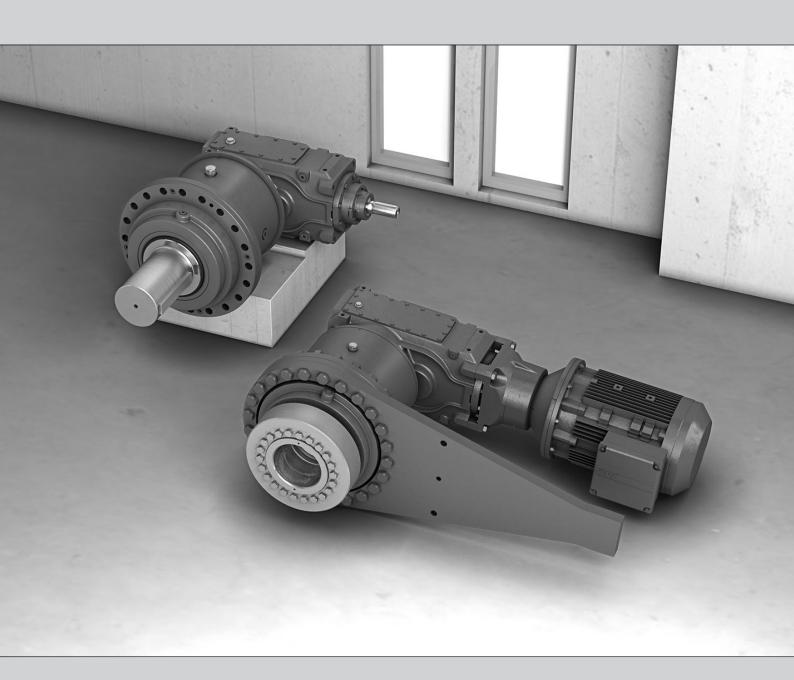


# **Assembly and Operating Instructions**



Industrial Gear Units

**P-X Series** 

Torque classes from 100 kNm to 500 kNm

Edition 11/2016 23039728/EN





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### 1 General information

# 1.1 About the operating instructions

Operating instructions are an integral part of the product and contain important information for operation and service. The operating instructions are written for all employees who assemble, install, start up, and service the product.

The operating instructions must be legible and accessible at all times. Ensure that persons responsible for the machinery and its operation as well as persons who work on the device independently have read through the documentation carefully and understood it. If you are unclear about any of the information in this documentation or require further information, please contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

# 1.2 Structure of the safety notes

#### 1.2.1 Meaning of signal words

The following table shows the grading and meaning of the signal words for safety notes

Signal word	Meaning	Consequences if disregarded
▲ DANGER	Imminent hazard	Severe or fatal injuries.
<b>▲</b> WARNING	Possible dangerous situation	Severe or fatal injuries.
<b>▲</b> CAUTION	Possible dangerous situation	Minor injuries
NOTICE	Possible damage to property	Damage to the drive system or its environment.
INFORMATION	Useful information or tip: Simplifies handling of the drive system.	

#### 1.2.2 Structure of section-related safety notes

Section-related safety notes do not apply to a specific action but to several actions pertaining to one subject. The hazard symbols used either indicate a general hazard or a specific hazard.

This is the formal structure of a safety note for a specific section:



#### **SIGNAL WORD**

Type and source of hazard.

Possible consequence(s) if disregarded.

Measure(s) to prevent the hazard.

# Meaning of the hazard symbols

The hazard symbols in the safety notes have the following meaning:

Hazard symbol	Meaning
	General hazard
	Warning of dangerous electrical voltage
	Warning of hot surfaces
-BMS-	Warning of risk of crushing
	Warning of suspended load
	Warning of automatic restart

# 1.2.3 Structure of embedded safety notes

Embedded safety notes are directly integrated into the instructions just before the description of the dangerous action.

This is the formal structure of an embedded safety note:

▲ SIGNAL WORD Type and source of hazard. Possible consequence(s) if disregarded. Measure(s) to prevent the hazard.

# 1.3 Rights to claim under limited warranty

Read the information in this documentation. This is essential for fault-free operation and fulfillment of any rights to claim under limited warranty. Read the documentation before you start working with the product.

# 1.4 Exclusion of liability

Read the information in this documentation, otherwise safe operation is impossible. You must comply with the information contained in this documentation to achieve the specified product characteristics and performance features. SEW-EURODRIVE assumes no liability for injury to persons or damage to equipment or property resulting from non-observance of these operating instructions. In such cases, SEW-EURODRIVE assumes no liability for defects.

# 1.5 Copyright notice

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# 2 Safety notes

The following basic safety notes must be read carefully to prevent injury to persons and damage to property. The user must ensure that the basic safety notes are read and observed. Ensure that persons responsible for the machinery and its operation as well as persons who work on the unit independently have read through the documentation carefully and understood it. If you are unclear about any of the information in this documentation, or if you require further information, please contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

# 2.1 Preliminary remark

The following safety notes are primarily concerned with the use of gear units. If using gearmotors, also refer to the safety notes for motors in the corresponding operating instructions.

