch was reached.
- Secondly, the safety time that regulates how long the axis can move after the first limit switch
 was reached. Both parameters can also be combined. The limitation then results from the limit
 value (time/distance) that occurs first.



1. Set "IrSafetyTime"



- 1 Set the parameter **IrSafetyTime** to 10s.
- Start the reference travel by switching off and on the **xStart** of the Homing-structure.
- 2. When all axes are moving switch off DI03 of axis 2, wait a moment and switch it back on.
- 3. Wait until all axes stopped, have a look at the trace



Measure the time in which axis 3 is moving on its own. In the screenshot it's nearly the 10s that are configured. The derivation only occur because of the fact that it's complicated to set the cursors at the right spot.



Driving the world

Are you already familiar with our online learning opportunities? Scan the QR code or click it to find out more about our learning content..



Version 1.1

DRIVE ACADEMY®

SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co. KG Ernst-Blickle-Str. 42 D-76646 Bruchsal Tel. +49 (0)7251 75-3911

T_EN_C_210 www.sew-eurodrive.de