

Product Manual



Application Inverter

MOVIDRIVE® modular

Power Supply Module with Supply and Energy Recovery, Block-Shaped

Edition 08/2018 25859536/EN





Table of contents

1	Produ	uct description	5
	1.1	Devices at a glance	8
	1.2	MDR91A energy recovery module product overview	9
	1.3	Product overview accessories	10
2	Techi	nical data	11
	2.1	Markings	11
	2.2	General technical data	13
	2.3	Technical data	14
	2.4	Dimension drawing	16
	2.5	Technical data for XSE31A EtherCAT®-compatible system bus	17
	2.6	Technical data of braking resistors, filters and chokes	18
3	Proje	ct planning	25
	3.1	EMC-compliant installation according to EN 61800-3	
	3.2	Project planning for power supply module with supply and energy recovery	
	3.3	Project planning for axis modules and motors	26
	3.4	Line contactors and line fuses	27
	3.5	Projecting the power supply	28
	3.6	Projecting the cable cross sections	34
	3.7	Project planning for emergency braking resistor and braking resistor	34
	3.8	Selecting the 24 V supply	39
	3.9	Checklist for project planning	39
4	Gene	ral information	41
	4.1	About this documentation	41
	4.2	Structure of the safety notes	41
	4.3	Rights to claim under limited warranty	43
	4.4	Content of the documentation	43
	4.5	Other applicable documentation	43
	4.6	Product names and trademarks	43
	4.7	Copyright notice	43
5	Safet	y notes	44
	5.1	Preliminary information	
	5.2	Duties of the user	
	5.3	Target group	45
	5.4	Functional safety technology	
	5.5	Transport	
	5.6	Installation/assembly	
	5.7	Electrical installation	48
	5.8	Protective separation	48
	5.9	Startup/operation	49
6	Devic	e structure, axis system structure	50
	6.1	Connection variants	
	6.2	Nameplates	
	6.3	Type code	



Table of contents

	6.4	Device structure	52
	6.5	Use of cards	54
7	Instal	lation	5!
	7.1	Installation accessories	
	7.2	Permitted tightening torques	
	7.3	Mechanical installation	
	7.4	Covers	
	7.5	Control cabinet installation	
	7.6	Electrical installation	
	7.7	Installation of options	
	7.8	Line filter	
	7.9	Line choke	79
	7.10	EMC-compliant installation	80
	7.11	Terminal assignment	83
	7.12	Wiring diagrams	85
	7.13	Information regarding UL	89
8	Startu	ıp	91
-	8.1	General	
	8.2	Startup requirements	
	8.3	Adjusting the line voltage	
	8.4	Switch-on/off sequence of the supply and regenerative module	94
	8.5	Process data assignment of card XSE31A	98
9	Opera	ation	99
	9.1	General information	
	9.2	Operating modes	
	9.3	7-segment display	101
	9.4	Operating displays	
	9.5	Fault at power supply module with supply and energy recovery	103
	9.6	Responses to error acknowledgement	111
	9.7	Operating braking resistor and emergency braking resistor	111
10	Servi	Ce	112
	10.1	Inspection/maintenance	112
	10.2	Extended storage	112
	10.3	Procedure in case maintenance has been neglected	113
	10.4	Shutdown	113
	10.5	Waste disposal	113
	Index		114
11	Δddra	oss list	117

1 Product description

With its brand MOVI-C®, SEW-EURODRIVE is launching a new generation of drive and automation technology. MOVI-C® is the modular automation system that enables the highest level of system and machine automation.

MOVI-C® comprises drive technology, MotionControl, control technology and visualization.

MOVIDRIVE® modular is the modular application inverter for all types of applications, ranging from simple open-loop speed control to servo drives with kinematic model.

MOVIDRIVE® modular consists of:

- Supply and energy recovery modules.
- · Single-axis and double-axis modules.
- · Capacitor and buffer modules.
- 24 V switched-mode power supply module.
- Assembly module for integrating MOVI-C® CONTROLLER advanced into the axis system.
- Accessories for EMC-compliant installation.
- · Cards for connecting other I/Os or an additional encoder.
- · Cards for functional safety in functionally different versions.
- Accessories for connecting and controlling motors and brakes as well as assembled motor and encoder cables.

For use in harsh environments, the inverters can be supplied with painted PCBs. The coating of the printed circuit boards increases their resistivity against environmental influences.

MOVIDRIVE® modular can be supplemented by connecting MOVIDRIVE® system single-axis devices. These possess functionalities comparable to those of axis modules, but have their own line connection.

Especially in the upper power range up to 588 A/315 kW, MOVIDRIVE® system supplements the modular application inverter. For additional information, refer to the MOVIDRIVE® system product manual.

The key features of MOVIDRIVE® modular and MOVIDRIVE® system are:

- A maximum of 15 axis modules at a power supply module, a maximum of 30 drives for double-axis modules.
- · Control mode:
 - U/f: for simple applications with asynchronous motors.
 - VFC^{PLUS}: for precise control of asynchronous motors.
 - CFC: for asynchronous and synchronous servomotors.
 - ELSM®: for synchronous motors without encoders.
- Multi-encoder input in the basic device.
- Speed control, torque control, position control.
- Expansion slots for I/O, multi-encoder, functional safety.
- · Very compact device size, reduced space requirements in the control cabinet.

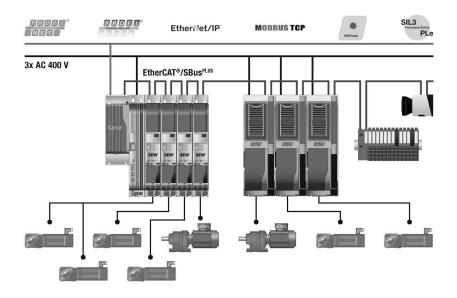
MOVIDRIVE® modular and system are intended for operation at the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER, the controller from SEW-EURODRIVE.



They offer a powerful clock-synchronous connection via the integrated EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS communication interface. Other EtherCAT® clients from SEW-EURODRIVE or other manufacturers can be controlled and diagnosed by the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER.

The MOVI-C® CONTROLLER offers the following functionalities:

- Freely programmable sequence control in accordance with IEC 6-1131-3 for automating drive and logic tasks.
- Central data storage for all MOVI-C[®] inverters from SEW-EURODRIVE at the EtherCAT[®]/SBus^{PLUS}.
- Plug-and-play device replacement through automatic data recovery.
- Central setpoint input for clock-synchronous drives and for auxiliary drives.
- Motion functions: Speed control, torque specification, position specification, phase-synchronous operation, cams, application modules, kinematic models.
- EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS master for SEW-EURODRIVE components and for third-party components.
- Fieldbus device connection to higher-level control systems.
- Diagnostics and visualization of the automation system.



9007220037553291

The new engineering software MOVISUITE® is the central module of the MOVI-C® modular automation system. MOVISUITE® allows for intuitive operation with modern operating concepts.

The central functions of MOVISUITE® are:

- · Network scan.
- Device startup and parameterization.
- · Data storage and data management.
- Scope and diagnostics.
- Programming environment for the MOVI-C[®] CONTROLLER.



1

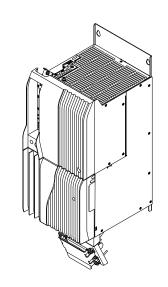
25859536/EN - 08/2018

- Programming environment for functional safety.
- Parameterization and diagnostics environment for application modules.

1.1 Devices at a glance

Power supply modules with supply and energy recovery

MDR91A..



Description: $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B} 9)$

Technical data: (→ 🖺 11)

Dimension drawings: $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B} \ 16)$

Performance classes: 50/75 kW

Voltage range: 3 × 380 – 480 V, 50 – 60 Hz

Nominal DC link voltage: DC 560 V

Overload capacity: 225% of nominal power for 1 s

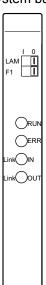
XSE31A EtherCAT®-compatible system bus

For further information on this device, refer to the following documents:

- "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters Power supply module with supply and energy recovery " operating instructions
- "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters Power supply module with supply and energy recovery " product manual
- "MOVIDRIVE® modular application inverter" operating instructions
- "MOVIDRIVE® modular application inverter" product manual

Cards

XSE31A EtherCAT®-compatible system bus



Description: $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B} \ 10)$

Technical data: (→ 🖺 17)

1.2 MDR91A energy recovery module product overview

Up to 15 axis modules, single-axis as well as double-axis modules, can be connected to a power supply module with supply and energy recovery. Regenerative energy is fed back into the power supply. If the power supply fails, regenerative energy can be discharged via a braking resistor.

Characteristics

- Performance classes: 50/75 kW.
- Universal use due to a wide voltage range for line connection: 3 × AC 380 480 V, 50 – 60 Hz
- Suited for TN/TT voltage supply systems.
- · Communication to the axis modules via the module bus.
- High overload capacity of the nominal power of 225% for 1 s.

Device data

Nominal grid voltage	3 × AC 380 – 480 V
According to EN 50160	
Line frequency	50 – 60 Hz ±5%
Nominal DC link voltage	DC 560 V

Type designation	Nominal power	Nominal DC link current	Maximum DC link current	Nominal line current	Size	Technical data
	kW	Α	Α	Α		
MDR91A-0500-503-4-000	50	94	235	80	4	(. 🖺 11)
MDR91A-0750-503-4-000	75	141	353	121	4	(→ 🖺 11)

Product description

Product overview accessories

1.3 Product overview accessories

1.3.1 XSE31A EtherCAT®-compatible system bus

The XSE31A system bus card is a slave module for connection to EtherCAT® networks. With the XSE31A system bus card, the energy recovery module can communicate with all EtherCAT® master systems.

All standards of ETG (EtherCAT® Technology Group) such as, e.g., for wiring, are supported. This means the cables must be wired at the front by the customer.

2 Technical data

2.1 Markings

2.1.1 Basic device

The MOVIDRIVE® modular application inverter complies with the following regulations and guidelines:

Marking	Meaning
	The CE marking states the compliance with the following European guidelines:
	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
CE	EMC Directive 2014/30/EU
	Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
	Directive 2011/65/EU for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment
EHC	The EAC marking states compliance with the requirements of the technical regulations of the Customs Union of Russia, Kazakhstan, and Belarus.
	The RCM marking sates compliance with the technical regulations of the Australian Communications and Media Authority ACMA.
50	The China RoHS marking states compliance with directive SJ/T 11364-2014 for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment.
C UL US	The UL and cUL marking state the UL approval. cUL is equivalent to CSA approval.

2.1.2 Accessories

Braking resistors BW..

Marking	Definition
	The CE marking states the compliance with the following European guidelines:
CE	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
	 Directive 2011/65/EU for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment
250	The China RoHS marking states compliance with directive SJ/T 11364-2014 for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment.
c SU °us	The cUR marking states the UL approval for this component.

NF.. line filter

Marking	Definition
-	Directive 2011/65/EU for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment
©	The China RoHS marking states compliance with directive SJ/T 11364-2014 for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment.
c FL ° us	The cUR marking states the UL approval for this component.

ND.. line choke

Marking	Definition
	The CE marking states the compliance with the following European guidelines:
	Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
	Directive 2011/65/EU for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment
©	The China RoHS marking states compliance with directive SJ/T 11364-2014 for limiting the use of hazardous substances in electric and electronic equipment.
c Al °us	The cUR marking states the UL approval for this component.

2.2 General technical data

The following table lists the technical data for the power supply modules with supply and energy recovery independently of

- Design
- Size
- Power

MOVIDRIVE® modular				
Interference immunity	Meets EN 61800-3; 2. Environment			
Interference emission	Limit value category C2 to EN 61800-3			
Ambient temperature ϑ_{amb}	0 °C to +45 °C without derating			
Type of cooling	Increased air cooling due to an installed, temperature-controlled fan.			

Environmental conditions				
Climatic requirements	 Extended storage: EN 60721-3-1 class 1K2 temperature -25 °C to +70 °C Transportation: EN 60721-3-2 class 2K3 temperature -25 °C to +70 °C Operation (fixed installation, weatherproof): EN 60721-3-3 class 3K3 temperature 0 °C to +45 °C 			
Chemically active substances	 Extended storage: EN 60721-3-1 class 1C2 Transportation: EN 60721-3-2 class 2C2 Operation (fixed installation, weatherproof): EN 60721-3-3 class 3C2 			
Mechanically active substances	 Extended storage: EN 60721-3-1 class 1S1 Transportation: EN 60721-3-1 class 2S1 Operation (fixed installation, weatherproof): EN 60721-3-3 class 3S1 			
Vibration testing	 VDE 160 according to EN 61800-5-1 			

egree of protection according to EN 60529				
Power supply modules with supply and energy recovery MDR91A-0500/0750	IP20			
Pollution class	2 according to IEC 60664-1			
Overvoltage category	III according to IEC 60664-1			
Installation altitude	 Up to h ≤ 1000 m without restrictions. The following restrictions apply to heights > 1000 m: From 1000 m to max. 3800 m: I_N reduction by 1% per 100 m From 2000 m to max. 3800 m: To maintain protective separation and the air gaps and to comply with creepage distances according to EN 61800-5-1, an overvoltage protection device must be connected upstream to reduce the overvoltages from category III to category II. 			



2.3 Technical data

2.3.1 Performance data

Size	MOVIDRIVE® modular	Unit	MDR91A	503-4
Nominal power P _N kW 50 75	Туре		0500	0750
Input Nominal line voltage (to EN 50160) AC V Nominal line current AC Nominal power in test/emergency mode – motor mode MW S0 75	Size		4	ļ
Input Nominal line voltage (to EN 50160) AC V _{Ire} V	Nominal power P _N	kW	50	75
Nominal line current AC line				
Nominal line current AC line	Nominal line voltage (to EN 50160) AC V _{line}	V	3 × 380	– 480 V
Line frequency f _{Inco} Hz		Α	80	121
Connection contacts X1_A		Hz	50 – 60	Hz ±5%
Connection contacts X1_A	Nominal power in test/emergency mode – motor mode	kW	50	75
Nominal line voltage (to EN 50160) AC V Ince V	Connection contacts X1_A			
Nominal line current AC I _{Imp}	Auxiliary supply connection X1_B			
Hz S0 - 60 Hz ±5%	Nominal line voltage (to EN 50160) AC V _{line}	V	1 × 380	– 480 V
Plug connector	Nominal line current AC I _{line}	Α	1:	2
Collection Collection Collection Collection Max. 2.5 mm² Output (DC link) Nominal DC link voltage U _{NDCL} V DC 560 Nominal DC link current DC I _{NDCL} A 94 141 Max. DC link current DC I _{NDCL} A 235 353 Overload capacity 225% × P _N : 1 s for cycle duration 10 s¹) Connection for UZ-/UZ+ CU busbars PE connection 1 × screw M6 × 16 Brake chopper and braking resistor Minimum braking resistance value R _{RRmin} Ω Minimum braking resistance value R _{RRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minut	Line frequency f _{line}	Hz	50 – 60	Hz ±5%
Nominal DC link voltage U_NDCL	Connection contacts X1_B			
Nominal DC link current DC I _{NOCL} A 94 141 Max. DC link current DC I _{DCL, max} A 235 353 Overload capacity 225% × P _N : 1 s for cycle duration 10 s ¹⁾ Connection for UZ-/UZ+ CU busbars PE connection 1 × screw M6 × 16 PE connection 1 × screw M6 × 16 Brake chopper and braking resistor Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute Minimum switch-off time for power off s 10 10 Mass kg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height mm 621	Output (DC link)			
Max. DC link current DC I _{DCL max} A 235 353 Overload capacity 225% × P _N : 1 s for cycle duration 10 s ¹⁾ Connection for UZ-/UZ+ CU busbars PE connection 1 × screw M6 × 16 Brake chopper and braking resistor 1 × screw M6 × 16 Minimum braking resistance value R _{Brmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min¹¹ < 1	Nominal DC link voltage U _{NDCL}	V	DC	560
Overload capacity 225% × P _N : 1 s for cycle duration 10 s¹¹ Connection for UZ-/UZ+ CU busbars PE connection 1 × screw, M6 × 16 Brake chopper and braking resistor 3.5 Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² - General W 45 Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min¹¹ < 1	Nominal DC link current DC I _{NDCL}	Α	94	141
	Max. DC link current DC I _{DCL max}	Α	235	353
Connection for UZ-/UZ+ PE connection 1 × screw M6 × 16 Brake chopper and braking resistor 3.5 Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min¹¹ < 1	Overload capacity		225% × P _N : 1 s for cycle duration 10 s ¹⁾	
2 screw, M6 × 16	Commontion for LLZ //LZ		CU bu	sbars
Brake chopper and braking resistor Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{err} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min⁻¹ < 1	Connection for 02-702+		2 screw,	M6 × 16
Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin} Ω 3.5 Brake chopper power kW 250% × P _N Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW 25% × P _N P _{err} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min¹ < 1	PE connection		1 × screw	M6 × 16
Brake chopper power	Brake chopper and braking resistor			
Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation kW $25\% \times P_N$ P_{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P_{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute \sin^{-1} < 1	Minimum braking resistance value R _{BRmin}	Ω	3.	5
P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW - - Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min¹ < 1	Brake chopper power	kW	250%	× P _N
P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance kW Screw M6 × 16 Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute Minimum switch-off time for power off s 10 10 Mass kg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height =	Mean dischargeable power in regenerative operation	kW	25%	× P _N
Connection contacts X3 Screw M6 × 16 Max. 35 mm² General Nominal power loss 24 V Nominal power loss power section Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute Minimum switch-off time for power off S 10 10 Mass Rg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height	P _{eff} of the integrated braking resistance	kW	-	-
Max. 35 mm²	P _{max} of the integrated braking resistance	kW	-	-
Nominal power loss 24 V W 45 Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min ⁻¹ < 1	Connection contacts X3			
Nominal power loss power section W 300 400 Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute min ⁻¹ < 1	General			
Permitted number of times power may be switched on/ off per minute Minimum switch-off time for power off s 10 10 Mass kg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height mm 621	Nominal power loss 24 V	W	4	5
off per minute Minimum switch-off time for power off s 10 10 Mass kg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height mm 621	Nominal power loss power section	W	300	400
Mass kg 21 21 Dimensions Width mm 210 Height mm 621		min ⁻¹	<1	
Dimensions Width mm 210 Height mm 621	Minimum switch-off time for power off	S	10	10
Width mm 210 Height mm 621	Mass	kg	21	21
Height mm 621	Dimensions			
 	Width	mm	21	0
Depth mm 263	Height	mm	621	
200	Depth	mm	26	33

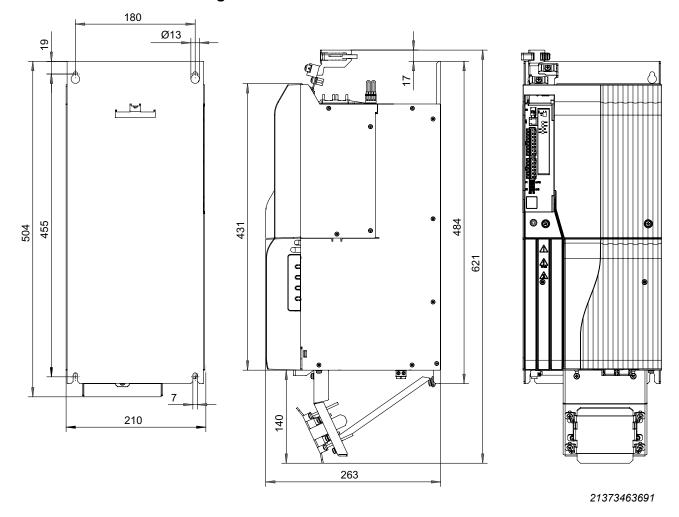
¹⁾ Depending on the line voltage and the relative short-circuit voltage at the connection of the energy recovery module. The connection is the input of the NF line filter.



2.3.2 Electronics data – signal terminals

MDR91A503-4	Terminal	General electronics data
DC 24 V voltage supply	X5	DC 24 V -10%, +20% according to IEC 61131
Cross-section and contacts	X5	Copper busbars, 2 × M4 × 10 screw
	X7.1	DC 24 V auxiliary voltage output to supply X7:2
Evaluation of temperature sensor at braking resistor	X7.2	Sensor input for temperature monitoring of the braking resistor. • Signal contact closed: No overtemperature. • Signal contact open: Overtemperature. Connect isolated signal contacts only.
	X7.3/4	DCOM/GND
Port		Plug connector - 1 core: 0.25 – 0.5 mm ²

2.4 Dimension drawing



2.5 Technical data for XSE31A EtherCAT®-compatible system bus

XSE31A	
Standards	IEC 61158, IEC 61784-2
Baud rate	100 MBaud full duplex
Connection technology	2 × RJ45 (8 × 8 modular jack)
Bus termination	Not integrated, as bus termination is activated automatically
OSI layer	Ethernet II
Station address	Setting via EtherCAT® master

2.6 Technical data of braking resistors, filters and chokes

2.6.1 Braking resistors type BW.../BW...-T

General

The BW... / BW...-T braking resistors are adapted to the technical characteristics of the application inverter.

Braking resistors with different continuous and peak braking powers are available.

The braking resistors can be protected against overload and overtemperature by the customer when a thermal overload relay is used. The tripping current is set to the value I_{F_1} see for this the following "tables" ($\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 19).

The braking resistors of the series BW...-T are equipped with an integrated temperature switch that monitors the temperature. If the nominal operating temperature is exceeded, the temperature switch triggers a signal contact. The temperature switch does not switch off the braking resistor. This is why the temperature switch must be evaluated to avoid thermal overload of the braking resistor.

INFORMATION



Use of protection devices

Use only the protection devices listed in the following section:

- · Internal temperature switch -T
- External bimetallic relay
- → See also chapter Protection against thermal overload of the braking resistor.

UL and cUL approval

The listed braking resistors have cRUus approvals independent of the application inverter.