Also observe the supplementary safety notes in the individual sections of these operating instructions.

#### 2.2 General



# **A WARNING**

During operation, the gear units can have movable or rotating parts and hot surfaces

Severe or fatal injuries

- All work related to transportation, storage, installation, assembly, connection, startup, maintenance and repair may only be carried out by qualified personnel, in strict observance of:
  - The relevant detailed operating instructions
  - Warning and safety signs on the gear unit
  - All other project planning documents, operating instructions and wiring diagrams related to the drive
  - The specific regulations and requirements for the system
  - The national/regional regulations governing safety and the prevention of accidents
- Never install damaged products.
- Report any damage to the shipping company immediately.
- Removing covers without authorization, improper use or incorrect installation and operation may result in severe injuries to persons or damage to machinery.

Refer to the documentation for additional information.



# 2.3 Target group

Specialist for mechanical work

Any mechanical work may only be performed by adequately qualified personnel. Qualified personnel in the context of this documentation are persons familiar with the design, mechanical installation, troubleshooting and maintenance of the product, who possess the following qualifications:

- Qualification in the field of mechanics according to applicable national regulation.
- They are familiar with this documentation

Specialist for electrotechnical work

Any electronic work may only be performed by adequately skilled persons (electrically). Qualified electricians in the context of this documentation are persons familiar with electrical installation, startup, troubleshooting and servicing of the product who possess the following qualifications:

- Qualification in the field of electrical engineering according to applicable national regulation.
- · They are familiar with this documentation

Instructed persons

All work in the areas of transportation, storage, operation and waste disposal must be carried out by persons who are trained appropriately. The purpose of the instruction is that the persons are capable of performing the required tasks and work steps in a safe and correct manner.

All qualified personnel must wear appropriate protective clothing.

# 2.4 Designated use

The industrial gear units are gear units run by motors for industrial and commercial systems. The units may only be run at the speeds and powers shown in the technical data or on the nameplate. Implementing gear unit loads other than the permitted values or operating the gear units in areas of application other than industrial and commercial systems is only permitted after consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE.

Use in potentially explosive atmospheres is prohibited, unless specifically designated otherwise.

In compliance with the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the industrial gear units are components for installation in machinery and systems. In the area of application of the EC directive, you must not start up the machinery in the designated fashion until you have established that the finished product complies with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

# 2.5 Other applicable documentation

The following documentation and documents should also be observed:

- Catalog P-X series
- · Order documents, e.g. dimension sheet, order confirmation, etc.
- If required, the "AC Motors" operating instructions
- · Operating instructions of the options installed, if required



# 2.6 Safety symbols on the gear unit

# **A CAUTION**

Safety/caution signs and safety symbols can become dirty or illegible over time. Risk of injury due to illegible symbols.

- Always make sure that safety, warning, and operating notes are legible.
- Replace damaged safety/caution signs and safety symbols.

The safety symbols on the gear unit must be observed. They have the following meaning:

Safety symbols	Meaning	
	Indicates the oil dipstick.	
	Indicates the oil level glass.	
	Indicates the oil sight glass.	
	Indicates the <b>oil filling location</b> . Also serves as proper venting during the oil change.	
	Indicates the oil drain.	
	Indicates the position of the <b>breather</b> . Serves to avoid mistaking the oil measuring position for the venting position.	
	Indicates the positions for <b>relubrication</b> and makes it easier to find the locations to be lubricated. Helps avoid bearing damage.	
H <sub>2</sub> O	Indicates the water supply and serves to locate the connection option.	
H <sub>2</sub> O	Indicates the water return and serves to locate the connection option.	
Soil Soil	Indicates the <b>oil supply</b> and serves to locate the connection option.	
Soil Soil	Indicates the <b>oil return</b> and serves to locate the connection option.	



Safety symbols	Meaning		
°C C	Indicates the position of the temperature sensor/temperature switch.		
(Sept)	Indicates the <b>grease drain plug</b> and serves to locate the grease drain. Helps avoid bearing damage.		
ñ	Helps avoid errors caused by lack of understanding. Read the information in the operating instructions.		
	For pivoted mounting positions, this symbol on the information sign indicates the mounting position of the gear unit for <b>checking the oil</b> .		
	Indicates the bleeder screw.		
SSS	Caution: Risk of burns caused by hot surface.		
STOP	Caution: Removing the dipstick during operation may result in damage to the gear unit.		
	Caution: Risk of burns due to hot gear oil.		

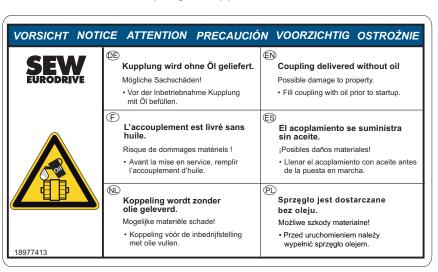
After startup, you may remove the following labels from the gear unit.

#### Meaning The brake is not set at the factory. VORSICHT NOTICE ATTENTION PRECAUCIÓN VOORZICHTIG OSTROŻNIE Die Bremse ist ab Werk nicht eingestellt. The brake has not been set at the factory Potential damage to property! Mögliche Sachschäden! Bremse vor der Inbetriebnahme gemäß Betriebsanleitung einstellen · Prior to startup, set the brake according to the operating instructions Ē ES El freno no viene ajustado Le frein n'est pas réglé d'usine de fábrica. ¡Posibles daños mat Risque de dommages matériels ! Avant la mise en service, régler le frein • Antes de la puesta en marcha, ajustar el freno según las conformément aux instructions de la notice d'exploitation. instrucciones de funcionamiento. Hamulec nie jest ustawiony fabrycznie. De rem is niet af fabriek ingesteld. Mogelijke materiële schade! Możliwe szkody materialne! Przed uruchomieniem należy ustawić hamulec zgodnie • Rem voor de inbedrijfstelling conform technische handleiding instellen z wytycznymi z instrukcji obsługi. 18855199 9007204570571147 The coupling is supplied without grease. VORSICHT NOTICE ATTENTION PRECAUCIÓN VOORZICHTIG OSTROŻNIE Coupling delivered without Kupplung wird ohne Fett geliefert. Mögliche Sachschäden! Possible damage to property. Vor der Inbetriebnahme Kupplung mit Fett befüllen. · Fill coupling with grease prior to startup. E ES L'accouplement est livré sans graisse. El acoplamiento se suministra sin grasa. ¡Posibles daños materiales! Risque de dommages matériels! Llenar el acoplamiento con grasa antes de la puesta en marcha. · Avant la mise en service, remplir l'accouplement de graisse Koppeling wordt zonder vet geleverd. Sprzęgło jest dostarczane bez smaru. Mogelijke materiële schade! Możliwe szkody materialne! Koppeling vóór de inbedrijfstelling Przed uruchomieniem należy met vet vullen wypełnić sprzęgło smarem. 18977405



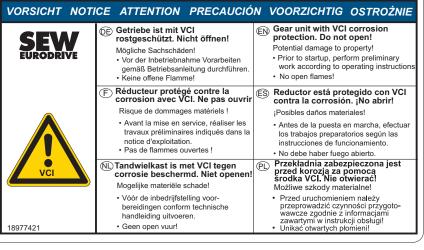
#### Meaning

#### The coupling is supplied without oil.



9007204571876363

### The gear unit is protected against corrosion with VCI.





#### Meaning Gear unit is supplied without oil. VORSICHT NOTICE ATTENTION PRECAUCIÓN VOORZICHTIG OSTROŻNIE (EN) Getriebe wird ohne Öl geliefert. Gear unit is delivered without oil. Mögliche Sachschäden! Potential damage to property! Prior to startup, fill in oil according to operating instructions. Vor der Inbetriebnahme Ölbefüllung gemäß Betriebsanleitung durchführen. ES El reductor se suministra Le réducteur ne contient pas d'huile à la livraison. sin aceite. Dommages matériels possibles ! ¡Posibles daños materiales! Avant la mise en service, effectuer le remplissage d'huile conformément à la notice d'exploitation. Antes de la puesta en marcha, efectuar el llenado de aceite según las instrucciones de funcionamiento. Przekładnia jest dostarczana Tandwielkast wordt zonder olie geleverd. bez oleju. Mogelijke materië schade! Możliwe szkody materialne! Vóór de inbedrijfstelling olie conform technische handleiding bijvullen. Przed uruchomieniem należy wlać olej zgodnie z informacjami zawartymi w instrukcji obsługi. 9007204570577675

# 2.7 Safety symbols on the dimension sheet

The safety symbols on the dimension sheet must be observed. They have the following meaning:

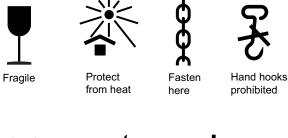
Safety symbol	Meaning
	Indicates the position of the oil dipstick.
	Indicates the position of the oil level glass.
	Indicates the position of the oil sight glass.
	Indicates the oil filling location.
-\\\\-\\\\-\\\\\-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Indicates the oil drain.
	Indicates the position of the <b>breather</b> .
R	Indicates the position of the relubrication points.
	Indicates the position of the relubrication points.
Fett	Indicates the position of the grease outlet.
G 1/4"	Indicates the water inflow with connection dimensions.
G 1/4*	Indicates the water return with connection dimensions.
<b>S</b> OIL	Indicates the oil inflow.
OIL	Indicates the oil return.
N 121 S	Indicates the position of the magnetic screw plug.
<b>\$</b>	Indicates the position of the inspection cover.
	Indicates the position of the attachment points for <b>transport</b> .
	Indicates the position of the torque arm.
M8	Indicates the position of the operator's <b>vibration sensor</b> with connection dimensions.
**	Indicates the position of the air outlet screw.



Safety symbol	Meaning
	Indicates the position of the <b>oil heater</b> .
W H	Indicates the oil level plug.