Technical data and assignment to an inverter

Technical data

Braking resistor	Unit	BW047-002 ¹⁾	BW047-010-T	BW027-016-T	BW027-024-T	
Part number		08281661	17983207	17983215	17983231	
Nominal power P _N	kW	0.2	1	1.6	2.4	
Resistance value R _{BW}	Ω	47 ±10%	47 ±10%	27 ±	10%	
Tripping current I _{trip}	А	1.6	4.6	7.7	9.4	
Design		Flat-type resistor	Wire resistor			
Power connections		-	0.75 – 10 mm ²			
Tightening torque	Nm	-		1.5 – 1.8		
PE connection		-		M6 stud		
Tightening torque PE	Nm	-		1.8		
Degree of protection		IP65	IP20			
Ambient temperature ϑ _{amb}			-20 °C to +40 °C			
Mass	kg	0.6	4 5.8		8	

¹⁾ In the documented assignment of inverter and flat-type resistor, flat-type resistors have a thermal protection (non-replaceable fuse) that interrupts the current circuit in the event of overload.

Assignment to an inverter

Braking resistor	Unit	BW047-002 BW047-010-T		BW027-016-T	BW027-024-T			
Assignment to MDP90A		0100 – 1100						
Assignment to MDR91A		0500/0750						

Technical data

Braking resistor	Unit	BW012-016	BW012-024	BW012-050-T		
Part number		18213243	17983894	18201407		
Nominal power P _N	kW	1.6	2.4	5		
Resistance value R _{BW}	Ω		12 ± 10%			
Tripping current I _{trip}	A	11.5	14.1	20.4		
Design		Wire	Grid resistor			
Power connections		0.75 –	M8 stud			
Tightening torque	Nm	1.5	- 1.8	6		
PE connection		M6	Sstud	M6 stud		
Tightening torque PE	Nm		1.8	3		
Degree of protection		IP20				
Ambient temperature ϑ_{amb}		-20 °C to +40 °C				
Mass	kg	5.8	8	12		

Assignment to an inverter

Braking resistor	Unit	BW012-016 BW012-024 BW012-050-T						
Assignment to MDP90A		0250 – 1100						
Assignment to MDR91A			0500/0750					

Technical data

Braking resistor	Unit	BW106-T	BW206-T	BW005-070	BW004-050-01	BW002-070	BW003-420-T
Part number		18200834	18204120	17983282	18200133	17983304	13302345
Nominal power P _N	kW	13.5	18	7	5	7	42
Resistance value R _{BW}	Ω	6 ± 10%		4.7 ± 10%	3.6 ± 10%	2.3 ± 10%	2.5 ± 10%
Tripping current I _{trip}	Α	47.4	54.7	38.6	37.3	55.2	135.1
Design				Grid	d resistor		
Power connections			M	18 stud		M8 stud	M12 stud
Tightening torque	Nm			6		6	15.5
PE connection			M	16 stud	·	M6 stud	M10 stud
Tightening torque PE	Nm			3		3	10



Braking resistor	Unit	BW106-T	BW206-T	BW005-070	BW004-050-01	BW002-070	BW003-420-T	
Degree of protection		IP20						
Ambient temperature ϑ_{amb}			-20 °C to +40 °C					
Mass	kg	30	40	13	12	33	93	

Assignment to an inverter

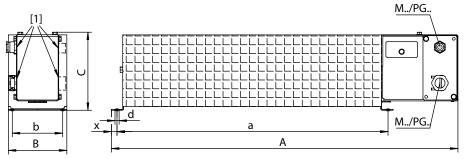
Braking resistor	Unit	BW106-T	BW206-T	BW005-070	BW004-050-01	BW003-420-T	BW002-070
Assignment to MDP90A		0500 – 1100			0750 – 1100	11	00
Assignment to MDR91A			0500/0750		0750	-	-

Technical data BW..-T signal contact

Specifications for BWT signal contact	Design
Connection contacts	0.75 – 2.5 mm ²
Tightening torque	0.6 Nm
Switching capacity	DC 2 A / DC 24 V (DC11) AC 2 A / AC 230 V (AC11)
Switch contact (NC contact)	According to EN 61800-5-1

Dimension drawings and dimensions

Wire resistor

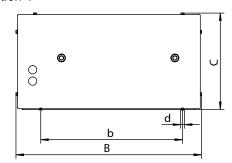


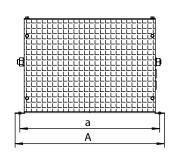
18874863883

[1] Cable entry is possible from both sides.

Braking resistor	Main	Main dimensions in mm			Mounting dimensions in mm			
	Α	В	С	а	b	d	х	
BW47-010-T	749	92	125	630	80	6.5	8	M25+M12
BW027-016-T	649	185	125	530	150	6.5	8	M25+M12
BW027-024-T	649	275	125	530	240	6.5	8	M25+M12
BW012-016	649	185	120	530	150	6.5	8	M25
BW012-024	649	275	125	530	240	6.5	9	M25

Grid resistor mounting position 1

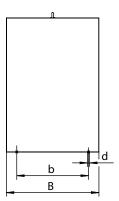


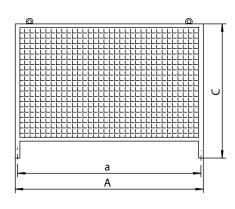


18874868747

Braking resistor	Main o	dimensions	in mm		Mounting d	Cable gland		
	Α	В	С	а	b	d	х	
BW012-050-T	395	490	260	370	380	10.5	-	-
BW106-T	795	490	270	770	380	10.5	-	-
BW206-T	995	490	270	970	380	10.5	-	-
BW005-070	395	490	260	370	380	10.5	-	-
BW004-050-01	395	490	260	370	380	10.5	-	-
BW002-070	395	490	260	370	380	10.5	-	-

Grid resistor mounting position 2



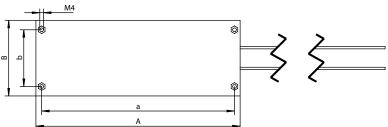


18874876043

Braking resistor	Main	dimensions	in mm		Cable gland			
	Α	В	С	а	b	d	x	
BW003-420-T	995	490	710	970	380	10.5	-	-

Flat type resistor





18874878475

Braking resistor	Main	dimensions	in mm		Mounting d	Cable gland		
	Α	В	С	а	b	d	х	
BW047-002	110	80	15	98	60	-	-	_

25859536/EN - 08/2018

2.6.2 Line filter

Line filters are used to suppress interference emission on the line side of inverters.

UL and cUL approval

The listed line filters have cRUus approvals independent of the application inverter.

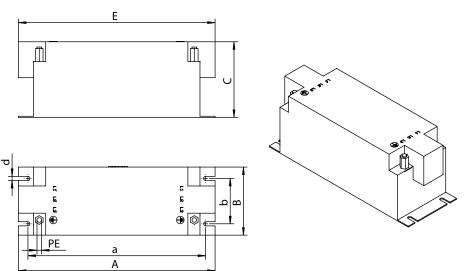
Technical data

Line filter	NF0420-513	NF0420-523					
Part number	17983789	17983797					
Nominal line voltage V _N	Maximum 3 × AC	500 V, 50/60 Hz					
Nominal current I _N	42	? A					
Nominal power loss	30 W	37 W					
Ambient temperature ϑ_{amb}	0 °C to 45 °C						
Terminal contacts L1/L2/L3 - L1'/L2'/L3'	2.5 – 16 mm ²						
Tightening torque L1/L2/L3 - L1'/L2'/L3'	2 – 4 Nm	2 – 2.3 Nm					
PE terminal contact	N	16					
Tightening torque PE	16	Nm					
Degree of protection	IP20 according to EN 60529						
Weight	3 kg	4.5 kg					

Line filter	NF0910-523	NF1800-523					
Part number	17987504	17987865					
Nominal line voltage V _N	Maximum 3 × A0	C 500 V, 50/60 Hz					
Nominal current I _N	91 A	180 A					
Nominal power loss	51.5 W	89 W					
Ambient temperature $\vartheta_{\mbox{\tiny amb}}$	0 °C to 45 °C						
Terminal contacts L1/L2/L3 - L1'/L2'/L3'	25 – 50 mm²	16 – 120 mm²					
Tightening torque L1/L2/L3 - L1'/L2'/L3'	6 – 8 Nm	12 – 20 Nm					
PE terminal contact	M8	M10					
Tightening torque PE	12 Nm	23 Nm					
Degree of protection	IP20 accordin	g to EN 60529					
Weight	5 kg	9 kg					

Assignment to an inverter

Line filter	NF0420-513	NF0420-523
Assignment to MDP90A	0100,	0250
Line filter	NF0910-523	NF1800-523
Assignment to MDP90A	0500	0750, 1100
Assignment to MDR91A	0500	0750



9007218145873675

Line filter		Main dimen	sions in mm		Mounting dimensions in mm					
	Α	В	С	E	а	b	d	PE		
NF0420-513	250	88	97	255	235	60	5.5	M6		
NF0420-523	330	83	187	340	314	55	6.5	M6		
NF0910-523	270	100	152	320	255	65	6.5	M8		
NF1800-523	380	132	185	465	365	102	6.5	M10		

2.6.3 Line choke

- To support overvoltage protection.
- · To smoothen the line current, to reduce harmonics.
- For protection in the event of distorted line voltage.
- For limiting the inrush current.

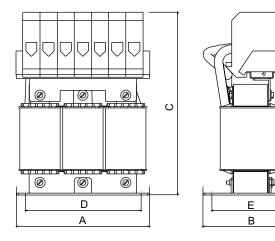
UL and cUL approval

The listed line chokes have cRUus approvals independent of the application inverter.

Technical data

		Unit	Line o	choke
			ND085-0053 (50 kW)	ND150-0033 (75 kW)
			17970679	17972396
Nominal line voltage V _{line} (to EN 50160)		V_{AC}	3 × 380 V – 3 ×	500 V 50/60 Hz
Nominal current I _N		Α	85	150
Power loss at 50% / 1009	%	W	20/40	50 / 100
Ambient temperature		°C	-25 °C to) +45 °C
Inductance		μH	50	30
Degree of protection acc	ording to EN 60529	_	IP	00
Mass		kg	6.0	15
Max. connection cross-se	ection	mm²	50	50
Dimensions	Α	mm	160	250
	В	mm	125	110
	С	mm	216	282
Fastening dimensions	D	mm	135	180
	E	mm	95	98

Dimension drawing



5303730955



3 Project planning

3.1 EMC-compliant installation according to EN 61800-3

The application inverter is designed for use as a component for installation in machinery and systems. The components comply with the EMC product standard EN 61800-3 "Variable-speed electrical drives".

In the event of compliance with the instructions for EMC-compliant installation, the corresponding prerequisites for CE marking for the entire machine/system in which they are installed are thus satisfied on the basis of EMC Directive 2014/30/EU.

All the information on the topic of "EMC-compliant installation" applies to the entire axis system. Observe also the information in the operating instructions of the application inverter.

3.1.1 Interference immunity

With regard to interference immunity, the application inverter meets all the requirements stipulated in EN 61000-6-2 and EN 61800-3.

3.1.2 Interference emission

Higher levels of interference than in residential environments are permitted in industrial environments. In such an environment, it may be possible to dispense with the measures described below, depending on the situation of the supply system and the machine configuration.

Interference emission category

Compliance with category "C2" according to EN 61800-3 (see also chapter "Technical data" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 11)) has been tested on a specified test setup. SEW-EURODRIVE can provide detailed information on request.

A CAUTION



This product may cause high-frequency interferences in residential areas which may then require measures for interference suppression.

3.2 Project planning for power supply module with supply and energy recovery

The size of a power supply module with supply and energy recovery is defined by the following factors:

- The overload capacity that must be planned, taking into account the line voltage
 V_{line} and the relative short-circuit voltage u_K of the power supply.
- Total effective power of all axis modules: P_{rms} < P_N, motoring and regenerative.
- Continuous power toward the braking resistor: The continuous power must not exceed 25% of the nominal power of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.
- The maximum permissible axis size is the 140 A axis.
- The total sum rule: The total sum of all nominal currents of the axis modules must not exceed three times the nominal DC link current of the power supply module.

The rated power of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery refers to the effective power; that is, the magnetizing currents of the motors need not be taken into account in this case.

INFORMATION



Important: The total power (DC link power) is the result of the overlapping cycles of the individual connected axis modules.

Changing the assignment of cycles with respect to time significantly affects the motor and regenerative load of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery. It is necessary to take a worst-case scenario into account.

Due to the complexity, the calculation can only be made using software. The software is a tool of the SEW Workbench.

3.3 Project planning for axis modules and motors

The project planning of the axis modules is carried out with SEW-Workbench.

For project planning notes for the axis modules, refer to the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" product manual.

For project planning notes for the motors, refer to the "Synchronous Servomotors" and "AC Motors" catalogs.

Line contactors and line fuses

3.4.1 Line contactor

- Only use contactors in utilization category AC-3 (IEC 158-1) as line contactors and precharging contactors.
- The line contactor K11 is intended solely for switching the device on and off.

NOTICE



Non-compliance with the switch-on/switch-off times

Destruction of the device

- Observe a minimum switch-off time of 10 s for the line contactor K11.
- Do not switch on / switch off the line more than once per minute and not more frequently than 10 times within 30 minutes.

The line contactor K11 must always be placed before the line filter of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.

3.4.2 Line fuse types

Miniature circuit breakers in utilization category gL, gG:

Nominal fusing voltage ≥ nominal line voltage

Miniature circuit breakers with characteristics B, C and D:

- Nominal voltage of the miniature circuit breakers ≥ nominal line voltage
- The nominal currents of miniature circuit breakers must be more than 10% of the nominal line current of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.

3.5 Projecting the power supply

The project planning of the power supply described in this chapter explains a rough dimensioning of the power supply. For the exact project planning, use SEW-Workbench.

For information about the permitted voltage systems, refer to chapter "Permitted voltage supply systems" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 64).

NOTICE



Operating one or more power supply modules with supply and energy recovery on supply systems with power factor correction equipment that is not equipped with chokes is not permitted.

Energy recovery requires a stable and sufficiently dimensioned supply system for reliable operation. The following tables list the minimum required short-circuit power of the supply system, taking into account maximum device overload and the general requirements for the supply system.

The u_{K_MDR} value is necessary for determining the required apparent transformer power with respect to cable length.

Table 1: Basic table for the selecting of the u_{K_MDR} value

			50 kW	75 kW			
u _{K_MDR} in %	380 V (±10%)	400 V (±5%)	400 V (±10%)	460 V (±10%)	480 V (±10%)	S_{K_MDR} in kVA	S _{K_MDR} in kVA
1.50%	125%	225%	175%	175%	150%	3333	5000
2.00%	100%	200%	150%	150%	150%	2500	3750

 u_{K_MDR} in %: Relative short-circuit voltage of the power supply at the device connection

P_{max} in %: Current device overload based on the rated device power

S_{K_MDR} in kVA Min. required short-circuit power of the supply system at the regenerative power supply module input. The connection is the input of the NF line filter. Impedances of the supply cable must be taken into account

General requirements on the power supply system

	MDR91A-0500	MDR91A-0750			
Permitted voltage distortion according to EN 61000-2-4, class 3	THD≤	10%			
Permitted frequency change ∆f/t in Hz/s	±1% × f _{line} /1 s				
Permitted voltage asymmetry	3% of the negative-se	equence component			

The following tables list the minimum required apparent transformer power ratings for a relative short-circuit voltage u_{K_Trafo} = 6% (common in practice) depending on the maximum device overload in % taking account of the transformer line length \rightarrow line filter \rightarrow MDR91A.

The specified minimum transformer power values are required for a stable supply system with sufficient capacity, which is the basis for reliable operation of a regenerative power supply unit. They do not indicate the required drive power.

Application example

A high-bay warehouse with 5 storage/retrieval systems (SRS) is equipped with one MDR91A-0500-503-00 supply and energy recovery module per SRS. According to the projected drive, the maximum device overload is 145%, the maximum line length (transformer \rightarrow NF... line filter input) is 245 m.

The nominal line voltage is 3 x 400 V (±10%), 50 Hz.



The high-bay warehouse is supplied by a transformer with S = 1500 kVA, 400 V (\pm 10%), 50 Hz, relative short-circuit voltage u_K = 6%.

Step 1

Choose the u_{K_MDR} value from the basic table (table 1) depending on the overload requirements and the existing supply system.

Step 2

The table in which the required device overload and the given line voltage are listed is selected, depending on the u_{K_MDR} value determined from the basic table (table 1). In this example table 2.

Example: Table 2

- 400 V (±10%), 50 Hz

 $- u_{K MDR} = 2\%$

Maximum permitted device overload = 150%

Step 3

Determination of the maximum line length from which the minimum required apparent transformer power for a device is derived, in the example: 263 kVA.

Table 2: $u_{K MDR}$ value chosen in the basis table in %: 2.0

	Та	ble 2 MI	DR91A-0500		Cable length in m								
					50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500
V _{lin}	in V	f _{line} in Hz	Max. permitted device overload in %	u _{K_Trafo} in %	in Minimum required apparent transformer power in kVA								
380	±10%	50	100%	6%	166	185	210	242	286	350	449	629	3114
400	±5%	50	200%		164	181	202	229	263	310	376	480	1064
400	±10%	50	150%		164	181	202	229	263	310	376	480	1064
460	±10%	60	150%		163	178	196	218	246	282	330	398	680
480	±10%	60	150%		162	175	191	210	234	263	301	351	528

Step 4

Calculation of the minimum required apparent transformer power.

Example: 5 × 263 kVA = 1315 kVA

Step 5

Check whether the installed transformer power is sufficient.

Example: 1315 kVA < 1500 kVA, which means the apparent transformer power is sufficient for the 5 SRUs.



3.5.1 50 kW variant

Table 3: $u_{\mbox{\scriptsize K_MDR}}$ value chosen in the basis table in %: 1.5

	Т	able 3 N	IDR91A-0500		Cable length in m								
					50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500
V _{lin}	_e in V	f _{line} in Hz	Minimum required apparent transformer power in kVA										
380	±10%	50	125%	6%	229	268	323	406	547	838	_	_	_
400	±5%	50	225%		226	259	305	369	468	639	_	_	_
400	±10%	50	175%		226	259	305	369	468	639	_	_	_
460	±10%	60	175%		223	252	291	342	416	531	734	_	_
480	±10%	60	150%		221	247	280	324	383	468	603	846	_

Table 4: u_{K_MDR} value chosen in the basis table in %: 2.0

	Ta	able 4 M	DR91A-0500		Cable length in m								
						100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500
V _{lin}	_e in V	f _{line} in Hz	Max. permitted device overload in	u _{K_Trafo} in	Minimum required apparent transformer power in kVA							A	
380	±10%	50	100%	6%	166	185	210	242	286	350	449	629	_
400	±5%	50	200%		164	181	202	229	263	310	376	480	_
400	±10%	50	150%		164	181	202	229	263	310	376	480	_
460	±10%	60	150%		163	178	196	218	246	282	330	398	680
480	±10%	60	150%		162	175	191	210	234	263	301	351	528

3.5.2 75 kW variant

Table 5: u_{K_MDR} value chosen in the basis table in %: 1.5

Table 5 MDR91A-0750					Cable length in m								
					50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500
V _{lin}	e in V	f _{line} in Hz	Max. permitted unit overload in %	u _{K_Trafo} in %	Minimum required apparent transformer power in kVA								
380	±10%	50	125%	6%	371	484	699	_	_	_	_	_	_
400	±5%	50	225%		362	457	619	959	_	_	-	_	_
400	±10%	50	175%		362	457	619	959	_	_	-	_	_
460	±10%	60	175%		355	436	564	797	_	_	ı	_	_
480	±10%	60	150%		350	420	526	702	_	_	_	_	_

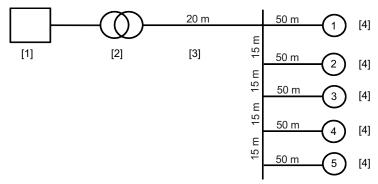
Table 6: u_{K_MDR} value chosen in the basis table in %: 2.0

Table 6 MDR91A-0750					Cable length in m								
					50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500
V _{lin}	_{ne} in V	f _{line} in Hz	Max. permitted device over-load in %	u _{K_Trafo} in	in Minimum required apparent transformer power in kVA								
380	±10%	50	100%	6%	262	315	394	525	786	_	_	_	_
400	±5%	50	200%		164	303	367	464	633	992	_	_	_
400	±10%	50	150%		164	303	367	464	633	992	_	_	_
460	±10%	60	150%		255	294	347	423	542	754	_	_	_
480	±10%	60	150%		252	287	332	394	486	633	906	_	_

An exact calculation must be made in the event of a differing relative short-circuit voltage u_{K_Trafo} of the transformer or when critical conditions apply. This calculation can be made in the SEW-Workbench or on the basis of the following calculation example.

3.5.3 Project planning example

The following example shows the project planning for five MDR91A-0750-.. power supply modules with supply and energy recovery for storage/retrieval systems (SRS) of a high-bay warehouse.



20729178891

- [1] Supply system of the electricity supply company
- [2] Transformer
- [3] Supply cable for sub-distribution unit
- [4] Storage/retrieval systems, one MDR91A-.. per SRS

Requirements

Data of the supply transformer at the system operator:

Rated voltage primary winding U _{Pri}	kV	10
Nominal voltage secondary winding U _N	V	400
Rated frequency f _R	Hz	50
Rated power S _r	kVA	2000
Relative short-circuit voltage u _{k_Trafo}	%	6

Calculation

Calculating the required apparent transformer power:

In the example, the cable length of the last aisle has the following length; see the drawing:

 $20 \text{ m} + 4 \times 15 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ m} = 130 \text{ m}$

To simplify calculation, the same cable length is used five times.