#### Symbols on the packaging 2.8

The symbols on the packaging must be observed. They have the following meaning:







# 2.9 Transport

#### 2.9.1 General information

# ) IIII

#### **A WARNING**

Suspended loads can fall.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- · Do not stand under the suspended load.
- · Secure the danger zone.
- Use suitable, sufficiently rated and undamaged handling equipment.
- Consider the gear unit dimensions, the center of gravity and the weight that has
  to be moved when selecting lifting equipment or crane (see dimension drawing).
   The weight to be moved is the total weight of the drive package including mounton components (not only the weight of the gear unit).

# Lifted

# **A WARNING**

Lifted loads may fall over.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- · Secure the gear unit against falling over during the lifting process.
- · Secure the danger zone.
- Use suitable, sufficiently rated and undamaged handling equipment.
- Consider the gear unit dimensions, the center of gravity and the weight that has
  to be moved when selecting lifting equipment or crane (see order documents).
  The weight to be moved is the total weight of the drive package including mounton components (not only the weight of the gear unit).



#### **A CAUTION**

Risk of slipping of unsecured mount-on components, such as keys.

Potential risk of crushing due to falling parts.

· Secure the mount-on components.



### **A CAUTION**

Danger due to lubricant leaking from damaged seals and the breather.

Minor injuries.

- Check the gear unit and mount-on components for leaking lubricant.
- The seals must not come in contact with cleaning agent as this may damage the seals.
- Protect the breather against damage.
- Make sure that there is not too much oil in the gear unit. If the oil level is too high and the temperature rises, lubricant may escape from the breather valve.

#### NOTICE

Improper transport can damage the gear unit.

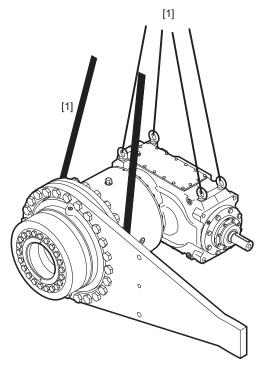
Possible damage to property.

- Note the following information.
- Inspect the shipment for damage as soon as you receive the delivery. Inform the shipping company immediately about any damage. It may be necessary to suspend startup.
- The weight of the gear unit (without oil) is indicated on the nameplate or on the dimension sheet. Observe the loads and specifications given there.
- If possible, transport the gear unit without oil fill. If this is not possible, note that the weight indicated on the nameplate refers only to the no-load weight of the gear unit, and replace the breather with a screw plug.
- The gear unit must be transported in a manner that prevents damage to the gear unit and to mount-on components. For example, impacts against exposed shaft ends can damage the gear unit.
- Use only the prescribed suspension points [1] to transport the gear unit (see order documents). The load suspensions of the motor or mount-on components are provided for stabilization purposes only.
- Observe that the eyebolt are screwed in completely and must be flush to the contact surface. Observe the following note.

Eyebolts DIN 580/DIN 582		
Correct: Angle of tension force vector towards the ring plane, max. 45°	Incorrect: Tension away from the ring plane	
45° 0° 45°		

# 2.9.2 Transport without motor

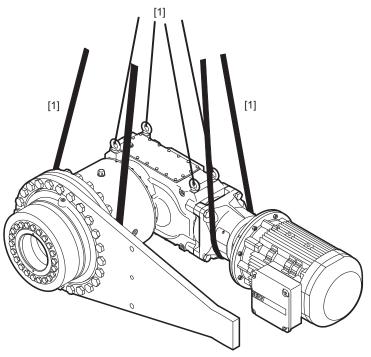
The following figure illustrates how to transport the gear unit with the provided lifting points [1].



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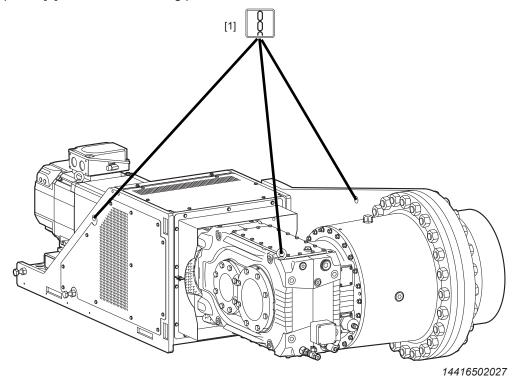
# 2.9.3 Transport with motor

The following figure illustrates how to transport the gear unit with the provided lifting points [1].



#### 2.9.4 Transport with motor scoop

The following figure illustrates how to transport the gear unit with the provided lifting points [1]. For the actual lifting points refer to the order dimension sheet.



# 2.10 Storage and transport conditions

The gear units can be provided with the following protection and packaging types depending on the storage and transport conditions.

#### 2.10.1 Internal conservation

#### Standard corrosion protection

After the test run, the test oil fill is drained out of the gear unit. The remaining oil film protects the gear unit against corrosion for a limited period of time. If specified in the order, the gear unit can be delivered with oil. Refer to the order documents for more information.

#### Long-term corrosion protection

After the test run, the test oil fill is drained out of the gear unit and the interior space is filled with a vapor phase inhibitor. The breather is replaced by a screw plug and included in the gear unit delivery.

Corrosion protection with VCI anti-corrosion agent is not permitted for gear units that are operated with food grade lubricants. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in such cases.



#### 2.10.2 Exterior corrosion protection

The following measures are taken for exterior corrosion protection:

- Anti-corrosion agent is applied to bare, non-painted functional surfaces of shafts, flanges, mounting and foot surfaces of the housing. The anti-corrosion agent must be removed with a suitable solvent that does not damage the oil seal.
- Small spare parts and loose pieces, such as bolts, nuts, etc., are packed in corrosion protection plastic bags (VCI corrosion protection bags).
- Threaded holes and blind holes are covered by plastic plugs.
- If the gear unit is stored longer than 6 months, regularly check the protective coating of unpainted areas as well as the paint coating. Areas in which the protective coating and/or painting has been damaged may have to be repainted.

#### 2.10.3 Packaging

#### Standard packaging

The gear unit is delivered on a pallet, securely attached and without cover.

Use: Land transport

### Long-term packaging

The gear unit is delivered in a wooden box that is also appropriate for sea transport.

Use: Sea transport and/or for extended storage

#### 2.10.4 Storage conditions

#### NOTICE

Improper storage may result in damages to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- During storage up to startup, the gear unit must be stored in a shock-free manner to prevent damage to the rolling bearing raceways.
- The output shaft must be rotated at least one full rotation every 6 months so that the position of the rolling elements in the bearings of the input and output shafts changes.

#### INFORMATION



The gear units are delivered without oil as standard; different protection systems are required depending on the storage period and storage conditions as shown in the following table.

Corrosion protection + packaging	Storage location	Storage duration
Standard corrosion protection	Under roof and enclosed at constant temperature and atmospheric humidity (5 °C < 9 < 60 °C, < 50% relative humidity).	Max. 6 months with intact surface protection.
Standard packaging	No sudden temperature fluctuations. Controlled ventilation with filter (free from dust and dirt). No aggressive vapors, no shocks.	



Corrosion protection + packaging	Storage location	Storage duration
Long-term corrosion protection +	Under roof and enclosed at constant temperature and atmospheric humidity (5 °C < 9 < 60 °C, < 50% relative humidity).	Max. 3 years with regular inspection and checking for intactness.
Standard packaging	No sudden temperature fluctuations. Controlled ventilation of the storage location with filter (free from dust and dirt). No aggressive vapors, no shocks.	
Long-term corrosion protection +	With roof, protected against rain and shocks.	Max. 3 years with regular inspection and checking for intactness.
Long-term packaging		

# **INFORMATION**



If stored in tropical zones, provide for sufficient protection against insect damage. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE for differing requirements.

# 3 Gear unit structure

# 3.1 P-X gear unit series

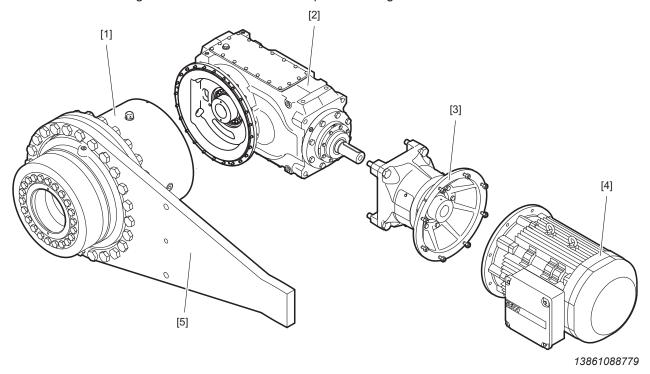
The P-X gear unit is a combination of:

- · P.. planetary gear unit output stage
- · X.. series primary gear unit bevel-helical gear unit
- · Mount-on components: Motor, coupling and motor adapter

There are 7 sizes of P-X series gear units with rated torques from 10070 Nm to 50000 Nm.

The gear units have a **shared oil chamber**.

The following figure shows a sample combination of a planetary gear unit, a primary gear unit and a motor with torque arm design.



- [1] Planetary gear unit
- [2] X.. series bevel-helical gear unit
- [3] Motor adapter

- [4] Motor
- [5] Torque arm design



# 3.2 Nameplate

# 3.2.1 P-X gear unit series

The following example shows the structure of the nameplate.

o sew-eurodrive			Bruch	nsal / Germany O		
Type PHF042/TX2KP110						
Nr. 1 01.7167312345.0001						
PK1	kW	34.98	i		226	
MK2	Nm	50000	FS		2.00	
n1	1/min	1477	PM	kW	37	
n2	1/min	6.5	Ta	°C	030	
IM	M1					
Made in Germany						
		Weight kg	565		Year 2015	
CLP 320 Mineral Oil ~ 95 L O						