A value of $0.35~\mu\text{H/m}$ is assumed as a typical average value for the cable inductance. This results in the following k values:

Table k values:

Frequency	k value	Ω/m			
50 Hz	2×π×f×L	1.09955 × 10 ⁻⁴			
60 Hz	2×π×f×L	1.31946 × 10 ⁻⁴			



25859536/EN - 08/2018

- k Calculation factor for average line inductance in Ω/m
- f Nominal line frequency in Hz
- L Average cable inductance 0.35 µH/m

The maximum device overload according to the project planning is 145%; the line voltage is 400 V ($\pm 10\%$) / 50 Hz. The relative short-circuit voltage resulting from the table in section "75 kW variant" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 30) is as follows:

$$u_{K_MDR} = 2\%$$

Calculation of the required short-circuit power at the connection terminals of the line filter for **one** device:

$$S_{k_MXR} = \frac{P_N}{u_{k_MXR}}$$

$$S_{k_MXR} = \frac{75 \text{ kW}}{0,025}$$

$$S_{k_MXR} = 3000 \text{ kVA}$$

27021602919050891

P_N Rated device power

S_{k MDR} Required short-circuit power in kVA

 $u_{k \text{ MDR}}$ Relative short-circuit voltage MDR based on the rated device power

Calculating the required line impedance $Z_{k \text{ MDR}}$ for **one** device:

$$Z_{k_MXR} = \frac{V_{line}^2}{S_{k_MXR}}$$

$$Z_{k_MXR} = \frac{(400 V)^2}{3000 kVA}$$

$$Z_{k_MXR} = 0.0533 \Omega$$

18014403668816395

 $Z_{k \text{ MDR}}$ Required grid impedance in Ω

V_{line} Nominal line voltage in V

S_{k MDR} Required short-circuit power in kVA

Calculating the required apparent transformer power in kVA:

$$S_{Trafo} = n \times \left(u_{k_Trafo} \times \frac{U^2_{Netz}}{Z_{k_MDR} - k \times I} \right)$$

$$S_{Trafo} = 5 \times \left(0.06 \times \frac{(400V)^2}{0.04267\Omega - 2 \times \pi \times 50 Hz \times 0.35 \frac{\mu H}{m} \times 130 m} \right)$$

$$S_{Trafo} = 1692kVA$$

25146009739

 S_{Trafo} Required apparent transformer power in kVA

n Number of devices

u_{k Trafo} Relative short-circuit voltage of the transformer in %

V_{line} Nominal line voltage in V

 $Z_{k\ MDR}$ Required grid impedance in Ω

k factor for average cable inductance (see k values table)

I Max. line length in m; transformer → MDR91A input terminals

Requirement:

 $S_{Trafo} < S_r$

Requirement is fulfilled

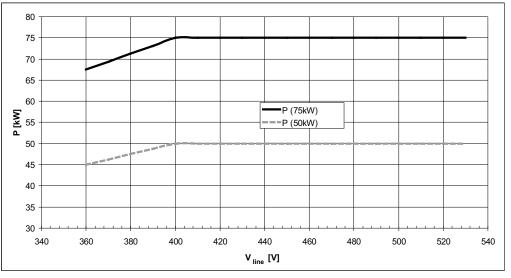
1692 kVA < 2000 kVA

 $S_{\mbox{\scriptsize Trafo}}$ Required apparent transformer power in kVA

S_R Nominal transformer power according to information on the nameplate in kVA

3.5.4 Output power with low line voltage

If the line voltage drops below the rated voltage of 400 V, the output power of the device is reduced.



2989030667



3.6 Projecting the cable cross sections

3.6.1 Special regulations

Comply with the **regulations issued by specific countries and for specific machines** regarding fusing and the selection of cable cross-sections. Also comply with the instructions for **UL-compliant installation** as applicable.

3.6.2 Power cable length

The cable length between the power supply module with supply and energy recovery and the line filter must not exceed 1.5 m; see chapter "Wiring diagrams" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 85).

The cable length between the line contactor and line filter must not exceed 5 m; see chapter "Wiring diagrams" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 85).

3.6.3 Cable cross-sections and cable fusing

SEW-EURODRIVE suggests the following cable cross-sections and cable fusing listed in the following chapter for single-core copper cables with PVC insulation laid in cable ducts at ambient temperatures of 40 $^{\circ}$ C.

3.7 Project planning for emergency braking resistor and braking resistor

The power supply module with supply and energy recovery must be operated with a braking resistor or an emergency braking resistor.

Under normal operating conditions, the power supply module with supply and energy recovery feeds regenerative energy that exceeds the DC link buffer capacity back into the supply system. In practice, however, operating states can occur that prevent the power supply module with supply and energy recovery from feeding back any energy into the supply system, e.g.:

- In the event of power failure
- In the event of the failure of individual line phases (also intermittently)
- In test/emergency mode

Without supply voltage, motor operation of the drives is not possible and the DC link can absorb regenerative energy only to a limited extent. The operating states described above can therefore cause the drives to coast to a halt, or the motor brake (if installed) is applied and stops the drive.

To prevent an uncontrolled stopping of the drives, an optional emergency braking resistor can be connected to the energy recovery module to bring the axes to a controlled stop in the event of such an emergency. The kinetic energy in the drives is then converted into heat energy via the emergency braking resistor.

The decision whether a braking resistor or an emergency braking resistor is used is made in the project planning phase.

A resistor designed as a braking resistor can also be used as an emergency braking resistor if the requirements regarding the amount of energy that can be absorbed are met. Refer to the technical data for the braking resistors.

The project planning for the emergency braking resistor as well as special information is described in the following chapters.

For project planning information for the braking resistor, see chapter "Project planning for emergency braking resistor and braking resistor" (\rightarrow \bigcirc 34) and the product manual of the inverter.



▲ WARNING



The connections leading to the emergency braking resistor or braking resistor carry a high DC voltage of up to DC 970 V.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- The emergency braking resistor and braking resistor cables must be suitable for this high DC voltage.
- Install the cables of the emergency braking resistor or braking resistor lines according to regulations.

A WARNING



The surfaces of emergency braking resistors or braking resistors reach high temperatures of 100 $^{\circ}$ C or more when the braking resistor is loaded with $P_{\rm N}$. Emergency braking resistors and braking resistors can usually be relied upon to provide their rated power for an extended period of time.

Risk of burns and fire.

- Choose a suitable installation location. Emergency braking resistors and braking resistors are usually mounted on top of the control cabinet.
- Do not touch the emergency braking resistor or braking resistor.
- · Adhere to the necessary cool-down time of at least 5 minutes.
- This means that the ventilation, the size of the installation site, and the distance to components and parts at risk must be provided accordingly.

NOTICE



The **maximum permissible line length** between the energy recovery module and emergency braking resistor or braking resistor is **100 m**.

3.7.1 Notes regarding emergency braking resistors

****!\

NOTICE

The data given in this chapter applies to BW... braking resistors if they are used as emergency braking resistors.

7

INFORMATION

Under normal operating conditions, the optional emergency braking resistor is not cyclically loaded but only in the described emergencies. The braking resistor can therefore be designed as an emergency braking resistor.

If an emergency braking resistor is used, test/emergency mode is possible only to a limited extent, e.g.:

- With reduced speed
- · With reduced load
- With reduced acceleration and braking ramps

The following sequence shows the procedure for the project planning of an emergency braking resistor.

3.7.2 Selecting the emergency braking resistor

Selection criteria

The emergency braking resistor is selected based on the following criteria:

- Peak braking power
- Thermal braking power

Peak braking power

The DC link voltage and the emergency braking resistor value determine the maximum braking power $P_{\rm peak}$ that can be discharged from the DC link.

The peak braking power is determined as follows:

$$P_{peak} = \frac{U_{DC}^2}{R \times 1.4}$$

U_{DC} is the maximum DC link voltage and is DC 970 V.

The peak braking power $P_{\rm peak}$ for each braking resistor is listed in the table of emergency braking resistors.

Determining the maximum emergency braking resistor power

Condition 1

The maximum power of the emergency braking resistor P_{peak} is greater than the maximum regenerative power P_{max} that is generated during emergency braking.

$$P_{peak} \ge P_{max}$$

P_{peak} Maximum power according to the table (power which the emergency braking resistor can convert to heat energy).

P_{max} Maximum power that the emergency braking resistor must discharge through the DC link.

Condition 2

The previously determined amount of regenerative energy $W_{\rm gen}$ is used for checking whether the emergency braking resistor can convert this energy into heat and to ensure the emergency braking resistor is not thermally overloaded.

$$W_{max} \ge W_{gen}$$

W_{max} Maximum amount of energy that the emergency braking resistor can absorb.

W_{gen} Total amount of energy of the application regenerated during emergency braking.

Thermal emergency braking power

The thermal load on the emergency braking resistor must be taken into account in the project planning for the emergency braking resistor.

The thermal load is calculated using the amount of energy of the entire emergency braking sequence.

 Determination of the maximum regenerative energy from the sum total of the travel profiles of all connected axes (taking into account the set emergency stop ramps and time sequences).

Protecting the emergency braking resistor

NOTICE

The emergency braking resistor has to be protected against thermal overload.

Do not use a motor protection switch.

For suitable protective measures, refer to chapter "Protection of the braking resistor and emergency braking resistor against thermal overload" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 65).

Operating the supply and regenerative module in the event of supply system failure



NOTICE

Supply system failures, such as power failures, can cause the brake chopper to respond and load the braking resistor. This happens if the DC link cannot buffer any more regenerative energy. As a result, the mean utilization of the connected resistor might be exceeded, which will trigger the preventive measure (protection of the braking resistor).

The supply system quality can be a reason for this, for example. The supply system quality influences project planning for the braking resistor, especially if the resistor is designed as an emergency braking resistor.

If the braking resistor is designed as an emergency braking resistor, the following situations could occur, depending on the amount of regenerative energy:

- · The thermal preventive measure triggers.
- Due to this load, the emergency braking resistor is no longer capable of converting the regenerative energy into heat energy in the event of an actual emergency. In this case, the thermal preventive measure trips.

3.7.3 Notes regarding braking resistors

For information on the braking resistors, refer to the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" product manual.

3.7.4 Selecting the braking resistor

For information on configuring a braking resistor, refer to the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" product manual.

3.7.5 Table of emergency braking resistors

Braking resistor	Part num- ber	Resistance	Continuous power	Peak power	Tripping current	Amount of energy that can be ab- sorbed
		Ω	kW	kW	Α	kWs
BW027-016-T	17983215	27	1.6	25	7.7	55
BW027-024-T	17983231	27	2.4	25	9.4	71
BW012-016	18213243	12	1.6	56	12	37
BW012-024	17983894	12	2.4	56	14.1	71
BW012-050-T	18201407	12	5	56	20	500

Selecting the 24 V supply

For information on dimensioning the 24 V supply, refer to the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" product manual.

3.9 Checklist for project planning

The use of a regenerative power supply unit involves certain demands on the quality of the supply system in order to ensure fault-free operation. The checklist includes the most important requirements. The check list supplements the product-specific documentation. Its objective is to verify important basic requirements for the operation of a regenerative power supply.

3.9.1 Checklist

Technical data of the supply system (the transformer) on which the power supply module with supply and energy recovery is to be operated:

Power supply / transformer		
Rated power	kVA	:
Nominal grid voltage	V	:
Nominal line frequency	Hz	:
Rated short-circuit voltage $V_{\scriptscriptstyle k}$	%	:
Network configuration, e.g. TT, TN		:
THD value (contact your utility company, if necessary)	%	:
Are other power supply modules with supply and energy recovery operated on this supply system (transformer)?		:
If yes:		:
How many?		
What is their total power?		
Power factor correction equipment installed?		:
If yes, it is equipped with chokes?		
Cable length to supply system (transformer)	m	:
Ambient conditions		
Installation location (city, country)		:
Ambient conditions	°C	:
Installation altitude (above sea level)	m	:
Relative humidity	%	:
General information		
What has been your experience with the operation of power supply modules with supply and energy recovery?		
Is a generator (such as emergency diesel generator) or a UPS installed in		:
the supply system that is/are operated at the same time as the energy recovery?		

4 General information

4.1 About this documentation

The current version of the documentation is the original.

This documentation is an integral part of the product. The documentation is written for all employees who assemble, install, start up, and service this product.

Make sure this documentation is accessible and legible. Ensure that persons responsible for the machinery and its operation as well as persons who work on the product independently have read through the documentation carefully and understood it. If you are unclear about any of the information in this documentation or require further information, contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

4.2 Structure of the safety notes

4.2.1 Meaning of signal words

The following table shows the grading and meaning of the signal words for safety notes.

Signal word	Meaning	Consequences if disregarded
▲ DANGER	Imminent hazard	Severe or fatal injuries
▲ WARNING	Possible dangerous situation	Severe or fatal injuries
▲ CAUTION	Possible dangerous situation	Minor injuries
NOTICE	Possible damage to property	Damage to the product or its environment
INFORMATION	Useful information or tip: Simplifies handling of the product.	

25859536/EN - 08/2018

4.2.2 Structure of section-related safety notes

Section-related safety notes do not apply to a specific action but to several actions pertaining to one subject. The hazard symbols used either indicate a general hazard or a specific hazard.

This is the formal structure of a safety note for a specific section:



SIGNAL WORD

Type and source of hazard.

Possible consequence(s) if disregarded.

Measure(s) to prevent the hazard.

Meaning of the hazard symbols

The hazard symbols in the safety notes have the following meaning:

Hazard symbol	Meaning
	General hazard
	Warning of dangerous electrical voltage
	Warning of hot surfaces
E ME	Warning of risk of crushing
	Warning of suspended load
	Warning of automatic restart

4.2.3 Structure of embedded safety notes

Embedded safety notes are directly integrated into the instructions just before the description of the dangerous action.

This is the formal structure of an embedded safety note:

▲ SIGNAL WORD Type and source of hazard. Possible consequence(s) if disregarded. Measure(s) to prevent the hazard.



4.3 Rights to claim under limited warranty

Read the information in this documentation. This is essential for fault-free operation and fulfillment of any rights to claim under limited warranty. Read the documentation before you start working with the product.

4.4 Content of the documentation

This documentation contains additional safety-related information and conditions for operation in safety-related applications.

4.5 Other applicable documentation

Observe the corresponding documentation for all further components.

4.6 Product names and trademarks

The brands and product names in this documentation are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective titleholders.

4.7 Copyright notice

© 2018 SEW-EURODRIVE. All rights reserved. Unauthorized reproduction, modification, distribution or any other use of the whole or any part of this documentation is strictly prohibited.

5 Safety notes

5.1 Preliminary information

The following general safety notes serve the purpose of preventing injury to persons and damage to property. They primarily apply to the use of products described in this documentation. If you use additional components, also observe the relevant warning and safety notes.

5.2 Duties of the user

As the user, you must ensure that the basic safety notes are observed and complied with. Make sure that persons responsible for the machinery and its operation as well as persons who work on the device independently have read through the documentation carefully and understood it.

As the user, you must ensure that all of the work listed in the following is carried out only by qualified specialists:

- · Setup and installation
- · Installation and connection
- Startup
- Maintenance and repairs
- Shutdown
- Disassembly

Ensure that the persons who work on the product pay attention to the following regulations, conditions, documentation, and information:

- National and regional safety and accident prevention regulations
- Warning and safety signs on the product
- All other relevant project planning documents, installation and startup instructions, and wiring diagrams
- Do not assemble, install or operate damaged products
- All system-specific specifications and conditions

Ensure that systems in which the product is installed are equipped with additional monitoring and protection devices. Observe the applicable safety regulations and legislation governing technical work equipment and accident prevention regulations.



5.3 Target group

Specialist for mechanical work

Any mechanical work may only be performed by adequately qualified specialists. Specialists in the context of this documentation are persons familiar with the design, mechanical installation, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the product who possess the following qualifications:

- Qualification in the mechanical area in accordance with the national regulations
- Familiarity with this documentation

Specialist for electrotechnical work

Any electrotechnical work may only be performed by electrically skilled persons with a suitable education. Electrically skilled persons in the context of this documentation are persons familiar with electrical installation, startup, troubleshooting, and maintenance of the product who possess the following qualifications:

- Qualification in the electrotechnical area in accordance with the national regulations
- Familiarity with this documentation

Additional qualification

In addition to that, these persons must be familiar with the valid safety regulations and laws, as well as with the requirements of the standards, directives, and laws specified in this documentation. The persons must have the express authorization of the company to operate, program, parameterize, label, and ground units, systems, and circuits in accordance with the standards of safety technology.

Instructed persons

All work in the areas of transportation, storage, operation and waste disposal must be carried out by persons who are trained appropriately. The purpose of the instruction is that the persons are capable of performing the required tasks and work steps in a safe and correct manner.



5.4 Functional safety technology

The product must not perform any safety functions without a higher-level safety system, unless explicitly allowed by the documentation.

5.5 Transport

Inspect the shipment for damage as soon as you receive the delivery. Inform the shipping company immediately about any damage. If the product is damaged, it must not be assembled, installed or started up.

Observe the following notes when transporting the device:

- Ensure that the product is not subject to mechanical impact.
- Before transportation, cover the connections with the supplied protection caps.
- Only place the product on the cooling fins or on the side without connectors during transportation.
- Always use lifting eyes if available.

If necessary, use suitable, sufficiently dimensioned handling equipment.

Observe the information on climatic conditions in chapter "Technical data" of the documentation.

25859536/EN - 08/2018

5.6 Installation/assembly

Ensure that the product is installed and cooled according to the regulations in the documentation.

Protect the product from excessive mechanical strain. The product and its mounted components must not protrude into the path of persons or vehicles. Ensure that components are not deformed and that insulation spaces are maintained, particularly during transportation. Electric components must not be mechanically damaged or destroyed.

Observe the notes in the chapter "Mechanical installation" of the documentation.

5.6.1 Restrictions of use

The following applications are prohibited unless explicitly permitted:

- Use in potentially explosive areas
- Use in areas exposed to harmful oils, acids, gases, vapors, dust, and radiation
- Operation in applications with impermissibly high mechanical vibration and shock loads in excess of the regulations stipulated in EN 61800-5-1
- Operation at installation altitudes above 3800 m above sea level

The product can be used at altitudes above 1000 m asl up to 3800 m asl under the following conditions:

- Taking the reduced continuous rated current into consideration, see chapter "Technical data" of the documentation.
- Above 2000 m asl, the air and creeping distances are only sufficient for overvoltage class II according to EN 60664. If the installation requires overvoltage category III according to EN 60664 you have to reduce the overvoltages on the system side from category III to II using additional external overvoltage protection.
- If a protective electrical separation is required, then implement this outside the product at altitudes of more than 2000 m above sea level (protective separation in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 and EN 60204-1)



5.7 Electrical installation

Ensure that all of the required covers are correctly attached after carrying out the electrical installation.

Make sure that preventive measures and protection devices comply with the applicable regulations (e.g. EN 60204-1 or EN 61800-5-1).

5.7.1 Required preventive measure

Make sure that the product is correctly attached to the ground connection.

5.7.2 Stationary application

Necessary preventive measure for the product is:

Type of energy transfer	Preventive measure	
Direct power supply	Ground connection	

5.7.3 Regenerative operation

The drive is operated as a generator due to the kinetic energy of the system/machine. Before opening the connection box, secure the output shaft against rotation.

5.8 Protective separation

The product meets all requirements for protective separation of power and electronics connections in accordance with EN 61800-5-1. To ensure protective separation, all connected circuits must also meet the requirements for protective separation.

5.9 Startup/operation

Observe the safety notes in the chapters "Startup" and "Operation" in the documentation.

Make sure that the present transport protection is removed.

Do not deactivate monitoring and protection devices of the machine or system even for a test run.

Make sure the connection boxes are closed and screwed before connecting the supply voltage.

Depending on the degree of protection, products may have live, uninsulated, and sometimes moving or rotating parts, as well as hot surfaces during operation.

Additional preventive measures may be required for applications with increased hazard potential. You have to check the protection devices after each modification.

When in doubt, switch off the product whenever changes occur in relation to normal operation. Possible changes are e.g. increased temperatures, noise, or oscillation. Determine the cause. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if necessary.

When the device is switched on, dangerous voltages are present at all power connections as well as at any connected cables and terminals. This also applies even when the product is inhibited and the motor is at standstill.

Do not separate the connection to the product during operation.

This may result in dangerous electric arcs damaging the product.

If you disconnect the product from the voltage supply, do not touch any live components or power connections because capacitors might still be charged. Observe the following minimum switch-off time:

10 minutes.

Observe the corresponding information signs on the product.

The fact that the operation LED and other display elements are no longer illuminated does not indicate that the product has been disconnected from the supply system and no longer carries any voltage.

Mechanical blocking or internal safety functions of the product can cause a motor standstill. Eliminating the cause of the problem or performing a reset may result in the drive re-starting automatically. If, for safety reasons, this is not permitted for the drive-controlled machine, first disconnect the product from the supply system and then start troubleshooting.

Risk of burns: The surface temperature of the product can exceed 60 °C during operation.

Do not touch the product during operation.

Let the product cool down before touching it.

5.9.1 Energy storage unit

Products with a connected energy storage unit are not necessarily de-energized when they have been disconnected from the supply system. Usually, the energy storage unit stores sufficient energy to continue operation of the connected motors for a limited period of time. It is not sufficient to observe a minimum switch-off time.

Perform a shutdown as described in the documentation in chapter "Service" > "Shutdown".



6 Device structure, axis system structure

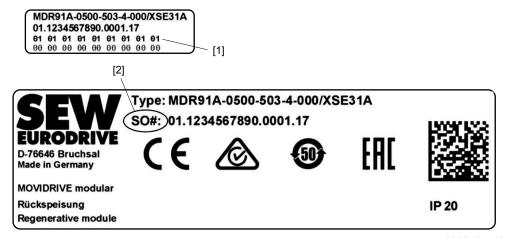
6.1 Connection variants

The MDR91A power supply module with supply and energy recovery can be installed in an axis system like an MDP90A power supply module.

For the implementation of an axis system as well as possible implementation variants, refer to the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" operating instructions.