Туре		Type designation	
No. 1		Production number	
P <sub>K1</sub>	kW	Operating power on the input shaft (HSS)	
M <sub>K2</sub>	Nm	Gear unit output torque	
n <sub>1</sub>	1/min	Input speed (HSS)	
$n_{2}$	1/min	Output speed (LSS)	
i		Exact gear unit ratio	
Fs		Service factor	
P <sub>M</sub>	kW	Nominal motor power	
T <sub>a</sub>	°C	Approved temperature range	
IM		Mounting position	
Weight	kg	Weight of the gear unit	
Year		Year of manufacture	
₩		Oil grade and viscosity class/oil quantity	

# 3.3 Type designation

The type designation is set up as follows:

PHF042 /T X2KP110/HP/F			
P	P series planetary gear unit		
PH	Foot-mounted design, hollow shaft with shrink disk		
PF	Flange-mounted design, solid shaft		
PHF	Flange-mounted design, hollow shaft with shrink disk		
042	Size		
/T	Torque arm		
X2KP	X series bevel-helical gear unit		
110	Size		
/HP	Housing for planetary gear unit		
/F	Flange-mounted design		

# 3.4 Abbreviations for output shaft designs

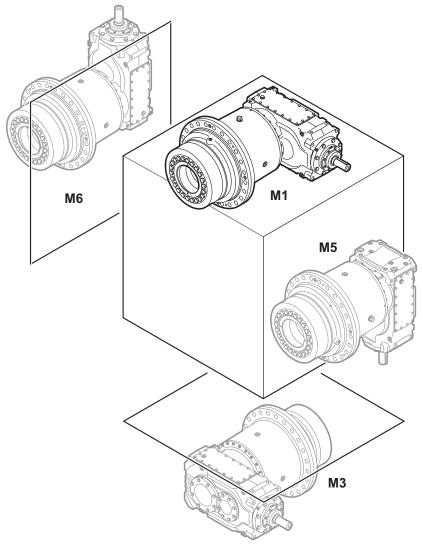
Gear unit design	Abbrevi- ation	Meaning
Foot-mounted design	Р	Solid shaft with key
(solid shaft)		Solid shaft with 2 keys (optional)
	PR	Solid shaft with key
	PL	Splined solid shaft
Flange-mounted design	PF	Solid shaft with key
(solid shaft)		Solid shaft with 2 keys (optional)
	PRF	Solid shaft with key
	PLF	Splined solid shaft
Foot-mounted design	PH	Hollow shaft with shrink disk
(hollow shaft)	PV	Splined hollow shaft
Flange-mounted design	PHF	Hollow shaft with shrink disk
(hollow shaft)	PVF	Splined hollow shaft



# 3.5 Mounting positions

# 3.5.1 Standard mounting position

The mounting position defines the spatial orientation of the gear unit housing and is designated **M1...M6**. The standard mounting position is **M1**.



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# **INFORMATION**



Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in case of a mounting position deviating from M1.



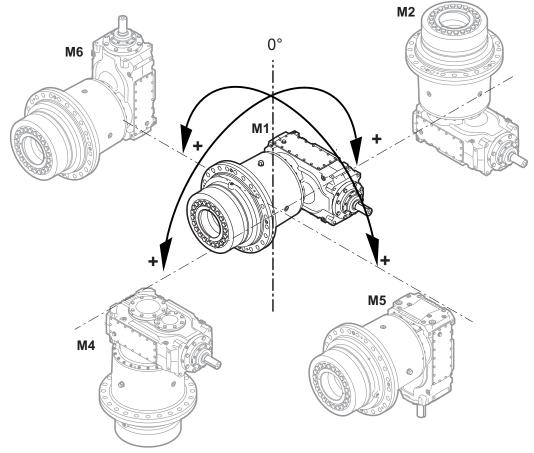
# 3.6 Fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions

Mounting positions deviating from the standard are differentiated between **fixed** and **variable** pivoted mounting positions.

# **INFORMATION**



- Fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions are only possible after consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE. Observe the order documents, such as the dimension sheet.
- Fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions might involve restrictions concerning accessories and technical data. Also, delivery times might be longer. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.





#### 3.6.1 Fixed pivoted mounting position

#### **Definition:**

Gear units with fixed pivoted mounting position have a fixed mounting position that differs from the standard.

This means the gear unit does not change its mounting position during operation.

#### Example:

The type designation is set up as follows:

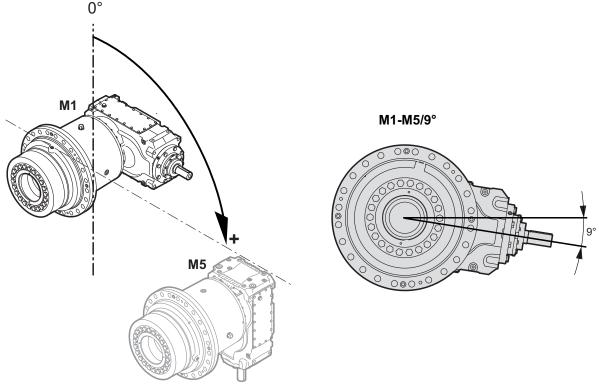
M1 = initial mounting position

**M5** = pivoting direction

**9°** = fixed pivoting angle

Pivoted from mounting position M1 to M5 by 9°

This results in the following fixed pivoted mounting position:

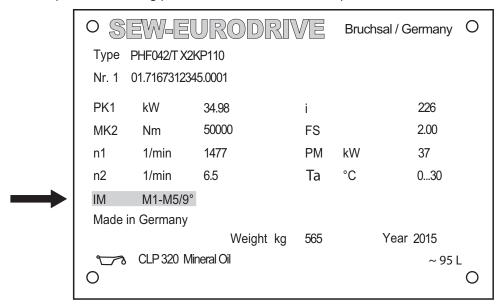


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The oil level is checked in the selected fixed pivoted mounting position.