6.2 Nameplates

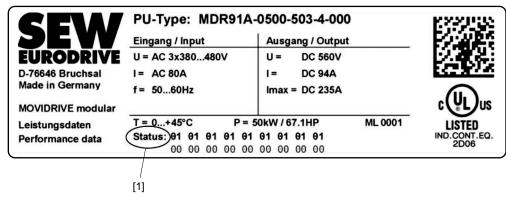
6.2.1 System nameplate



23965357195

- [1] Device status
- [2] Serial number

6.2.2 Performance data nameplate



23965359627

[1] Device status



Type code

6.3 Type code

The following type code applies to the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.

		Example: MDR91A-0500-503-4-000	
Product name	MD	MD = MOVIDRIVE®	
Device type	R	R = Power supply module with supply and energy recovery	
Series	91	91 = Block-shaped energy recovery	
Version	Α	A = Version status A	
Performance class	0500	• 0500 = 50 kW	
		• 0750 = 75 kW	
Connection voltage	5	• 5 = AC 380 – 480 V	
EMC variant of power section	0	0 = Basic interference suppression integrated	
Number of phases	3	3 = 3-phase connection type	
Operating mode	4	4 = 4Q operation (with brake chopper)	
Designs	0	0 = Not relevant	
Designs	00	00 = Standard design	
Options		The following list serves as an example:	
		 /XSE31A = EtherCAT®-compatible system bus 	
		/XSE31B = EtherCAT®-compatible system bus	

6.4 Device structure



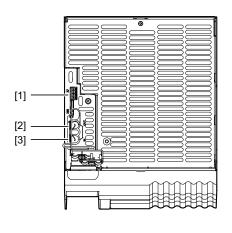
A WARNING

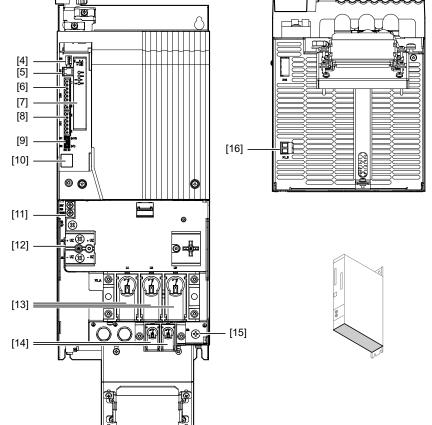
Some of the modules shown in this chapter are depicted without touch guards. Touch guards secure the live parts such as DC link, line connections and braking resistor connections.

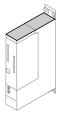
Uncovered power connections.

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock

• Never start up the application inverter without installed closed touch guards.







A: View from top

- [1] X7: Braking resistor temperature monitoring
- [2] X30 OUT: System bus
- [3] X30 IN: System bus

B: View from front

- [4] S3: DIP switches for supply system settings
- [5] X31: SEW-EURODRIVE Service interface
- [6] X20: Digital inputs
- [7] XSE31A card: EtherCAT®-compatible system bus
- [8] X21: Digital outputs
- [9] S1, S2: EtherCAT® ID switch
- [10] 7-segment display
- [11] X5: Connection +24 V supply voltage
- [12] X4: DC link bus connection
- [13] X1_A: Line connection
- [14] X3: Braking resistor connection
- [15] PE connection housing

C: View from bottom

9007220623650315

[16] X1_B: Auxiliary supply via precharging contactor K9

Device structure, axis system structure

Use of cards

6.5 Use of cards

The power supply module with supply and energy recovery can be equipped with the "EtherCAT®-compatible system bus" XSE31A card as an option.

25859536/EN - 08/2018

7 Installation

7.1 Installation accessories

7.1.1 Standard accessories

The listed standard accessories are included in the scope of delivery.

Standard accessories - mechanical accessories

Power shield clamp

Designation	Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recover	
	0500, 0750	
Electronics shield clamp	1×	
Designation	Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
	0500, 0750	

The mechanical accessories can be ordered with the following part numbers:

Module	Part number accessory pack
MDR91A	0500, 0750: 28247558

Standard accessories - electrical accessories

9 \$ 	
Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
0500, 0750	
00	
2×	
Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
0500, 0750	
0 0	
3×	
Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
0500, 0750	
1×	
Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
0500, 0750	
1×	
Power supply module with MDR91A supply and energy recovery	
0500, 0750	
1×	

The electrical accessories can be ordered using the following part numbers:

Module	Part number	
	Accessory pack ¹⁾	Module bus cable
MDR91A-	0500, 0750: 28247566	18167012

¹⁾ Accessory pack contains module bus cable



7.1.2 Available accessories

Adapter connectors of the DC link connection

To be able to establish an axis system in which modules with DC link bars of different widths are used, adapter connectors must be used at the transition from wide to narrow or narrow to wide. These adapter connectors are listed in the following table.

The necessary touch guards are included with the adapter connectors.

From module	To module	Adapter connectors	Part number
MDR91A-0500 – MDR91A-0750	MDA90A-1400 – MDA90A-1800	(O : w O	28249208

Adapter connectors are not included in the scope of delivery and must be ordered.

Cable

Designation	Length	Connector	Part number
4-pole system bus cable, system bus EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS	• 0.75 m • 1.5 m • 3 m • 5 m • 10 m	2 × RJ45	 18167039 18179975 18167047 18179983 18179991

Permitted tightening torques

Screw connection		Tightening torque in Nm					
		MDR91A-					
		0500	0750				
Line connection	X1	18 – 22					
Braking resistor connection	Х3	3 – 4					
DC link connection	X4	3 – 4					
PE connection	X4	3 – 4					
Connection 24 V voltage supply	X5	1.2 – 1.5					
Safety cover, bottom		0.6 – 0.8					
Safety cover, top		1.2 – 1.4					

NOTICE

Non-compliance with the stipulated tightening torques.

Possible damage to the application inverter.

- Always adhere to the stipulated tightening torques. Otherwise, excessive heat can develop which would damage the application inverter.
- An excessively high tightening torque may cause damage.

7.3 Mechanical installation



A CAUTION

Risk of injury to persons and damage to property.

Never install defective or damaged application inverters.

Before installing modules, check them for external damage. Replace any damaged modules.

NOTICE

Risk of damage to property due to mounting surface with poor conductivity.

Damage to the application inverter.

The mounting plate in the control cabinet must be conductive over a large area for the mounting surface of the application inverter (metallically pure, good conductivity). EMC compliant installation of the application inverter can only be accomplished with a mounting plate that is conductive over a large area.

7.3.1 Minimum clearance and mounting position

When installing the modules in the control cabinet, observe the following:

- To ensure unobstructed cooling, leave a minimum clearance of 100 mm above and below the module housings. Make sure air circulation in the clearance is not impaired by cables or other installation equipment.
- Make sure that the units are not subjected to heated air from nearby components.
- · The axis system must be assembled without gaps.
- Install the modules only vertically. You must not install them horizontally, tilted or upside down.

INFORMATION



Special bending spaces are required according to EN 61800-5-1 for cables with a cross section of $10~\text{mm}^2$ and larger. This means the clearance must be increased if required.



7.3.2 Hole pattern

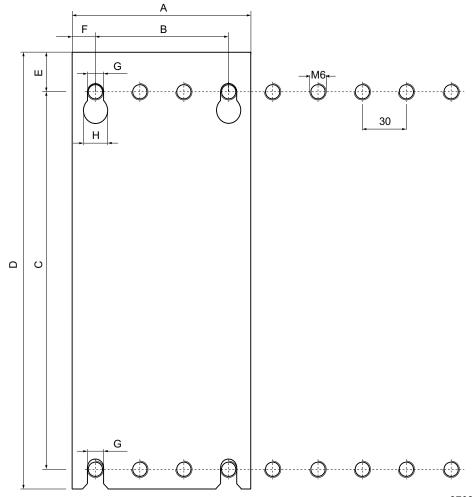
Preparing the control cabinet

You can prepare the control cabinet for the installation of differently assembled axis systems by drilling tapped holes every 30 mm for mounting the modules. The modules can be attached to this grid irrespective of their width, see figure below.

Dimensions
Device base plate

Modules	Dimensions of the device base plate in mm							
	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
MDR91A-0500	210	180	455	484	19	15	7	13
MDR91A-0750	210	180	455	484	19	15	7	13

Mounting grid



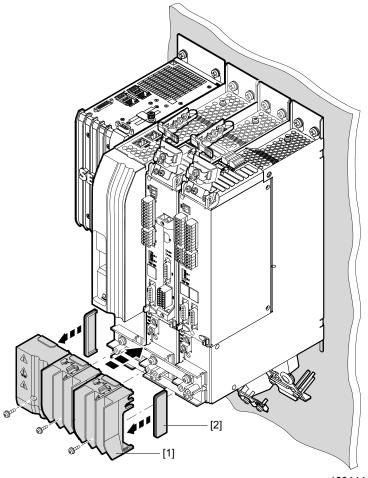
27021610488337547

For dimension sheets of the application inverters, refer to chapter "Technical data".

7.4 Covers

The attachment and removal of the different covers are shown as examples with certain modules types. The procedure is the same for all modules.

7.4.1 Touch guards



- 18014412466136331
- 1. Insert closing covers [2] into the touch guards covers [1] of the first and last module in the axis system.
- 2. Attach the touch guard covers [1] to the modules. Insert the screws and tighten them securely with the specified tightening torque .

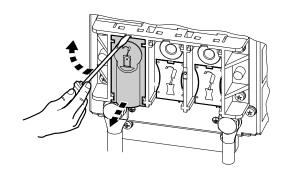
7.4.2 Protection caps

To achieve degree of protection IP20 according to EN 60529 with the following modules, a protection cap must be used to secure the connectors against being touched. The protection caps are included in the accessory bag.

- Power supply modules MDP90A-0500-.. and larger, line connection X1, braking resistor connection X3
- Power supply modules with energy recovery, MDR91A-0500-.. and larger: Line connection X1, braking resistor connection X3
- Axis modules MDA90A-0640-.. and larger: Motor connection X2

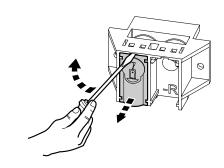
Attached protection caps can be remove as depicted in the following figures.

Line connection, motor connection



20109660043

Braking resistor connection



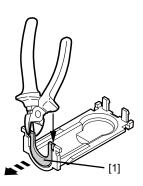
20109663883

To ensure degree of protection IP20, the protection caps must be reinstalled after the cables are connected.

Breaking out templates

In order to attach the protection caps in case of cables with large cross section or in case of connection with 2 cables, the template in the protection caps must be broken out.

 Cut out the plastic templates [1] in the protection cap using diagonal cutting pliers as depitcted in the figure.



20549049227

7.5 Control cabinet installation

The modules are installed as described in the "Control cabinet installation" chapter of the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" operating instructions.

Electrical installation

4

A DANGER

Dangerous voltage levels may still be present inside the device and at the terminal strips up to 10 minutes after the complete axis system has been disconnected from the supply system.

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock.

To prevent electric shocks:

- Disconnect the axis system from the supply system and wait 10 minutes before removing the safety covers.
- After maintenance work, do not operate the axis system unless you have remounted the safety covers, because the device has only a IP00 degree of protection with the safety cover removed.

A DANGER

A leakage current > 3.5 mA can occur during operation of the MOVIDRIVE® modular application inverter.

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock.

To avoid shock currents according to EN 61800-5-1, strictly observe the following:

- Supply system cable < 10 mm²:
 - Route a second PE conductor with the cable cross-section of the supply system cable in parallel to the protective earth via separate terminals or use a copper PE conductor with a cable cross-section of 10 mm².
- Supply system cable 10 mm² 16 mm²:
 - Route a copper PE conductor with the cable cross-section of the supply system cable.
- Supply system cable 16 mm² 35 mm²:
 - Route a copper protective earth conductor with a cable cross-section of 16 mm².
- Supply system cable > 35 mm²:
 - Route a copper protective earth conductor with half the cross-section of the supply system cable.
- If an earth leakage circuit breaker is used for protection against direct and indirect contact in isolated cases, it must be universal current-sensitive (RCD type B).

INFORMATION



Installation with protective separation.

The application inverter meets all requirements for protective separation of power and electronics connections in accordance with EN 61800-5-1. The connected signal circuits must meet requirements according to SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) or PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) to ensure protective separation. The installation must meet the requirements for protective separation.

7.6.1 General information

- Take suitable measures to prevent the motor starting up inadvertently, for example
 by removing the electronics terminal block X20 on the axis module. Take additional safety measures depending on the application to prevent possible injuries to
 people and damage to machinery.
- SEW-EURODRIVE recommends to use only closed cable lugs for connection to the bolts in order to prevent litz strands from escaping.

7.6.2 Permitted voltage supply systems

- The power supply module with supply and energy recovery is intended to be operated on voltage supply systems with a directly grounded star point (TN and TT power systems).
- Operation on voltage supply systems with a non-grounded star point (for example IT power systems) is not permitted.
- Autonomous power systems are not permitted.

An autonomous power system has no connection to the public grid.

7.6.3 Line contactor and cable cross sections

NOTICE

Line contactor utilization category

Use a line contactor and a precharging contactor of utilization category AC-3 (IEC 158-1) or better.

The precharging contactor K9 is only for precharging the energy recovery module.

The line contactor K11 is only intended for switching the energy recovery module on and off.

 Supply system cable: Cross-section according to nominal input current I_{line} at nominal load.

NOTICE

Switch-on/switch-off times of the line contactor and supply system

Observe the specified times and intervals:

Observe a minimum switch-off time of 10 s for the relays K9, K11.

Do not switch on / switch off the line more than once per minute and not more frequently than 10 times within 30 minutes.

The line contactor K11 must always be placed before the line filter of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.

7.6.4 Connecting braking resistor and emergency braking resistor

NOTICE

When using a braking resistor, observe the notes in the "Project Planning" chapter.



Electrical installation

Protection of the braking resistor and emergency braking resistor against thermal overload

INFORMATION



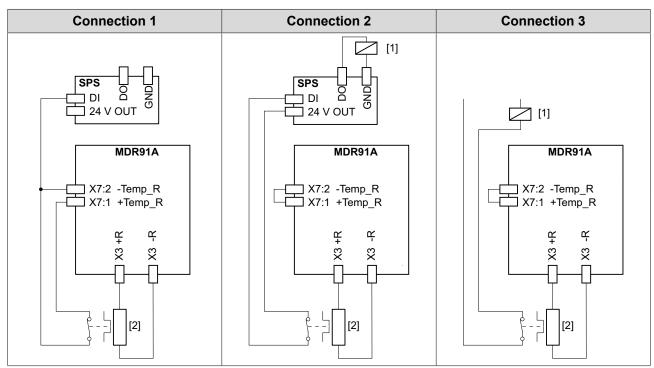
Guards for power supply modules with supply and energy recovery

It is not permitted to separate the connection between the power supply modules with supply and energy recovery and the braking resistor. Guards, such as fuses or miniature circuit breakers are not permitted.

Internal temperature switch -T

MDR91A-0500/0750-.. power supply module with supply and energy recovery

If a BW...-T braking resistor with internal temperature switch is used with an MDR91A power supply module with supply and energy recovery, there are 3 possible connections.



- [1] Optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF"
- [2] Braking resistor

Note that the reference potential GND of the digital input control must be the same as the reference potential of the application inverter when connection 1 is used.

- Connection 1 (without optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal in the power supply module and in the PLC is evaluated.
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the MDR device automatically disconnects from the power supply by deactivating the line contactor (K11).
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the power supply module switches all axis modules to "Output stage inhibit".
- Connection 2 (with optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal is evaluated only in the PLC.



7

Installation

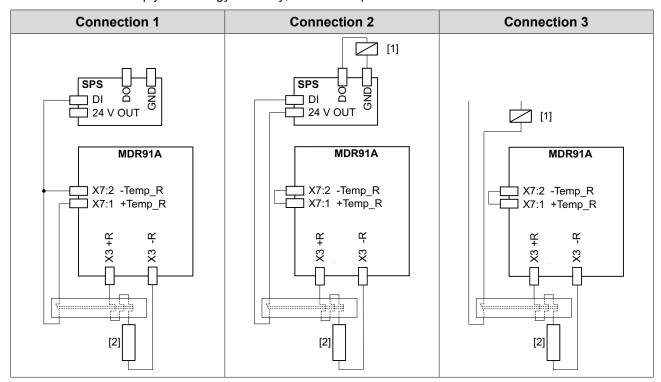
Electrical installation

- If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the PLC must interrupt the power supply.
- If the thermal circuit breaker trips, there is no response in the power supply module and the axis modules.
- With connection 2, it is possible that the PLC finishes the current travel cycle although the thermal circuit breaker has tripped. Only then is the power supply disconnected. In this case, the residual braking energy $W_{Rest} = P_{BRnom} \times 20 \text{ s}$ must not be exceeded.
- Connection 3 (with optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal directly acts on the optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF" and disconnects the device from the power supply.
 - This does not require a response by the PLC.
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, there is no response in the power supply module and the axis modules.

External bimetallic relay

MDR91A-0500/0750-.. power supply module with supply and energy recovery

If an external bimetallic relay is used with an MDR91A power supply module with supply and energy recovery, there are 3 possible connections.



- [1] Optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF"
- [2] Braking resistor

Note that the reference potential GND of the digital input control must be the same as the reference potential of the application inverter when connection 1 is used.

- Connection 1 (without optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal in the power supply module and in the PLC is evaluated.
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the MDR device automatically disconnects from the power supply by deactivating the line contactor (K11).
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the power supply module switches all axis modules to "Output stage inhibit".
- Connection 2 (with optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal is evaluated only in the PLC.
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the PLC must interrupt the power supply.
 - If the thermal circuit breaker trips, there is no response in the power supply module and the axis modules.
 - With connection 2, it is possible that the PLC finishes the current travel cycle although the thermal circuit breaker has tripped. Only then is the power supply disconnected. In this case, the residual braking energy W_{Rest} = P_{BRnom} × 20 s must not be exceeded.
- Connection 3 (with optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF")



25859536/EN - 08/2018

7

Installation

Electrical installation

- If the thermal circuit breaker trips, the signal directly acts on the optional contactor (K7) "MDR ON/OFF" and disconnects the device from the power supply.
- This does not require a response by the PLC.
- If the thermal circuit breaker trips, there is no response in the power supply module and the axis modules.

Electrical installation

Line fuses and miniature circuit breakers are used for fusing the supply system cables of the axis block. In case of a fault, these components protect the power supply module against short-circuits. For fusing, use fuses and miniature circuit breakers with the following properties:

Type class	Prerequisite				
Miniature circuit breakers of	Fusing voltage ≥ nominal line voltage				
utilization categories gL, gG					
Miniature circuit breaker with characteristics B, C, D	Nominal miniature circuit breaker voltage ≥ nominal line voltage				
	Nominal miniature circuit breaker currents must be 10% above the nominal line current of the power supply module				

Adhere to the country-specific and system-specific regulations when carrying out the fusing.

7.6.6 Line connection

NOTICE

Observe a minimum switch-off time of 10 s for the application inverter. Do not switch on / switch off the line more than once per minute and not more frequently than 10 times within 30 minutes.

Irreparable damage to the application inverter or unforeseeable malfunctions.

The specified times and intervals must be observed.

- Observe the minimum switch-off time of 10 s before switching the power back on.
- Do not switch on / switch off the line more than once per minute and not more frequently than 10 times within 30 minutes.
- The line contactor K11 must always be placed before the line filter of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.
- Use only line contactors of utilization category AC-3 (EN 60947-4-1) or higher.
- Do not use the line contactor for jog mode, but only for switching the application inverter on and off. For jog mode, the FCB 20 "Jog" must be used.
- Observe the required dimensioning of the cable cross-section for UL-compliant installing.



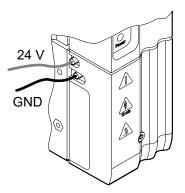
7.6.7 24 V supply voltage without master module

MOVIDRIVE® modular requires an external 24 V supply voltage. Us the following installation material for the connection:

M4 fork-type or ring lugs with insulating collar and a cable cross-section of maximum 4 mm²,

or

• M4 tubular cable lugs with insulating heat shrink tubing and a cable cross-section of maximum 6 mm².

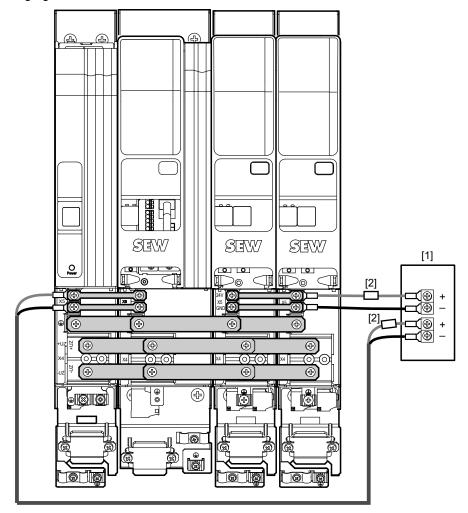


14476866443

Select the cross-section of the supply cable according to the power demand of the device to be supplied. Note the additionally required power of the directly supplied 24 V brakes for CMP motors with BK or BP brake without brake control.

The maximally permitted length of the 24 V supply cable is 30 m.

The connection is established either one-sided at the power supply module, or two-sided at the power supply module and the last axis module in the axis system, see the following figure for more details.

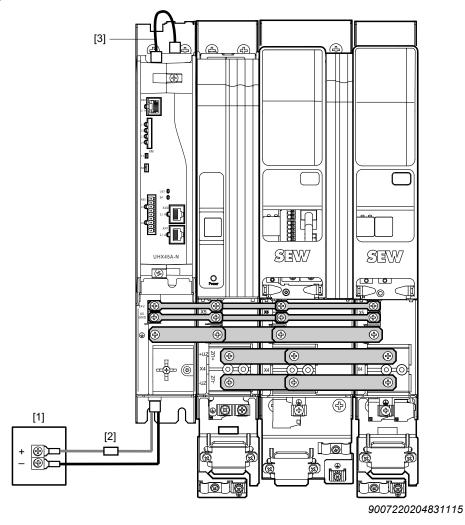


18014414154550283

- [1] External DC 24 V voltage supply
- [2] DC 24 V fuse



7.6.8 24 V supply voltage with master module UHX45A/MDM90A

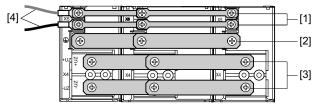


- [1] External DC 24 V supply at X5_A
- [2] DC 24 V fuse
- [3] X5_B → X5: DC 24 V supply voltage UHX45A

Only use the connection cable included in the delivery to connect the 24 V supply of the MOVI-C CONTROLLER® advanced.

Electrical installation

7.6.9 Connection of an axis system



27021611563769099

- [1] Connection +24 V supply voltage
- [2] PE connection
- [3] X4: DC link connection
- [4] Connection external 24 V supply voltage

For information on how to connect a DC link, refer to chapter Installing the busbar.

Particularities of the connection of the DC link

Adapter connectors of the DC link connection

To be able to establish an axis system in which modules with DC link bars of different widths are used, adapter connectors must be used at the transition from wide to narrow or narrow to wide. These adapter connectors are listed in the following table.

The necessary touch guards are included with the adapter connectors.

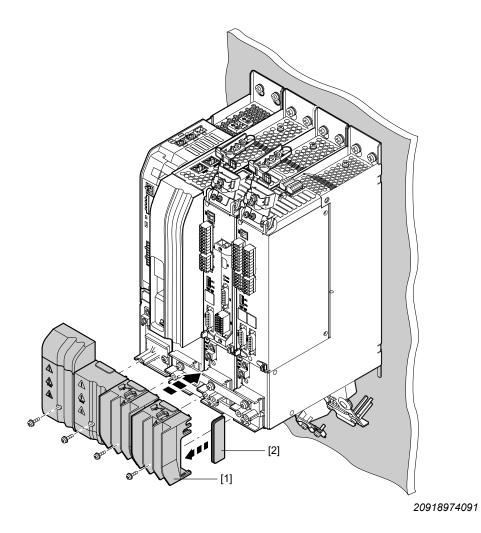
From module	To module	Adapter connectors	Part number
MDR91A-0500 – MDR91A-0750	MDA90A-1400 – MDA90A-1800	(O :::: O	28249208

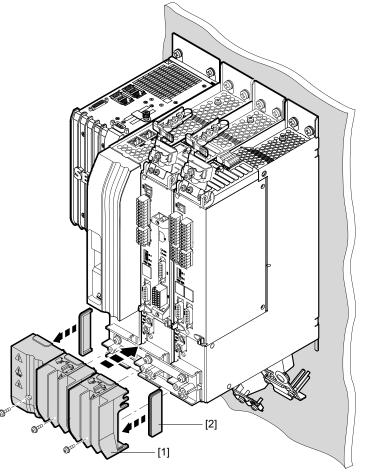
Adapter connectors are not included in the scope of delivery and must be ordered.

7.6.10 Installing touch guards and closing covers

All modules of the application inverter are equipped with touch guards [1] and the outer modules of the axis system have closing covers [2], see the following figure. If the axis system contains a master module, the closing cover [2] only needs to be attached at the last module in the axis system.

With master module





18014412466136331

- [1] Touch guard
- [2] Closing cover

Reinstall all touch guards [1] after installation work.

- 1. Insert the closing cover [2] into the touch guard [1].
- 2. Install the touch guard [1] on the respective module. Insert the screws and tighten them securely with the specified tightening torque.

Install one closing cover [2] each at the outer modules of the axis system. The closing covers prevent the DC link from being touched. Two closing covers are included with each power supply module.

A WARNING



Missing touch guards and closing covers Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock

- Install all touch guards.
- Install closing covers at the first and last module in the axis system.

7.6.11 System bus EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS

For connecting the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS system bus, SEW-EURODRIVE recommends using only prefabricated cables from SEW-EURODRIVE.

NOTICE

Use of wrong cables

Damage to the application inverter

Only 4-pole cables are permitted to be used as system bus cables [2]. If an 8-pole cable is used, malfunctions or failures may occur at the connected devices.

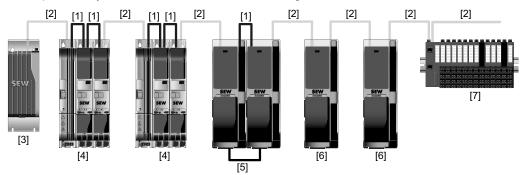
INFORMATION



The mounting plates on which the axis systems are mounted must have a sufficiently large ground connection, e.g., a ground strap.

System bus and module bus cabling

Example of a system bus and module bus cabling



9007217271733643

- [1] Module bus cable, 8-pin, color: anthracite gray.
- [2] System bus cable, 4-pin, color: light gray.
- [3] MOVI-C® CONTROLLER power UHX8x
- [4] MOVIDRIVE® modular
- [5] MOVIDRIVE® system with DC link connection
- [6] MOVIDRIVE® system
- [7] Other EtherCAT® stations at the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS



Electrical installation

Module bus cable

In the case of MOVIDRIVE® modular, the 8-core module bus cable connects the power supply module to the first axis module and the axis modules to one another; see figure ($\rightarrow \mathbb{P}$ 76).

In the case of MOVIDRIVE® modular, in addition to the system bus communication, the module bus is routed in the cable for information inside the device. The module bus cable is delivered in the length required as part of the accessories for the axis modules.

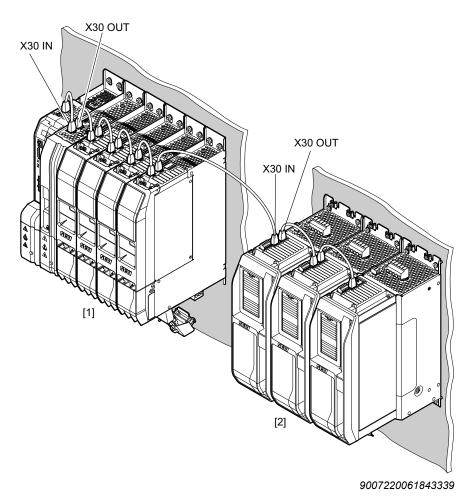
The connectors of the module bus cables are red and black to simplify correct attachment of the cables; see the following figure.

- The black connectors must be plugged into the bus input X30 IN.
- The red connectors must be plugged into the bus output X30 OUT.

System bus cable

The 4-pole system bus cable is used between automation components; see figure $(\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 76). Some of these components are listed here as examples:

- MOVI-C® CONTROLLER
- MOVIDRIVE® modular/system application inverter
- PC with MOVISUITE® engineering software
- MOVI-PLC® I/O system
- Other EtherCAT® stations at the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS



MOVIDRIVE® modular [1]

MOVIDRIVE® system [2]

7.7 Installation of options

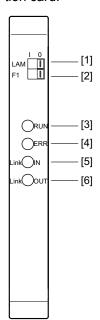
7.7.1 EtherCAT® XSE31A system bus

The EtherCAT® XSE31A system bus serves to connect the supply and energy recovery module to controllers with EtherCAT® master. The control can be implemented via EtherCAT® as an alternative to digital inputs and outputs. Status and diagnostics information is also available to the control via process data.

The supply and energy recovery module does not need any startup; there are no parameters to be set.

Because the supply and energy recovery module is used, there is no connection to MOVISUITE®, the EtherCAT® XSE31A system bus card is only for connection to a control with EtherCAT® master.

The process data assignment is permanently preset and cannot be changed. The following control and diagnostics options are available with the XSE31A EtherCAT® option card:



- [1] LAM switch
 - must be at 0
- [2] F1 switch
 - must be at 0
- [3] LED RUN; color: green/orange
- [4] LED ERR; color: red
- [5] LED Link IN; color: green
- [6] LED Link OUT; color: green

7.8 Line filter

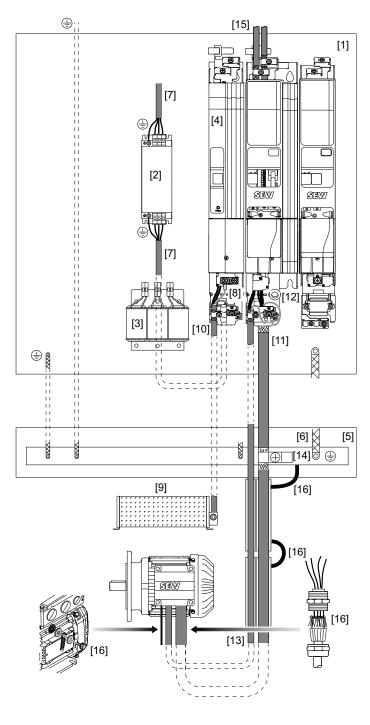
- Install the line filter close to the application inverter but outside the minimum clearance for cooling. The line filter must not be heated by the exhaust air of the application inverter.
- Do not wire any other consumers between the line filter and the line choke and the application inverter.
- The connection cable between line filter and the line choke and application inverter does not need to be shielded.
- Limit the length of the cable between the line filter and the application inverter to the absolute minimum needed.
- Do not switch between the line filter and application inverter.

7.9 Line choke

Install the line choke close to the application inverter but outside the minimum clearance for cooling. The line choke must not be heated by the exhaust air of the application inverter.

- Install the line choke between the line filter and the power supply module with supply and energy recovery.
- The connection cable between line choke and line filter does not need to be shielded.
- Limit the length of the cable between the line choke and the line filter to the absolute minimum needed.





20114481931

- [1] Galvanized mounting plate
- [2] Line filter
- [3] Line choke
- [4] Inverter
- [5] PE busbar
- [6] HF connection of PE busbar/mounting plate
- [7] Supply system cable
- [8] Power shield plate at the power supply module
- [9] Braking resistor
- [10] Braking resistor cable
- [11] Motor cable
- [12] Power shield plate at the axis module
- [13] Brake cable
- [14] Grounding clamp
- [15] Electronics shield plate
- [16] HF connection

The notes in this chapter are not legal regulations, but rather recommendations for improving the electromagnetic compatibility of your plant.

For further notes on EMC-compliant installation, refer to the publication Drive Technology - Practical Implementation, edition "EMC in Drive Technology - Basic Theoretical Principles - EMC-Compliant Installation in Practice".

7.10.1 Control cabinet

Use a control cabinet with conducting (galvanized) mounting plate. In cased more than one mounting plate is used, connect the plate over a large area.

Mount line filter and inverter on a shared mounting plate. Make sure they are connected over a large area and with good conductivity.

7.10.2 HF equipotential bonding in the system

In general, a suitable equipotential bonding between system, control cabinet, machine structure, cable ducts, and drives must be ensured.

Connect the individual sections in a HF-compatible manner.

From an electrical safety perspective, the PE busbar is the star point. The PE conductor replaces neither HF grounding nor shielding.

In terms of EMC, it is advantageous if the mounting plate is used as a star point with respect to HF equipotential bonding.

Perform the following measures for a suitable HF equipotential bonding:

- Connect the PE busbar to the mounting plate in a HF-compatible manner.
- Connect the shield metal cable ducts to the control cabinet in a HF-compatible manner.
- Connect the cable ducts with the mounting plate in the control cabinet using an HF litz wire.
- Connect the parts of the shield metal cable ducts in a HF-compatible manner.
- Connect the shield metal cable ducts to the gearmotor in a HF-compatible manner.

7.10.3 Cable installation

Route the power cables, such as motor cable and brake cable separated from the supply system cable and the control cables.

Route all cables as close to the reference potential as possible, e.g. the mounting plate.

All cables must be as short as possible. Avoid spare loops.

7.10.4 Connection for supply system cable / line filter

The supply system cable can be connected to the line filter using either twisted unshielded single conductors or unshielded cables.

If necessary, shielded cables can improve EMC.



25859536/EN - 08/2018

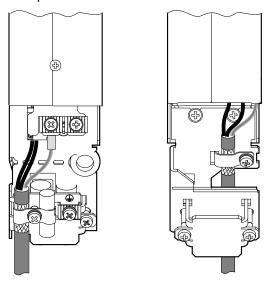
7.10.5 Line filter / line choke / MDR91A connection

Connection leads between line filter and line choke as well as the power supply module with supply and energy recovery must be limited to the absolutely necessary length.

In general, filtered and unfiltered cables must not be routed together. For this reason, route incoming and outgoing line filter cables separately.

7.10.6 Braking resistor connection

For connecting braking resistors, use 2 closely twisted conductors or a shielded power cable. Connect the braided shields of shielded cables over the entire circumference. Use the designated shield plates at the basic device to connect the shield.

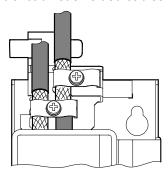


19500969867

7.10.7 Control cable connection

The digital inputs can be connected using an unshielded single conductor. Shielded cables increase the EMC. Use the designated shield plates to connect the shield.

For routing outside of the control cabinet shielded cables must be used.



19500974731

7.10.8 Shielding connection

Ensure a shield connection suitable for HF, e.g. by using grounding clamps, or EMC cable glands, so that the braided shield has a large connection surface.



7.11 Terminal assignment

Representa- tion	Terminal	Port	Short description
L1 L2 L3	X1_A:1	L1	
0000	X1_A:2	L2	MDR 50/75 kW line connection
	X1_A:3	L3	
(4)	\(\bar{\pi} \)	PE	PE connection
	X1_B:1	V1	Auxiliary gunnly via propharaing contactor KO
	X1_B:2	V2	Auxiliary supply via precharging contactor K9
+R -R	X3:+R	+R	MDD 50/75 I/W hyaling register connection
	X3:-R	-R	MDR 50/75 kW braking resistor connection
(b)	(±)	PE	PE connection
⊕+U _Z	X4: +V _{DC link}	+V _{DC link}	DC link connection
O -Uz	X4:- V _{DC link}	-V _{DC link}	DC link connection
(4)	(b)	PE	PE connection
© 24 V	X5:24 V	V ₁ 24 V	124 V supply welfage
_ © GND	X5:GND	GND	+24 V supply voltage
T Y20 OUT	X30 OUT		
X30 OUT	X30 IN		System bus
	X31		SEW-EURODRIVE Service interface
	X7:1	+TEMP_R	DC 24 V auxiliary voltage output
			In the delivery state there is a jumper from X7:1 to X7:2
1 2	X7:2	-TEMP_R	Sensor input for temperature monitoring of the braking resistor
3 0	X7:3	DCOM	Reference potential for digital inputs DI00 – DI05
	Λ1.5		In the delivery state there is a jumper from X7:3 to X7:4
	X7:4	GND	Reference potential of the DC 24 V voltage supply

Representa- tion	Terminal	Port	Short description
	X20:1	DI00	Output stage enable
0 1 5	X20:2	DI01	Enable/charge
	X20:3	DI02	Error reset
0 4	X20:4	DI03	Feedback of precharging contactor K9
0 5	X20:5	DI04	Feedback of line contactor K11
	X20:6	DI05	Activation of test/emergency mode
0 8 0	X20:7	DI06	GND
	X20:8	DI07	DC 24 V voltage supply
	X21:1	DO00	Ready
	X21:2	DO01	Activation of precharging contactor K9
0 3	X21:3	DO02	Activation of line contactor K11
0 4	X21:4	DO03	Fault
	X21:5	DO04	Test/emergency mode active
	X21:6	DO05	GND

7.12 Wiring diagrams

7.12.1 Power connection

NOTICE

Incorrectly placed components and incorrect wiring

Destruction of the power supply module.

- Do not install any other components between the line filter and the power supply module.
- Precharging contactor K9 and line contactor K11 must not be confused with one another or used interchangeably.
- · Ensure correct wiring.

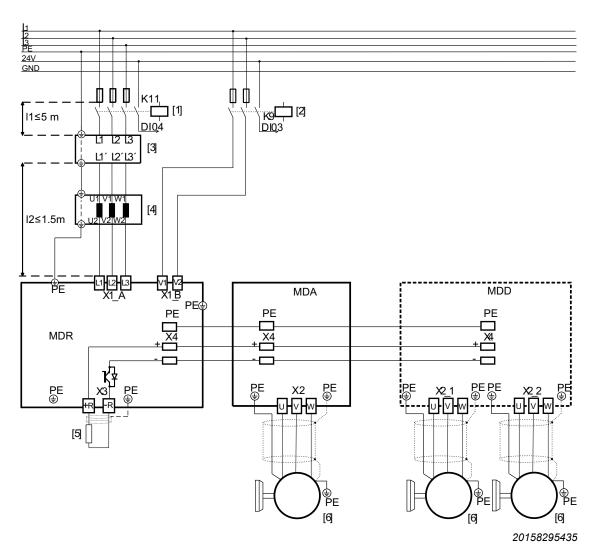
NOTICE

Overtemperature of line filter and line choke

Destruction of line filter and line choke.

 Make sure line filter and line choke are not heated by warm exhaust air from other devices.





[1] Line contactor K11

- [4] Line choke
- [2] Precharging contactor K9
- [5] Braking resistor connection¹⁾

[3] Line filter

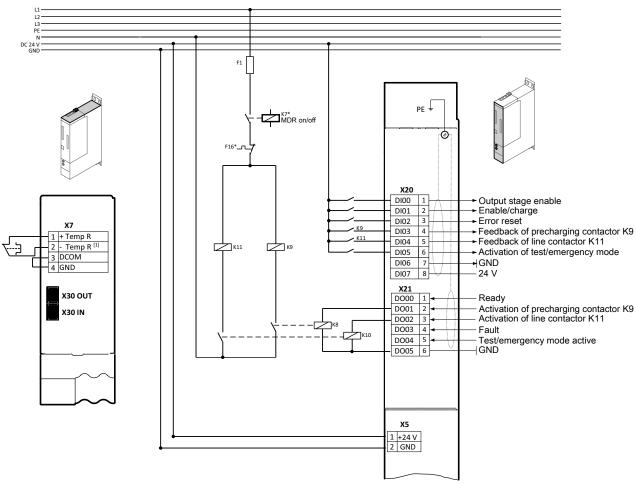
- [6] Motor
- 1) The energy recovery module must not be operated without a braking resistor

7.12.2 Electronics connection

Wiring the control electronics

For the terminal assignment and connections, refer to chapter "Terminal assignment" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 83).

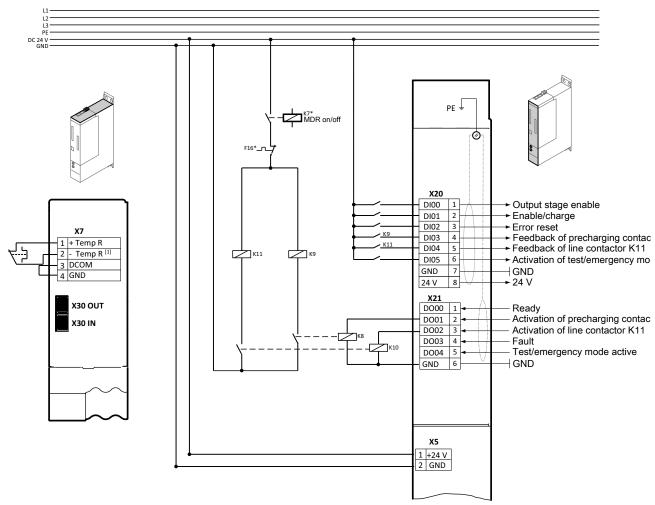
Control circuit connection with 230 V



9007223155494667

[1]	Signal contact of the thermal monitoring of the braking resistor	X30	System bus
X5	Connection +24 V supply voltage	K8	Coupling relay K8 for precharging contactor K9
X7	Temperature monitoring of braking resistor, reference potential of digital inputs	K9	Precharging contactor K9
X20	Digital inputs	K10	Coupling relay K10 for line contactor K11
X21	Digital outputs	K11	Line contactor K11
*optio	nal		
K7	Contactor for MDR On/Off	F16	Braking resistor trip contact

Control circuit connection with 24 V



9007223155546507

[1]	Signal contact of the thermal monitoring of the braking resistor	X30	System bus
X5	Connection +24 V supply voltage	K8	Coupling rela

K8 Coupling relay K8 for precharging contactor K9

X7 Temperature monitoring of braking resistor, reference potential of digital inputs

K9 Precharging contactor K9

potential of digital inputs

X20 Digital inputs

K10 Coupling relay K10 for line contactor K11

X21 Digital outputs

K11 Line contactor K11

*optional

K7 Contactor for MDR On/Off

F16 Braking resistor trip contact

7.13 Information regarding UL

INFORMATION

i

Due to UL requirements, the following chapter is always printed in English independent of the language of the documentation.

7.13.1 Electrical ratings

The Regenarative Power Module is rated:

Model	Input				Outpu	ıt
	Volts AC	Ph	Amperes (FLA)	Volts DC	Ph	Amperes (FLA)
MDR91A-0500-X-X ¹⁾	380 – 480	3	80 A	560 V	2	94 A
MDR91A-0750-X-X ¹⁾	380 – 480	3	121 A	560 V	2	141 A
	Volts DC					
MDR91A-0500-X-X ¹⁾	24	1	7.5 A			
MDR91A-0750-X-X ¹⁾	24	'	7.5 A			

¹⁾ X - may represent up to three characters

The Regenerative Power Modules are rated 3 Ph, 50/60 Hz input, DC output at a maximum surrounding air temperature of 45 °C.

The ratings tabulated above, are for operation at line voltage of 400 V and a surrounding air temperature of 45 °C. To determine max output current rating at higher than 400 V, the output current should be de-rated 0.2 % per V (to max 480 V).