The fixed pivoted mounting position is shown on the nameplate.





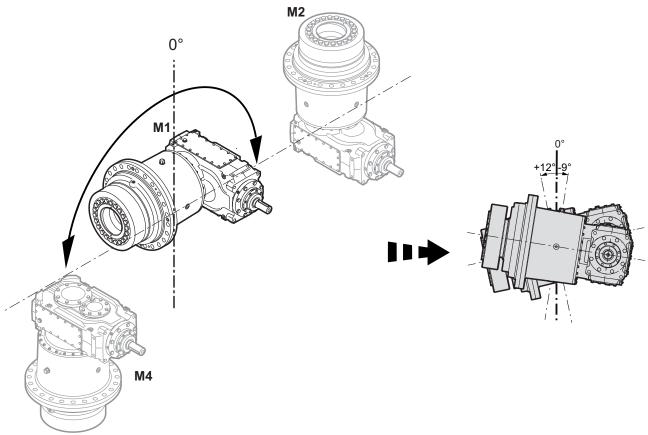
#### 3.6.2 Variable pivoted mounting position

#### **Definition:**

Gear units with variable pivoted mounting position can change the mounting position during operation **variably** within the specified max./min. range.

#### Example:

The gear unit is operated in variable pivoted mounting position M1 to M2 =  $9^{\circ}$  and M1 to M4 =  $12^{\circ}$ .

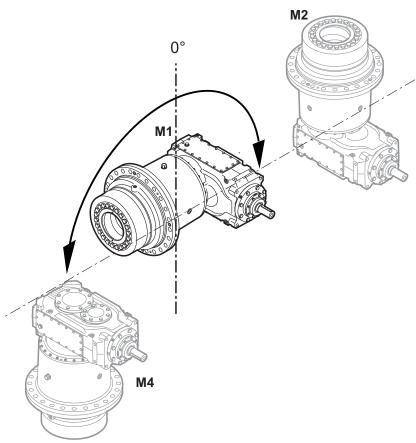


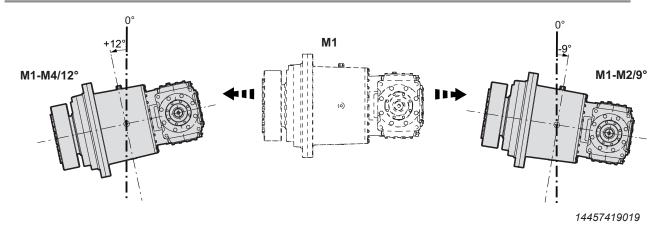
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#### Step 1:

The largest pivoting angle determines the positive pivoting direction ( $12^{\circ} > 9^{\circ}$ ). In this example, this is  $12^{\circ}$  towards M4.

Pivoted from M1 to M4 by +12°





The type designation for this example is:

# M1-M4/-9°...12°

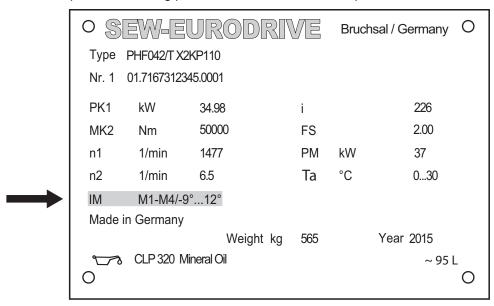
**M1** = Initial mounting position

**M4** = Pivoting direction

**12°** = pivoted from M1 to M4 by 12°

**-9°** = pivoted from M1 to M2 by  $9^\circ$  (= pivoted from M1 to M4 by  $-9^\circ$ )

The variable pivoted mounting position is shown on the nameplate.

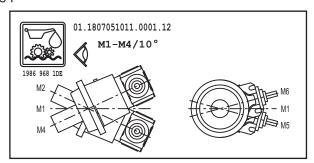


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#### Step 2:

For variable pivoted mounting positions, the customer must determine the pivoting angle in which the oil level is checked.

An additional nameplate is used to clearly indicate the oil check angle. This nameplate lists the mounting position for the oil level check.





#### Combination of fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions 3.6.3

Fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions can be combined.

#### **Example:**

The following example shows a combination of fixed and variable pivoted mounting position.