7.13.2 Short Circuit Current Rating

	SCCR: 65 kA/480 V when protected by:			
Regenerative Power supply				
modules MDR91A	Fuses JDDZ/7	Inverse-time circuit breaker		
	(currents are maximum values)	(currents are maximum values)		
	600 V/100 kA			
	Class T, RK1			
0500	150 A	150 A max/480 V min		
	Class J			
	150 – 200 A			
	600 V/100 kA			
	Class T, RK1			
0750	150 A	150 A max/480 V min		
	Class J			
	150 – 225 A			

7.13.3 Other UL requirements

- 1. Use 60/75 °C copper wire only.
- 2. Tighten terminals to 160-196 in-lbs. (18-22 Nm) for Main Input, 10.5-13.4 in-lbs. (1.2-1.5 Nm) Control in-lbs. or Nm.
- 3. Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 65.000 Amperes rms symmetrical amperes when protected by when protected by fuses and circuit breakersas described in the ratings section. This marking also includes the maximum voltage rating of the device.
- 4. The branch circuit protection shall be specified in the installation instructions.
- 5. Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.
- 6. The Overload Protection trip current percentage (150 %).
- 7. WARNING The opening of the branch circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault current has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, current-carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced.
- 8. For use in Pollution Degree 2 environment.
- 9. For use only in a center earth TN supplied grid.



8 Startup

8.1 General



A DANGER

Uncovered power connections.

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock.

- · Install the touch guards at the modules.
- Install the closing covers according to the regulations.
- Never start up the application inverter unless touch guards are installed and closing covers are inserted.

NOTICE

Connecting the power supply modules with supply and energy recovery

The power supply module with supply and energy recovery may be switched on only when the motors are at a standstill.

8.1.1 Lifting applications



▲ WARNING

Danger of fatal injury if the hoist falls.

Severe or fatal injuries.

The application inverter is not designed for use as a safety device in lifting applications. Use monitoring systems or mechanical protection devices to ensure safety.

8.1.2 Connecting power

NOTICE

Undercutting the minimum switch-off time of the line contactor.

Irreparable damage to the application inverter or unforeseeable malfunctions.

The specified times and intervals must be observed.

- Observe a minimum switch-off time of 10 s for the relays K9, K10.
- Do not switch on / switch off the line more than once per minute and not more frequently than 10 times within 30 minutes.

8.1.3 Connecting cables

NOTICE

Disconnecting lines under voltage.

Irreparable damage to the application inverter or unforeseeable malfunctions.

 The following plug-in connections must always be disconnected in a de-energized state: Motor, supply system, braking resistor, brake, encoder.



25859536/EN - 08/2018

8.2 Startup requirements

The following requirements apply to startup:

- You have installed the application inverter correctly, both mechanically and electrically.
- You have configured the application inverter and connected drives correctly.
- · Safety measures prevent accidental drive startup.
- Safety measures prevent danger to persons or machines.

Required hardware components:

- · PC or laptop with Ethernet interface.
- Standard Ethernet cables for connection between PC and MOVI-C[®] CONTROLLER.
- MOVI-C® CONTROLLER with completed startup.



25859536/EN - 08/2018

8.3 Adjusting the line voltage

The line voltage is adjusted at the DIP switches as shown in the following.

S3/1	S3/2	S3/3	S3/4	Voltage in V
0	0	0	0	380
0	0	0	1	385
0	0	1	0	390
0	0	1	1	395
0	1	0	0	400
0	1	0	1	405
0	1	1	0	410
0	1	1	1	415
1	0	0	0	420
1	0	0	1	430
1	0	1	0	440
1	0	1	1	450
1	1	0	0	460
1	1	0	1	470
1	1	1	0	475
1	1	1	1	480

The line frequency is detected automatically.



8.4 Switch-on/off sequence of the supply and regenerative module

8.4.1 Switching on the device

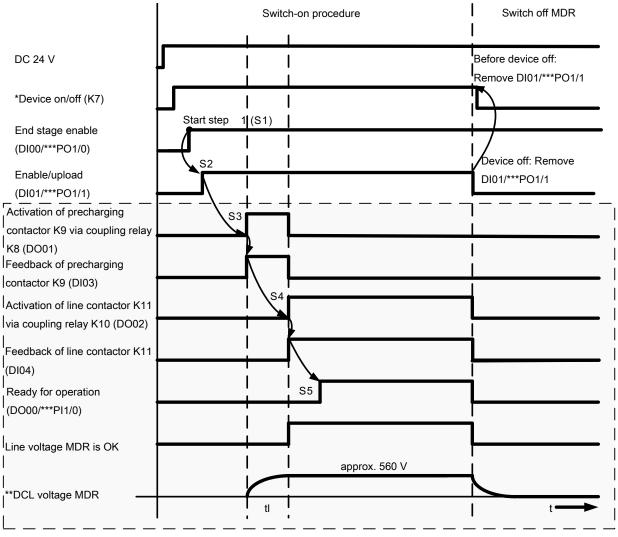
The switch-on sequence is started when the "End stage enable" and "Enable/upload" signals are activated.

The switch-on sequence is automatically run through when the input/output signals, the coupling relay, the line contactor, and the precharging contactor are correctly wired.

8.4.2 Switching off the device

The device is switched off when the "Enable/upload" signal is removed and the device is disconnected from the line voltage.

8.4.3 Switch-on/switch-off sequence diagram



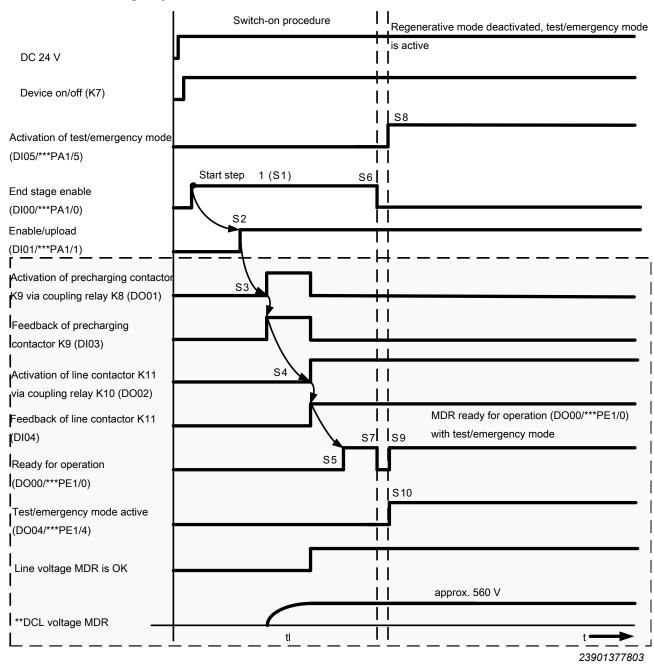
9007223156085131

- tl Charging time via AC auxiliary supply takes approx. 3 s
- * Option K7: external contactor for "Device ON/OFF"
- ** With a line voltage of 400 V
- *** When controlled via fieldbus (PO1/0 acts inversely, i.e., the feedback mode is deactivated with high signal)

Step 1 and step 2 must be implemented by the customer

Section highlighted in gray from step 3 on: Automatic sequence until MDR reports "ready for operation" Output and input signals must be wired by the customer

8.4.4 Test/emergency mode



- tl Charging time via AC auxiliary supply takes approx. 3 s
- * Option K7: external contactor for "Device ON/OFF"
- ** With a line voltage of 400 V
- *** When controlled via fieldbus (PO1/0 acts inversely, i.e., the feedback mode is deactivated with high signal)

Step 1 and step 2 must be implemented by the customer

Section highlighted in gray from step 3 on: Automatic sequence until MDR reports "ready for operation"

Output and input signals must be wired by the customer

Test/emergency mode is shown by "Ld" flashing on the operating displays

8.4.5 Troubleshooting

When a fault occurs according to "Fault at power supply module with supply and energy recovery" ($\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$ 103), the "MDR ready for operation" signal is switched off.

In this case, the system must be brought to a standstill in an application-specific emergency mode.

The brake resistor can be used to shut the axes down in a controlled manner.

The error responses of the axis modules are found in the "MOVIDRIVE® modular Application Inverters" operating instructions.

8.5 Process data assignment of card XSE31A

The process data assignment cannot be changed.

For additional information on integrating an EtherCAT $^{\!0}$ slave, refer to document "MOVI-C $^{\!0}$ CONTROLLER with EtherCAT $^{\!0}$ /SBus $^{\!\text{PLUS}}$ system bus".

8.5.1 Process output data PO

Process data assignme	Process data assignment PO1 (control word)				
Bit 0	Output stage enable				
	"High": Output stage inhibited				
	"Low": Output stage enable can be activated via terminal				
Bit 1	Enable/charge				
Bit 2	Error reset				
Bit 3	Not assigned				
Bit 4	Not assigned				
Bit 5	Activation of test/emergency mode				

8.5.2 Process input data PI

Process data assignment PI1 (status word)				
Bit 0	Ready			
Bit 1	Activation of precharging contactor K9			
Bit 2	Activation of line contactor K11			
Bit 3	Fault			
Bit 4	Test/emergency mode active			

9 Operation

9.1 General information

4

▲ DANGER

Dangerous voltages present at cables and motor terminals

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock.

- Dangerous voltages are present at the output terminals and the cables and motor terminals connected to them when the device is switched on. This also applies even when the device is inhibited and the motor is at standstill.
- Check whether the device is disconnected from the supply system before you start work on the power connections.
- After disconnecting from the supply system, wait at least 10 minutes and establish zero voltage before you start working on the power connections.
- The fact that the operation LEDs are no longer illuminated does not indicate that the application inverter no longer carries any voltage.



A DANGER

Risk of crushing if the motor starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Ensure that the motor cannot start inadvertently, for example, by removing the electronics terminal block X20.
- Additional safety precautions must be taken, depending on the application, to avoid injury to personnel and damage to machinery.

NOTICE

Switching the motor output at the application inverter with enabled output stage.

Damage to the application inverter.

 The motor output of the application inverter may be switched or disconnected only when the output stage is inhibited.



9.2 Operating modes

9.2.1 Normal operation

Normal operation means production operation.

9.2.2 Test/emergency mode

In test/emergency mode, the connected axes of a machine or system can be moved, for example, for test purposes during startup or in emergency cases.

In this operating mode, the energy recovery module does not feed back regenerative energy into the power grid but converts the energy instead into heat energy via a braking resistor. The energy recovery module works in test/emergency mode as a power supply module only.

Requirements:

- A sufficiently dimensioned braking resistor is connected.
- Test/emergency mode can be activated after the switch-on/off sequence has been run through (DO00=1 MDR ready for operation/PI1/0=1), i.e.:
 - "Regenerative mode enable" is switched off: DI00 = 0 (low), PO1/0 = 1 (PO1/0 acts inversely, i.e., when a high signal is present, regenerative mode is deactivated).
 - "Enable/upload" (DI01/PO1/1)=1 must be active.
 - The digital input for the activation of test/emergency mode is activated, DI05 = 1 (high) or PO1/5 = 1.
- Next the energy recovery module reports "Test/emergency mode active" (DO04/ PI1/4). This state is displayed with "Ld" (flashing) on the operation and state display of the two-digit 7-segment display.



9.3 7-segment display

9.3.1 Operating displays



- The two 7-segment displays indicate the operating state of the power supply modules and axis modules.
- The displays for the axis modules and the power supply modules are therefore described separately.

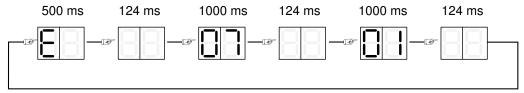
9.3.2 Fault display

The application inverter detects any faults that occur and displays them as fault code. Each fault is clearly defined by its fault code and corresponding attributes, as shown below:

- Fault response
- · Final state after executing the fault response
- Type of reset response.

The fault codes are indicated as flashing numeric values in the axis and power supply module.

The fault code is displayed in the following display sequence:



12082058123

In the example, a 2-digit fault code with subfault is shown at the axis module, fault 07.01 in this example.

9.4 Operating displays

9.4.1 Operating displays on the power supply module with supply and energy recovery

			• • • • • •				
Display	Description	State	Comment/action				
Displays durin	Displays during boot process						
b0	Device passes through several	Status: Not ready.	Waiting for boot process to finish.				
	states when loading the firm-	Output stage is inhibited.	Device stays in this condition: Device is de-				
la .a	ware (boot) in order to become ready for operation.	No communication possible.	fective.				
Displays of diff	Displays of different device statuses						



Display	Description	State	Comment/action
00	DC link voltage missing.	Status: Not ready.	Check the supply system.
dC hI Flashing al- ternately	Dangerous voltage in the DC link (> 20 V).	 Output stage is inhibited. Communication is possible. 	No enable, line contactor open.
C2	24 V supply of the power supply module with supply and energy recovery or internal switched- mode power supply unit of en- ergy recovery not ready for operation.		Check 24 V or device is defective.
C3	Synchronization with bus is incorrect. Process data processing not available.		 Check the bus connection. Check synchronization setting at device and controller. Check process data settings at device and controller. Check for missing PDO.
Ch	Energy recovery not ready and DC link pre-charge active.		Waiting for charging to finish.
Ch Flashing	System waits until precharging is possible		After successful precharging, it is necessary to wait 60 s until precharging can be done again
Со	Energy recovery not ready, line contactor can be energized.		_
Ld	Energy recovery not ready, line contactor energized and DC link charging active.		Output stage still inhibited.
Ld Flashing	Device is in test/emergency mode		
rd	Energy recovery ready.		_
Displays durir	ng initialization processes (parame	ters will be reset to default values)	
d0	Basic initialization.	Status: Not ready.	Waiting for initialization to finish.
d1	Initialization at delivery state.	Output stage is inhibited.	
d2	Initialization of factory setting.	Communication is possible.	
d3	Initialization of customer-specific set 1.		
d4	Initialization of customer-specific set 2.		
Cd Flashing	Parameter download (via Vardata) active.		

9.5 Fault at power supply module with supply and energy recovery

9.5.1 Fault 1 Output stage monitoring

Subfault: 1.2 Description: Overcurrent in output stage			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Motor current too high.	Connect a smaller motor.		
Current supply	Check the current supply.		
Current transformer	Check the current transformer.		
Ramp limit deactivated and set ramp time too short.	Increase the ramp time.		
Phase module defective.	Check the phase module.		
24 V supply voltage unstable.	Check the 24 V supply voltage.		
Interruption or short circuit on signal lines of phase modules.	Check the signal lines.		

9.5.2 Fault 3 Ground fault

Subfault: 3.1 Description: Ground fault		
Response: Output stage inhibit		
Cause	Measure	
Ground fault in the motor lead.	Eliminate ground fault in motor lead.	
Ground fault in the inverter.	Eliminate ground fault in inverter.	
Ground fault in the motor.	Eliminate ground fault in motor.	
Ground fault in line components.	Eliminate ground fault in line components.	

9.5.3 Fault 4 Brake chopper

Subfault: 4.1 Description: Brake chopper overcurrent			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Excessive regenerative power.	Extend deceleration ramps.		
Short circuit detected in braking resistor circuit.	Check supply cable to braking resistor.		
Braking resistance too high-impedance.	Check technical data of braking resistor.		

9.5.4 Fault 6 Line fault

Subfault: 6.1 Description: Line phase failure			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Missing line phase detected.	Check the supply system cable.		
DC link voltage periodically too low.	Check the project planning of the supply system.		
Inadequate line voltage quality.	Check the supply (fuses, contactor).		

Subfault: 6.2 Description: Power failure		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Measure		
		Power failure detected

Subfault: 6.3 Description: Line overvoltage			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Line voltage exceeds permitted upper threshold value.	Check the nominal line voltage in the project planning.		
Inadequate line voltage quality.	Check the quality of the power system.		

J	Fa

Response: Output stage inhibit		
Cause	Measure	
Line voltage falls below permitted lower threshold value.	Check the nominal line voltage in the project planning.	
Inadequate line voltage quality.	Check the quality of the power system.	
Supply system cable missing.	Check the wiring.	
fault: 6.5 cription: Grid quality	Check the wiring.	
fault: 6.5	Check the wiring. Measure	

		Response: Output stage inhibit	
		Cause	Measure
		Supply system cables have been erroneously switched.	Check the wiring of the line components.
- 1	Subfau Descrip	lt: 6.11 otion: Fault in supply system cable or output stage	
		Response: Output stage inhibit	
		0	Magaura

Response: Output stage innibit		
Cause	Measure	
Supply system cable missing.	Check the wiring.	
Faulty branch of output stage.	Check the device.	

9.5.5 Fault 7 DC link

0.0.0	raak / Bo mik			
Subfault: 7.1 Description: DC link overvoltage				
	Response: Output stage inhibit			
	Cause	Measure		
		 Extend deceleration ramps. Check supply cable to the braking resistor. Check technical data of the braking resistor. 		

 Subfault: 7.3 Description: Permitted tolerance range of the voltage Vz to PE exceeded		
Response: Output stage inhibit		
Cause	Measure	
The permitted tolerance range of the voltage -Vz to PE has been exceeded.	 Reduce dynamic load change from motoring operation to regenerative operation. Check the project planning with line filter. Check the wiring. 	

	I	Silesit all things		
Subfault: 7.4 Description: DC link undervoltage				
	Response: Output stage inhibit			
	Cause	Measure		
	,	 Reduce the dynamic load change from regenerative operation to motoring operation. Check previous error, e.g. line phase failure or supply system off in motor mode. 		

Subfault: 7.5 Description: DC link overcurrent		
	Response: Output stage inhibit	
	Cause	Measure
		Motoring operation: load too high / check project planning. Regenerative operation: Braking resistance too low-impedance or short circuit in braking resistor.

9.5.6 **Fault 11 Temperature monitoring**

Subfault: 112-132S Description: Heat sink overtemperature		
	Response: Output stage inhibit	
	Cause	Measure
	The maximum permitted heat sink temperature has been exceeded. The capacity utilization is possibly too high.	 Reduce the load. Reduce the rms value of the current. Reduce the PWM frequency. Ensure sufficient cooling. Reduce the ambient temperature.

Subfault: 11.2 Description: Heat sink utilization - prewarning

Response: Output stage inhibit	
Cause	Measure
High thermal load on heat sink of device, and prewarning threshold reached.	 Reduce the load. Reduce the rms value of the output current. Reduce the PWM frequency. Ensure sufficient cooling. Reduce the ambient temperature.

Subfault: 11.3

Description: Device utilization

esponse: Output stage inhibit		
Cause	Measure	
The temperature has reached or exceeded the switch-off threshold. Possible causes: Mean output current too high.	Reduce the load.	
PWM frequency too high.	Reduce the PWM frequency.	
Ambient temperature too high.	Ensure sufficient cooling.	
Unfavorable air convection.	Check the air convection.	
Fan is defective.	Check fan and replace if necessary.	

Subfault: 11.5

Description: Electromechanical capacity utilization

Response: Output stage inhibit	
Cause	Measure
Electromechanical components of device overloaded by ex-	Reduce the load. If necessary, reduce the rms value of the cur-
cessively high continuous current.	rent.

Subfault: 11.6

Description: Electromechanical capacity utilization - prewarning

 promit allocation outputs of authority demander promatting				
Response: Output stage inhibit				
Cause	Measure			
high continuous current. Prewarning threshold reached.	 Reduce the load. Reduce the PWM frequency. Reduce the rms value of the current. Reduce the ambient temperature. 			

Subfault: 11.8 Description: Short circuit at the temperature sensor of the heat sink

,, , i	inputon. Onort circuit at the temperature sensor of the neat sink		
	Response: Output stage inhibit		
	Cause	Measure	
	Short circuit at the temperature sensor of the heat sink.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.	

9.5.7 Fault 17 Internal processor fault

_				
Su	nta	ult:	1/	(./

25859536/EN - 08/2018

Description: Exception fault

,,,,	ption. Exception fault		
Response: Output stage inhibit			
	Cause	Measure	
	Exception trap in CPU.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.	



9.5.8 Fault 18 Software error

	Subfault: 18.4 Description: Task system		
Response: Remote – critical fault System state: Fault acknowledgment with CPU reset			
	Cause	Measure	
		 Switch the device off and on again. Contact the SEW-EURODRIVE Service if the fault persists. 	

Subfault: 18.9 Description: Internal software fault		
	oonse: Remote – critical fault em state: Fault acknowledgment with CPU reset	
	Cause	Measure
The	software signals an unexpected event.	Switch the device off and on again. If the fault occurs repeatedly, replace the device and send it together with the fault number to SEW-EURODRIVE. For further support, contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

Subfault: 18.12 Description: Configuration data		
Response: Remote – critical fault System state: Fault acknowledgment with CPU reset		
Cause Measure		Measure
	Configuration data not plausible or cannot be interpreted by active firmware version.	Perform a firmware update or load valid configuration data.

9.5.9 Fault 25 Parameter memory monitoring

ult: 25.10 iption: Power section configuration data – version conflict	
Response: Emergency stop + output stage inhibit	
Cause	Measure
Wrong version of configuration data of power section.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

	Subfault: 25.12 Description: Power section configuration data – CRC fault		
Response: Emergency stop + output stage inhibit Cause Measure			
		Cause	Measure
		Faulty configuration data of power section.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

Subfault: 25.20 Description: Initialization fault – basic unit memory		
Response: Emergency stop + output stage inhibit Cause Measure		
		Measure
	Initialization fault of basic unit memory.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

Sub	fault: 25.21	
Des	Description: Runtime fault – basic unit memory	
Response: Emergency stop + output stage inhibit Cause Measure		
		Measure
	Runtime fault in basic unit memory.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

9.5.10 Fault 26 External fault

Subfault: 26.4 Description: External braking resistor fault	
Response: Remote – critical fault	
Cause	Measure
External braking resistor's temperature switch connected to terminal tripped.	 Check the resistor mounting position. Clean the resistor. Check the project planning of the resistor. Install a larger resistor. Check the trip switch settings. Optimize travel cycle so that less regenerative operation energy arises.

9.5.11 Fault 32 Communication

Subfault: 32.2 Description: EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS process data timeout	
Response: No response	
Cause	Measure
Process data timeout during EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS communication.	 Check the wiring of the system bus and module bus. Check that the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS configuration is correctly set in the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER. Check EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS timeout configuration in the device.

Sublault. 32.3
Description: Faulty synchronization signal

Response: No response	
Cause	Measure
, , ,	Check that the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS configuration is correctly set in the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER.

Subfault: 32.4 Description: No synchronization signal

Response: No response	
Cause	Measure
, ,	Check that the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS configuration is correctly set in the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER.

Subfault: 32.5 Description: Synchronization timeout

Response: No response		
	Cause	Measure
		Check that the EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS configuration is correctly set in the MOVI-C® CONTROLLER.

Subfault: 32.6 Description: Copy parameter set

Response: Output stage inhibit	
Cause	Measure
	 Check the wiring of the system bus and module bus. Restart download.

9.5.12 Fault 33 System initialization

Subfault: 33.2		
Description: Firmware	CRC	check

Response: Remote – critical fault
System state: Fault acknowledgment with CPI I rese

System state: Fault acknowledgment with CPU reset	
Cause	Measure
Fault detected while checking the firmware.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

25859536/EN - 08/2018

Subfault: 33.6 Description: FPGA configuration			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
		Cause	Measure
		Fault detected while checking FPGA configuration	Contact SEW-FURODRIVE Service

Subfault: 33.10
Description: Boot timeout

Response: Remote – critical fault
System state: Fault acknowledgment with CPU reset

Cause

Timeout during system boot.

Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

9.5.13 Fault 34 Process data configuration

Subfault: 34.1 Description: Process data configuration change			
Response: Application stop + output stage inhibit			
	Cause	Measure	
	The configuration of process data was changed during active process data operation.	 Stop the process data and make your changes. Then start the process data again. Perform a reset. Doing so will stop the process data, apply the changes, and restart the process data. 	

9.5.14 Fault 36 Regenerative power supply module

Subfault: 36.1 Description: Precharging DC link timed out		
	Response: Output stage inhibit	
	Cause	Measure
		 Project planning: Check the set nominal line voltage. Project planning: Check DC link capacity. Check the wiring.

Subfault: 36.2 Description: Charging the DC link to the voltage setpoint timed out		
	Response: Output stage inhibit	
	Cause	Measure
	Timeout during charging of the DC link to the voltage setpoint with power supply system connected.	Project planning: Check the set nominal line voltage. Project planning: Check DC link capacity. Check the wiring.

Subfault: 36.10 Description: Implausible DC link voltage		
Response: Output stage inhibit		
Cause	Measure	
There is a wiring error. Initial course of the DC link voltage is not plausible.	Check the wiring.	
Line contactor jumpered or not present.	 The supply system is possibly connected directly. This is not permitted! Check coupling relays and contactors. Check feedback contacts. 	
Line contactor jumpered or not present.	- The supply system is possibly connected directly. This is not permitted! - Check coupling relays and contactors Check feedback contacts.	

Subfault: 36.11			
Description: Implausible line voltage			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
There is a wiring error. Measurement of the line voltage is not plausible.	Check the wiring.		
"Line contactor feedback" connection erroneously switched with "Precharging contactor feedback" or "Line contactor activation" connection erroneously switched with "Precharging contactor activation" or "Precharging activation" connection erroneously switched with "Line contactor activation" and "Precharging feedback" erroneously switched with "Line contactor feedback"	 Check the connections of the feedback line(s). Check the control line(s) of the coupling relays. Check the control line(s) of the contactors. 		
Line contactor jumpered or not present.	 The supply system is possibly connected directly. This is not permitted! Check coupling relays and contactors. Check feedback contacts. 		
Subfault: 36.15 Description: Precharging contactor feedback contact			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal.	Check the wiring.		
Subfault: 36.16 Description: Line contactor feedback contact Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal.	Check the wiring.		
bfault: 36.20			
Description: Precharging contactor opened externally			
Description: Precharging contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit			
	Measure		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect	Measure - Check the wiring Check the sequence control.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal.	Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21	Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21	Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally	Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated.	Check the wiring. Check the sequence control.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal.	- Check the wiring Check the sequence control. Measure - Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30	- Check the wiring Check the sequence control. Measure - Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30	- Check the wiring Check the sequence control. Measure - Check the wiring.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30 Description: Closing of the precharging contactor timed out	- Check the wiring Check the sequence control. Measure - Check the wiring.		
Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30 Description: Closing of the precharging contactor timed out Response: Output stage inhibit	— Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control. Measure — Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30 Description: Closing of the precharging contactor timed out Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging contactor does not close within permitted timeout. Subfault: 36.31	— Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control. Measure — Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control. Measure — Check the sequence control.		
Response: Output stage inhibit Cause Precharging is active and the precharging contactor is actuated. Precharging contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.21 Description: Line contactor opened externally Response: Output stage inhibit Cause The device is ready for operation and the line contactor is actuated. Line contactor feedback contact provides an incorrect signal. Subfault: 36.30 Description: Closing of the precharging contactor timed out Response: Output stage inhibit Cause	— Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control. Measure — Check the wiring. — Check the sequence control. Measure — Check the sequence control.		



Cause

Precharging contactor does not open within permitted timeout.

Measure

Check the wiring.Check the precharging contactor.

Operation

Fault at power supply module with supply and energy recovery

Subfault: 36.35 Description: Closing of the line contactor timed out			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause	Measure		
Line contactor does not close within permitted time	out. – Check the wiring. – Check the line contactor.		
Subfault: 36.36 Description: Opening of the line contactor timed out			
Response: Output stage inhibit			
Cause Measure			
Cause	Meddale		

9.5.15 Fault 45 Fieldbus interface

 Subfault: 45.7 Description: Invalid process output data			
Response: No response			
Cause Measure			
 The producer of the process output data reports that the data is invalid. Process data is exchanged via the fieldbus but the data is invalid. 	Check whether the PLC is in "Stop" state.Restart the PLC.		

Subfault: 45.52 Description: Fieldbus interface – critical fault		
Response: No response		
Cause Measure		
Fieldbus interface signals subcomponent fault of the "critical Refer to the subcomponent fault of the fieldbus interface."		
fault" type.	take the measures required for eliminating the fault.	

9.5.16 Fault 49 Power supply module

	The state of the s			
Subfault: 49.5 Description: Fault in hardware component of analog to digital conversion				
	Response: Remote – critical fault			
	Cause Measure			
	Measured DC link values outside valid range or voltage supply of the transducers is defective.	Contact SEW-EURODRIVE Service.		

Subfault: 49.11 Description: Coll	ector emitter voltage monitoring	
Response	: Remote – critical fault	
Cause Measure		
 The voltage supply for the brake chopper is defective. 		Check the connection of the braking resistor.
		Switch the power off and on again. Contact the SEW-EURODRIVE Service if the error is still present.
Short circuit in braking resistor. Check the bra		Check the braking resistor and supply cable.
Too much	regenerative power.	Check the project planning for the axis system.

9.6 Responses to error acknowledgement

9.6.1 Error acknowledgement at the power supply module

faults that are detected and displayed at the power supply module are acknowledged by switching off the fault source. The fault messages of the power supply module are transferred to the axis modules.

9.7 Operating braking resistor and emergency braking resistor

The connection lead to the braking resistor/emergency braking resistor carries a **high DC voltage of up to 970 V** during rated operation.

▲ WARNING



The surfaces of the braking resistors/emergency braking resistors reach high temperatures of up to 250 $^{\circ}$ C when the braking resistors are subject to a load of P_{N} .

Risk of burns and fire.

- Choose a suitable installation location. Braking resistors / emergency braking resistors are usually mounted on top of the control cabinet.
- · Do not touch any braking resistor.

10 Service

10.1 Inspection/maintenance

The device is maintenance-free. SEW-EURODRIVE does not stipulate any regular inspection work. However, it is recommended that you check the following components regularly:

- · Connection cable:
 - If cables become damaged or fatigued, replace them immediately.
- Cooling fins:

In order to ensure sufficient cooling, remove any deposits which occur.

INFORMATION



Only SEW-EURODRIVE may repair the inverters

10.2 Extended storage

The following table shows the time intervals and maintenance tasks that are relevant for extended storage of the application inverter modules.

Modules	Time interval	Maintenance
MDR91A for extended storage above 40 °C	Every 2 years	Line connections: Connect the device to the line voltage for 5 minutes.

A DANGER



Uncovered power connections.

Severe or fatal injuries from electric shock.

- Install the touch guards at the modules, see chapter "Touch guards" (→

 60).
- Install the closing covers according to the regulations, see chapter "Touch guards" (\rightarrow \blacksquare 60).
- Never start up the application inverter unless touch guards are installed and closing covers are inserted.

10.3 Procedure in case maintenance has been neglected

If you have not performed maintenance regularly, SEW-EURODRIVE recommends that you increase the line voltage slowly up to the maximum voltage. This can be done, for example, by using a variable transformer for which the output voltage has been set according to the following overview. After you have completed the regeneration process, the device can be used immediately or stored again.

The following stages are recommended:

AC 400/500 V devices:

- Stage 1: 0 V to AC 350 V within a few seconds.
- Stage 2: AC 350 V for 15 minutes.
- Stage 3: AC 420 V for 15 minutes.
- Stage 4: AC 480 V for 1 hour.

10.4 Shutdown

To shut down the application inverter, de-energize the application inverter using appropriate measures.

▲ WARNING



Electric shock from capacitors that have not been fully discharged.

Severe or fatal injuries.

 Observe a minimum switch-off time of 10 minutes after disconnecting the power supply.

10.5 Waste disposal

Observe the applicable national regulations.

Dispose of the following materials separately in accordance with the country-specific regulations in force, such as:

- Electronics scrap (circuit boards)
- Plastics
- · Sheet metal
- Copper
- Aluminum



Index

Icons	
+24 V supply voltage	70
Numerical	
7-segment display	101
A	
Accessories	
Safety notes	41
Bending spaces - note	
Breking registers	
Braking resistors External bimetallic relay	
Internal temperature switch -T	
Protection of the braking resistor against then	
overload	
С	
Cable cross-sections and fusing	34
Cabling of the axis system	
Closing covers and touch guards	
Connecting power	
Connecting the cables	
Connection of an axis system	73
Copyright notice	43
Covers	60
D	
Derating Device structure	47
MDP power supply modules	52
Drilling template	
E	
Electrical accessories	 55
Electrical installation	
+24 V supply voltage	
Cabling of the axis system	
Connection of an axis system	
Fuse types, line fuses	
General information	
Installing touch guards and closing covers	74

Line connection	69
Line fuses, fuse types	69
Safety notes	48
System bus EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS	76
Electromagnetic compatibility	
Interference emission	25
Interference emission categories	25
Interference immunity	25
Embedded safety notes	42
EMC-compliant installation	80
EtherCAT XSE24A	78
Extended storage	112
F	
Fault at power supply module with supply and e	en-
ergy recovery	103
Fault display	101
Functional safety technology	
Safety note	46
Fuse types, line fuses	69
G	
General technical data	13
н	
Hazard symbols	
Meaning	42
<u> </u>	
Inspection	112
Installation	
Covers	
Drilling template	59
Electrical installation	
EMC-compliant installation	80
Installation accessories	55
Line choke	79
Line filter	79
Mechanical installation	57
Minimum clearance and mounting position	58
Permitted tightening torques	57
Protecting the braking resistor	65
Touch guards	60
Installation accessories	55
Installing touch guards and closing covers	74

Index

Electrical accessories	55
Mechanical accessories	55
Startup	
Connecting power	91
Connecting the cables	91
Lifting applications	91
Safety notes	49
Supply cable length	34
Switch-on/switch-off sequence	94
System bus EtherCAT®/SBusPLUS	76
т	
Target group	45
Technical data	
Electronics data of MDP power supply module	es
General technical data	13
Line filter	22

Markings	. 11
MDP power supply modules with supply and ergy recovery	en-
Performance data of MDR power supply modules with supply and energy recovery	. 14
Temperature switch -T	. 65
Terminal assignment	
MDR power supply modules with supply and ergy recovery	
Tightening torques	. 57
Touch guards	. 60
Trademarks	. 43
Transport	. 46
Type code	. 51
w	
Waste disposal	113
Wiring diagrams	
Power connection	85

11 Address list

Algeria			
Sales	Algiers	REDUCOM Sarl 16, rue des Frères Zaghnoune Bellevue 16200 El Harrach Alger	Tel. +213 21 8214-91 Fax +213 21 8222-84 http://www.reducom-dz.com info@reducom-dz.com
Argentina			
Assembly Sales	Buenos Aires	SEW EURODRIVE ARGENTINA S.A. Ruta Panamericana Km 37.5, Lote 35 (B1619IEA) Centro Industrial Garín Prov. de Buenos Aires	Tel. +54 3327 4572-84 Fax +54 3327 4572-21 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.ar sewar@sew-eurodrive.com.ar
Australia			
Assembly Sales Service	Melbourne	SEW-EURODRIVE PTY. LTD. 27 Beverage Drive Tullamarine, Victoria 3043	Tel. +61 3 9933-1000 Fax +61 3 9933-1003 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.au enquires@sew-eurodrive.com.au
	Sydney	SEW-EURODRIVE PTY. LTD. 9, Sleigh Place, Wetherill Park New South Wales, 2164	Tel. +61 2 9725-9900 Fax +61 2 9725-9905 enquires@sew-eurodrive.com.au
Austria			
Assembly Sales Service	Vienna	SEW-EURODRIVE Ges.m.b.H. Richard-Strauss-Straße 24 1230 Wien	Tel. +43 1 617 55 00-0 Fax +43 1 617 55 00-30 http://www.sew-eurodrive.at sew@sew-eurodrive.at
Bangladesh			
Sales	Bangladesh	SEW-EURODRIVE INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED 345 DIT Road East Rampura Dhaka-1219, Bangladesh	Tel. +88 01729 097309 salesdhaka@seweurodrivebangladesh.com
Belarus			
Sales	Minsk	Foreign unitary production enterprise SEW- EURODRIVE RybalkoStr. 26 220033 Minsk	Tel. +375 17 298 47 56 / 298 47 58 Fax +375 17 298 47 54 http://www.sew.by sales@sew.by
Belgium			
Assembly Sales Service	Brussels	SEW-EURODRIVE n.v./s.a. Researchpark Haasrode 1060 Evenementenlaan 7 3001 Leuven	Tel. +32 16 386-311 Fax +32 16 386-336 http://www.sew-eurodrive.be info@sew-eurodrive.be
Service Competence Center	Industrial Gears	SEW-EURODRIVE n.v./s.a. Rue de Parc Industriel, 31 6900 Marche-en-Famenne	Tel. +32 84 219-878 Fax +32 84 219-879 http://www.sew-eurodrive.be service-IG@sew-eurodrive.be
Brazil			
Production Sales Service	São Paulo	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Estrada Municipal José Rubim, 205 – Rodovia Santos Dumont Km 49 Indaiatuba – 13347-510 – SP	Tel. +55 19 3835-8000 sew@sew.com.br
Assembly Sales Service	Rio Claro	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Rodovia Washington Luiz, Km 172 Condomínio Industrial Conpark Caixa Postal: 327 13501-600 – Rio Claro / SP	Tel. +55 19 3522-3100 Fax +55 19 3524-6653 montadora.rc@sew.com.br
	Joinville	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Rua Dona Francisca, 12.346 – Pirabeiraba 89239-270 – Joinville / SC	Tel. +55 47 3027-6886 Fax +55 47 3027-6888 filial.sc@sew.com.br
Bulgaria			
Sales	Sofia	BEVER-DRIVE GmbH Bogdanovetz Str.1 1606 Sofia	Tel. +359 2 9151160 Fax +359 2 9151166 bever@bever.bg



Cameroon			
Sales	Douala	SEW-EURODRIVE S.A.R.L. Ancienne Route Bonabéri P.O. Box B.P 8674 Douala-Cameroun	Tel. +237 233 39 02 10 Fax +237 233 39 02 10 sew@sew-eurodrive-cm
Canada			
Assembly Sales Service	Toronto	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. 210 Walker Drive Bramalea, ON L6T 3W1	Tel. +1 905 791-1553 Fax +1 905 791-2999 http://www.sew-eurodrive.ca I.watson@sew-eurodrive.ca
	Vancouver	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. Tilbury Industrial Park 7188 Honeyman Street Delta, BC V4G 1G1	Tel. +1 604 946-5535 Fax +1 604 946-2513 b.wake@sew-eurodrive.ca
	Montreal	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. 2555 Rue Leger Lasalle, PQ H8N 2V9	Tel. +1 514 367-1124 Fax +1 514 367-3677 a.peluso@sew-eurodrive.ca
Chile			
Assembly Sales Service	Santiago de Chile	SEW-EURODRIVE CHILE LTDA Las Encinas 1295 Parque Industrial Valle Grande LAMPA Santiago de Chile P.O. Box Casilla 23 Correo Quilicura - Santiago - Chile	Tel. +56 2 2757 7000 Fax +56 2 2757 7001 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cl ventas@sew-eurodrive.cl
China			
Production Assembly Sales Service	Tianjin	SEW-EURODRIVE (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. No. 78, 13th Avenue, TEDA Tianjin 300457	Tel. +86 22 25322612 Fax +86 22 25323273 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cn info@sew-eurodrive.cn
Assembly Sales Service	Suzhou	SEW-EURODRIVE (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. 333, Suhong Middle Road Suzhou Industrial Park Jiangsu Province, 215021	Tel. +86 512 62581781 Fax +86 512 62581783 suzhou@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Guangzhou	SEW-EURODRIVE (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. No. 9, JunDa Road East Section of GETDD Guangzhou 510530	Tel. +86 20 82267890 Fax +86 20 82267922 guangzhou@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Shenyang	SEW-EURODRIVE (Shenyang) Co., Ltd. 10A-2, 6th Road Shenyang Economic Technological Develop- ment Area Shenyang, 110141	Tel. +86 24 25382538 Fax +86 24 25382580 shenyang@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Taiyuan	SEW-EURODRIVE (Taiyuan) Co,. Ltd. No.3, HuaZhang Street, TaiYuan Economic & Technical Development Zone ShanXi, 030032	Tel. +86-351-7117520 Fax +86-351-7117522 taiyuan@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Wuhan	SEW-EURODRIVE (Wuhan) Co., Ltd. 10A-2, 6th Road No. 59, the 4th Quanli Road, WEDA 430056 Wuhan	Tel. +86 27 84478388 Fax +86 27 84478389 wuhan@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Xi'An	SEW-EURODRIVE (Xi'An) Co., Ltd. No. 12 Jinye 2nd Road Xi'An High-Technology Industrial Development Zone Xi'An 710065	Tel. +86 29 68686262 Fax +86 29 68686311 xian@sew-eurodrive.cn
Sales Service	Hong Kong	SEW-EURODRIVE LTD. Unit No. 801-806, 8th Floor Hong Leong Industrial Complex No. 4, Wang Kwong Road Kowloon, Hong Kong	Tel. +852 36902200 Fax +852 36902211 contact@sew-eurodrive.hk

Colombia			
Assembly Sales Service	Bogota	SEW-EURODRIVE COLOMBIA LTDA. Calle 17 No. 132-18 Interior 2 Bodega 6, Manzana B Santafé de Bogotá	Tel. +57 1 54750-50 Fax +57 1 54750-44 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.co sew@sew-eurodrive.com.co
Croatia			
Sales Service	Zagreb	KOMPEKS d. o. o. Zeleni dol 10 10 000 Zagreb	Tel. +385 1 4613-158 Fax +385 1 4613-158 kompeks@inet.hr
Czech Republic		_	
Assembly Sales Service	Hostivice	SEW-EURODRIVE CZ s.r.o. Floriánova 2459 253 01 Hostivice	Tel. +420 255 709 601 Fax +420 235 350 613 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cz sew@sew-eurodrive.cz
	Drive Service Hotline / 24 Hour Service	+420 800 739 739 (800 SEW SEW)	Service Tel. +420 255 709 632 Fax +420 235 358 218 servis@sew-eurodrive.cz
Denmark			
Assembly Sales Service	Copenhagen	SEW-EURODRIVEA/S Geminivej 28-30 2670 Greve	Tel. +45 43 95 8500 Fax +45 43 9585-09 http://www.sew-eurodrive.dk sew@sew-eurodrive.dk
Egypt			
Sales Service	Cairo	Copam Egypt for Engineering & Agencies Building 10, Block 13005, First Industrial Zone, Obour City Cairo	Tel. +202 44812673 / 79 (7 lines) Fax +202 44812685 http://www.copam-egypt.com copam@copam-egypt.com
Estonia			
Sales	Tallin	ALAS-KUUL AS Reti tee 4 75301 Peetri küla, Rae vald, Harjumaa	Tel. +372 6593230 Fax +372 6593231 http://www.alas-kuul.ee veiko.soots@alas-kuul.ee
Finland			
Assembly Sales Service	Hollola	SEW-EURODRIVE OY Vesimäentie 4 15860 Hollola	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 3 780-6211 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
Service	Hollola	SEW-EURODRIVE OY Keskikankaantie 21 15860 Hollola	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 3 780-6211 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
Production Assembly	Karkkila	SEW Industrial Gears Oy Santasalonkatu 6, PL 8 03620 Karkkila, 03601 Karkkila	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 201 589-310 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
France			
Production Sales Service	Hagenau	SEW-USOCOME 48-54 route de Soufflenheim B. P. 20185 67506 Haguenau Cedex	Tel. +33 3 88 73 67 00 Fax +33 3 88 73 66 00 http://www.usocome.com sew@usocome.com
Production	Forbach	SEW-USOCOME Zone industrielle Technopôle Forbach Sud B. P. 30269 57604 Forbach Cedex	Tel. +33 3 87 29 38 00
	Brumath	SEW-USOCOME 1 Rue de Bruxelles 67670 Mommenheim Cedex	Tel. +33 3 88 37 48 00
Assembly Sales Service	Bordeaux	SEW-USOCOME Parc d'activités de Magellan 62 avenue de Magellan – B. P. 182 33607 Pessac Cedex	Tel. +33 5 57 26 39 00 Fax +33 5 57 26 39 09



Germany			
	Würzburg	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Nürnbergerstraße 118 97076 Würzburg-Lengfeld	Tel. +49 931 27886-60 Fax +49 931 27886-66 dc-wuerzburg@sew-eurodrive.de
Drive Service Hotline	e / 24 Hour Servi	ce	0 800 SEWHELP 0 800 7394357
Great Britain			
Assembly Sales Service	Normanton	SEW-EURODRIVE Ltd. DeVilliers Way Trident Park Normanton West Yorkshire WF6 1GX	Tel. +44 1924 893-855 Fax +44 1924 893-702 http://www.sew-eurodrive.co.uk info@sew-eurodrive.co.uk
	Drive Service	Hotline / 24 Hour Service	Tel. 01924 896911
Greece			
Sales	Athens	Christ. Boznos & Son S.A. 12, K. Mavromichali Street P.O. Box 80136 18545 Piraeus	Tel. +30 2 1042 251-34 Fax +30 2 1042 251-59 http://www.boznos.gr info@boznos.gr
Hungary			
Sales Service	Budapest	SEW-EURODRIVE Kft. Csillaghegyí út 13. 1037 Budapest	Tel. +36 1 437 06-58 Fax +36 1 437 06-50 http://www.sew-eurodrive.hu office@sew-eurodrive.hu
Iceland			
Sales	Reykjavik	Varma & Vélaverk ehf. Knarrarvogi 4 104 Reykjavík	Tel. +354 585 1070 Fax +354 585)1071 http://www.varmaverk.is vov@vov.is
India			
Registered Office Assembly Sales Service	Vadodara	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plot No. 4, GIDC POR Ramangamdi • Vadodara - 391 243 Gujarat	Tel. +91 265 3045200 Fax +91 265 3045300 http://www.seweurodriveindia.com salesvadodara@seweurodriveindia.com
Assembly Sales Service	Chennai	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plot No. K3/1, Sipcot Industrial Park Phase II Mambakkam Village Sriperumbudur - 602105 Kancheepuram Dist, Tamil Nadu	Tel. +91 44 37188888 Fax +91 44 37188811 saleschennai@seweurodriveindia.com
	Pune	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plant: Plot No. D236/1, Chakan Industrial Area Phase- II, Warale, Tal- Khed, Pune-410501, Maharashtra	Tel. +91 21 35 628700 Fax +91 21 35 628715 salespune@seweurodriveindia.com
Indonesia			
Sales	Medan	PT. Serumpun Indah Lestari Jl.Pulau Solor no. 8, Kawasan Industri Medan II Medan 20252	Tel. +62 61 687 1221 Fax +62 61 6871429 / +62 61 6871458 / +62 61 30008041 sil@serumpunindah.com serumpunindah@yahoo.com http://www.serumpunindah.com
	Jakarta	PT. Cahaya Sukses Abadi Komplek Rukan Puri Mutiara Blok A no 99, Sunter Jakarta 14350	Tel. +62 21 65310599 Fax +62 21 65310600 csajkt@cbn.net.id
	Jakarta	PT. Agrindo Putra Lestari JL.Pantai Indah Selatan, Komplek Sentra In- dustri Terpadu, Pantai indah Kapuk Tahap III, Blok E No. 27 Jakarta 14470	Tel. +62 21 2921-8899 Fax +62 21 2921-8988 aplindo@indosat.net.id http://www.aplindo.com



Lebanon			
Sales (Lebanon)	Beirut	Gabriel Acar & Fils sarl B. P. 80484 Bourj Hammoud, Beirut	Tel. +961 1 510 532 Fax +961 1 494 971 ssacar@inco.com.lb
Sales (Jordan, Kuwait , Saudi Arabia, Syria)	, Beirut	Middle East Drives S.A.L. (offshore) Sin El Fil. B. P. 55-378 Beirut	Tel. +961 1 494 786 Fax +961 1 494 971 http://www.medrives.com info@medrives.com
Lithuania			
Sales	Alytus	UAB Irseva Statybininku 106C 63431 Alytus	Tel. +370 315 79204 Fax +370 315 56175 http://www.irseva.lt irmantas@irseva.lt
Luxembourg			
representation: Belgiun	n		
Macedonia			
Sales	Skopje	Boznos DOOEL Dime Anicin 2A/7A 1000 Skopje	Tel. +389 23256553 Fax +389 23256554 http://www.boznos.mk
Malaysia			
Assembly Sales Service	Johor	SEW-EURODRIVE SDN BHD No. 95, Jalan Seroja 39, Taman Johor Jaya 81000 Johor Bahru, Johor West Malaysia	Tel. +60 7 3549409 Fax +60 7 3541404 sales@sew-eurodrive.com.my
Mexiko			
Assembly Sales Service	Quéretaro	SEW-EURODRIVE MEXICO S.A. de C.V. SEM-981118-M93 Tequisquiapan No. 102 Parque Industrial Quéretaro C.P. 76220 Querétaro, México	Tel. +52 442 1030-300 Fax +52 442 1030-301 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.mx scmexico@seweurodrive.com.mx
Sales Service	Puebla	SEW-EURODRIVE MEXICO S.A. de C.V. Calzada Zavaleta No. 3922 Piso 2 Local 6 Col. Santa Cruz Buenavista C.P. 72154 Puebla, México	Tel. +52 (222) 221 248 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.mx scmexico@seweurodrive.com.mx
Mongolia			
Technical Office	Ulaanbaatar	IM Trading LLC Olympic street 28B/3 Sukhbaatar district, Ulaanbaatar 14230	Tel. +976-77109997 Tel. +976-99070395 Fax +976-77109997 http://imt.mn/ imt@imt.mn
Morocco			
Sales Service	Bouskoura	SEW-EURODRIVE Morocco Parc Industriel CFCIM, Lot 55 and 59 Bouskoura	Tel. +212 522 88 85 00 Fax +212 522 88 84 50 http://www.sew-eurodrive.ma sew@sew-eurodrive.ma
Namibia			
Sales	Swakopmund	DB Mining & Industrial Services Einstein Street Strauss Industrial Park Unit1 Swakopmund	Tel. +264 64 462 738 Fax +264 64 462 734 anton@dbminingnam.com
Netherlands			
Assembly Sales Service	Rotterdam	SEW-EURODRIVE B.V. Industrieweg 175 3044 AS Rotterdam Postbus 10085 3004 AB Rotterdam	Tel. +31 10 4463-700 Fax +31 10 4155-552 Service: 0800-SEWHELP http://www.sew-eurodrive.nl info@sew-eurodrive.nl





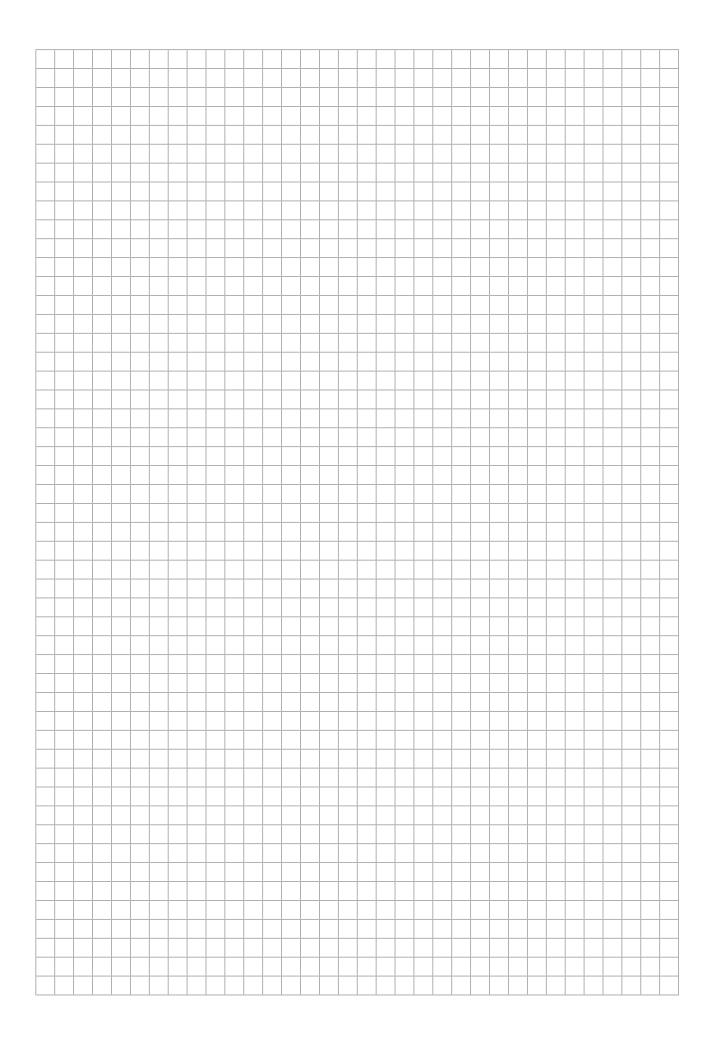
Sambia			
representation: S	South Africa		
Senegal			
Sales	Dakar	SENEMECA Mécanique Générale Km 8, Route de Rufisque B.P. 3251, Dakar	Tel. +221 338 494 770 Fax +221 338 494 771 http://www.senemeca.com senemeca@senemeca.sn
Serbia			
Sales	Belgrade	DIPAR d.o.o. Ustanicka 128a PC Košum, IV floor 11000 Beograd	Tel. +381 11 347 3244 / +381 11 288 0393 Fax +381 11 347 1337 office@dipar.rs
Singapore			
Assembly Sales Service	Singapore	SEW-EURODRIVE PTE. LTD. No 9, Tuas Drive 2 Jurong Industrial Estate Singapore 638644	Tel. +65 68621701 Fax +65 68612827 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.sg sewsingapore@sew-eurodrive.com
Slovakia			
Sales	Bratislava	SEW-Eurodrive SK s.r.o. Rybničná 40 831 06 Bratislava	Tel.+421 2 33595 202, 217, 201 Fax +421 2 33595 200 http://www.sew-eurodrive.sk sew@sew-eurodrive.sk
	Košice	SEW-Eurodrive SK s.r.o. Slovenská ulica 26 040 01 Košice	Tel. +421 55 671 2245 Fax +421 55 671 2254 Mobile +421 907 671 976 sew@sew-eurodrive.sk
Slovenia			
Sales Service	Celje	Pakman - Pogonska Tehnika d.o.o. UI. XIV. divizije 14 3000 Celje	Tel. +386 3 490 83-20 Fax +386 3 490 83-21 pakman@siol.net
South Africa			
Assembly Sales Service	Johannesburg	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED Eurodrive House Cnr. Adcock Ingram and Aerodrome Roads Aeroton Ext. 2 Johannesburg 2013 P.O.Box 90004 Bertsham 2013	Tel. +27 11 248-7000 Fax +27 11 248-7289 http://www.sew.co.za info@sew.co.za
	Cape Town	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED Rainbow Park Cnr. Racecourse & Omuramba Road Montague Gardens Cape Town P.O.Box 36556 Chempet 7442	Tel. +27 21 552-9820 Fax +27 21 552-9830 Telex 576 062 bgriffiths@sew.co.za
	Durban	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED 48 Prospecton Road Isipingo Durban P.O. Box 10433, Ashwood 3605	Tel. +27 31 902 3815 Fax +27 31 902 3826 cdejager@sew.co.za
	Nelspruit	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED 7 Christie Crescent Vintonia P.O.Box 1942 Nelspruit 1200	Tel. +27 13 752-8007 Fax +27 13 752-8008 robermeyer@sew.co.za
South Korea			
Assembly Sales Service	Ansan	SEW-EURODRIVE KOREA CO., LTD. 7, Dangjaengi-ro, Danwon-gu, Ansan-si, Gyeonggi-do, Zip 425-839	Tel. +82 31 492-8051 Fax +82 31 492-8056 http://www.sew-eurodrive.kr master.korea@sew-eurodrive.com

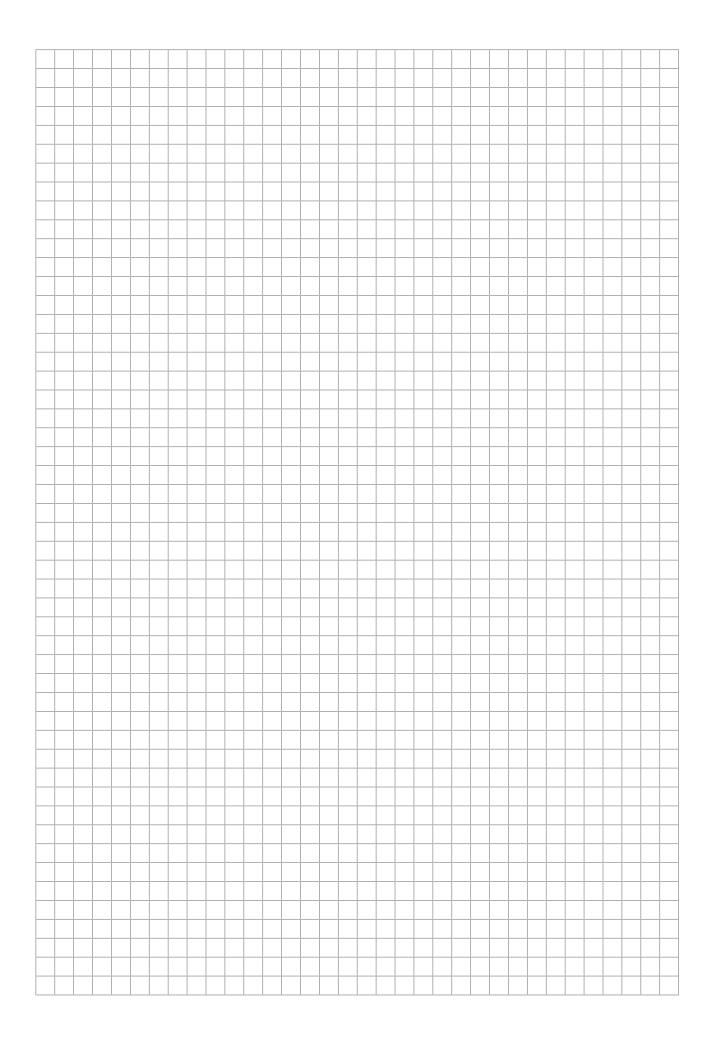


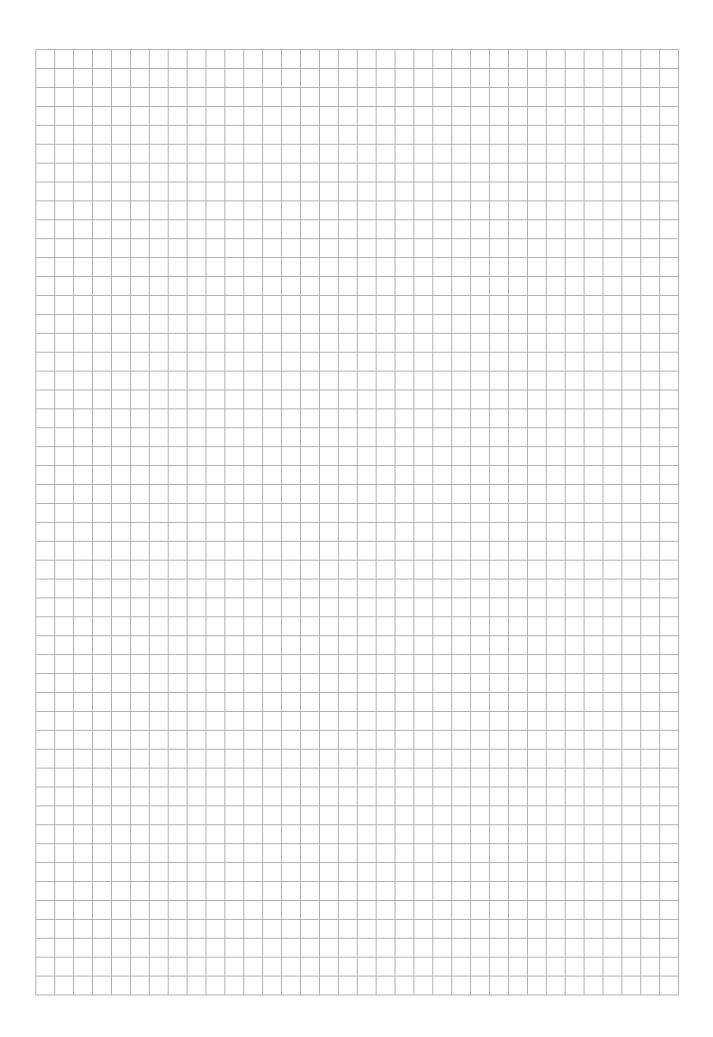


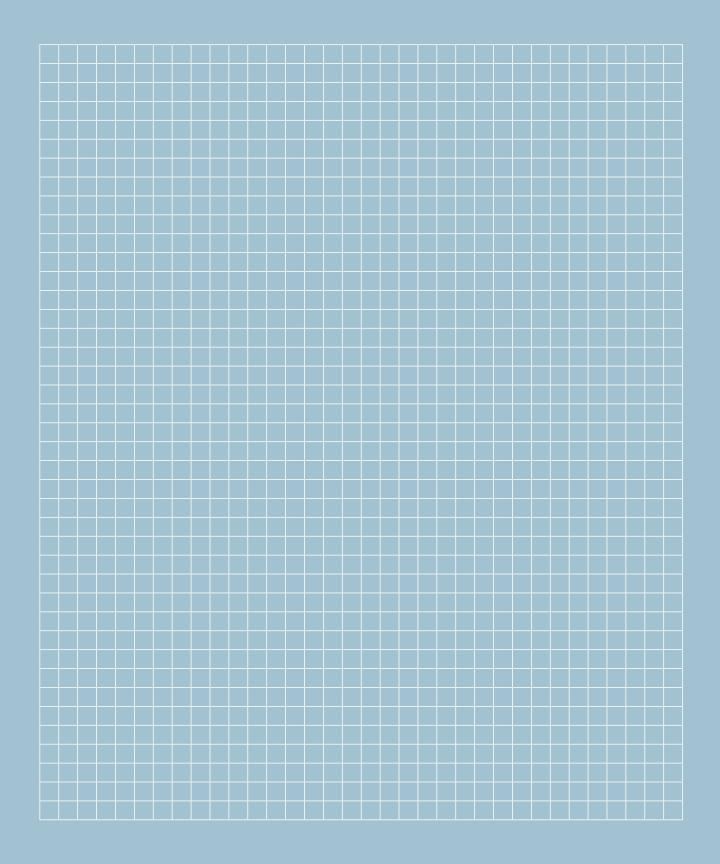
United Arab Em	irates				
Sales Service	Dubai	SEW-EURODRIVE FZE PO Box 263835 Office No. S3A1SR03 Jebel Ali Free Zone – South, Dubai, United Arab Emirates	Tel. +971 (0)4 8806461 Fax +971 (0)4 8806464 http://www.sew-eurodrive.ae info@sew-eurodrive.ae		
Ukraine					
Assembly Sales Service	Dnipropetrovs	ООО «СЕВ-Евродрайв»ул. Рабочая, 23-В, офис 40949008 Днепр	Tel. +380 56 370 3211 Fax +380 56 372 2078 http://www.sew-eurodrive.ua sew@sew-eurodrive.ua		
Uruguay					
Assembly Sales	Montevideo	SEW-EURODRIVE Uruguay, S. A. Jose Serrato 3569 Esqina Corumbe CP 12000 Montevideo	Tel. +598 2 21181-89 Fax +598 2 21181-90 sewuy@sew-eurodrive.com.uy		
USA					
Production Assembly Sales Service	Southeast Region	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. 1295 Old Spartanburg Highway P.O. Box 518 Lyman, S.C. 29365	Tel. +1 864 439-7537 Fax Sales +1 864 439-7830 Fax Production +1 864 439-9948 Fax Assembly +1 864 439-0566 Fax Confidential/HR +1 864 949-5557 http://www.seweurodrive.com cslyman@seweurodrive.com		
Assembly Sales Service	Northeast Region	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. Pureland Ind. Complex 2107 High Hill Road, P.O. Box 481 Bridgeport, New Jersey 08014	Tel. +1 856 467-2277 Fax +1 856 845-3179 csbridgeport@seweurodrive.com		
	Midwest Region	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. 2001 West Main Street Troy, Ohio 45373	Tel. +1 937 335-0036 Fax +1 937 332-0038 cstroy@seweurodrive.com		
	Southwest Region	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. 3950 Platinum Way Dallas, Texas 75237	Tel. +1 214 330-4824 Fax +1 214 330-4724 csdallas@seweurodrive.com		
	Western Region	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. 30599 San Antonio St. Hayward, CA 94544	Tel. +1 510 487-3560 Fax +1 510 487-6433 cshayward@seweurodrive.com		
	Wellford	SEW-EURODRIVE INC. 148/150 Finch Rd. Wellford, S.C. 29385	Tel. +1 864 439-7537 Fax +1 864 661 1167 IGOrders@seweurodrive.com		
	Additional addresses for service provided on request!				
Vietnam					
Sales	Ho Chi Minh City	Nam Trung Co., Ltd Hué - South Vietnam / Construction Materials 250 Binh Duong Avenue, Thu Dau Mot Town, Binh Duong Province HCM office: 91 Tran Minh Quyen Street District 10, Ho Chi Minh City	Tel. +84 8 8301026 Fax +84 8 8392223 khanh-nguyen@namtrung.com.vn http://www.namtrung.com.vn		
	Hanoi	MICO LTD Quảng Trị - North Vietnam / All sectors except Construction Materials 8th Floor, Ocean Park Building, 01 Dao Duy Anh St, Ha Noi, Viet Nam	Tel. +84 4 39386666 Fax +84 4 3938 6888 nam_ph@micogroup.com.vn http://www.micogroup.com.vn		















SEWEURODRIVE

SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Str. 42 76646 BRUCHSAL GERMANY

Tel. +49 7251 75-0 Fax +49 7251 75-1970 sew@sew-eurodrive.com

→ www.sew-eurodrive.com