The type designation is set up as follows:

M1-M4/9° (fixed pivoted mounting position)

= initial mounting position

= pivoting direction Μ4

= fixed pivoting angle

M1-M6/–9°...12° (variable pivoted mounting position)

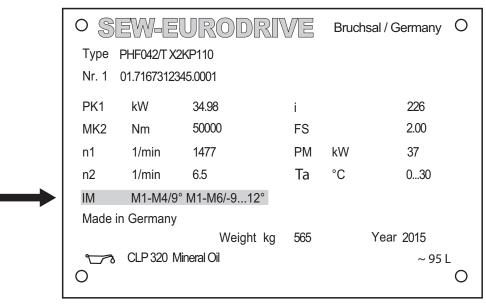
**M1** = initial mounting position

**M6** = pivoting direction

12° = 12° from M1 to M6

-9° =  $9^{\circ}$  from M1 to M5 (=  $-9^{\circ}$  from M1 to M6)

The fixed and variable pivoted mounting position are shown on the nameplate.



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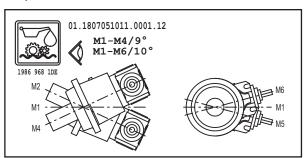
When combining fixed and variable pivoted mounting position, the customer must determine the variable pivoting angle in which the oil level is checked. The fixed angle for the oil level check is already defined.

The gear unit has an additional nameplate to ensure correct oil level checks. This nameplate lists the mounting position for the oil level check.



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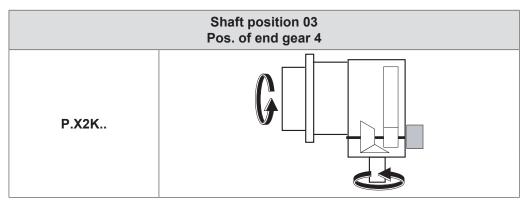
In this example, the operator checks the oil level at M1-M4/9° M1-M6/10°.



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# 3.7 Directions of rotation dependencies

The following figure shows the direction of rotation dependency between input and output shaft. The gear units as well as the position of the backstop are schematically shown.



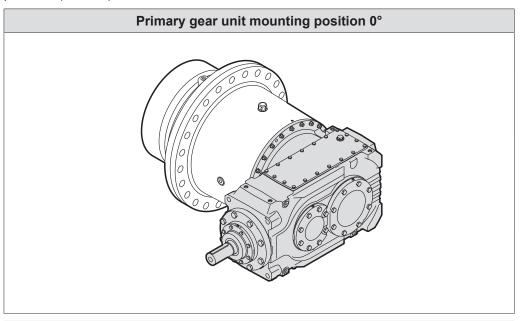
= Position of the backstop

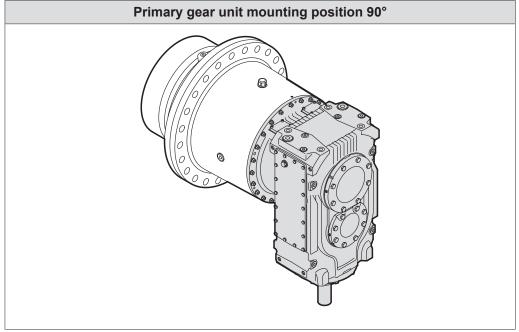


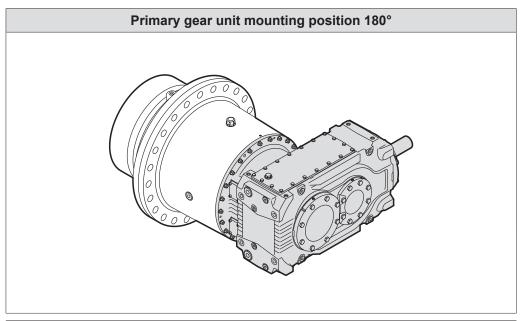
# 3.8 Mounting position of the primary gear unit

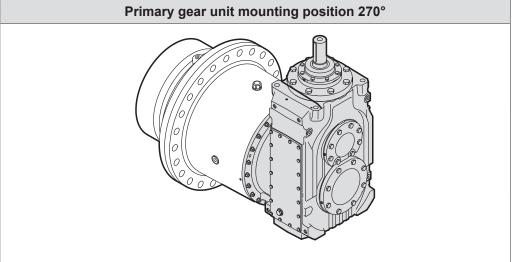
As standard, the primary gear unit can be mounted in the mounting positions 0°, 90°, 180° and 270°.

The following figure shows the planetary gear unit in mounting position M1. For additional information on the mounting position, refer to chapter "Mounting position" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  28).









# **INFORMATION**



In case of mounting positions of the primary gear unit of  $90^{\circ}$  (lower input shaft) and  $270^{\circ}$  (upper input shaft) contact SEW-EURODRIVE. In this case different accessories are available.

# 3.9 Sealing system

# 3.9.1 Input shaft

Standard	Dust-proof	Dust-proof Regreasable	Radial labyrinth seal (Taconite) Regreasable	
Single oil seal with dust protection lip	Single oil seal with dust protection cover	Double oil seal with dust protection cover	Single oil seal with radial labyrinth seal	
Normal environment	<b>Medium</b> dust load with abrasive particles	High dust load with abrasive particles	Very high dust load with abrasive particles	
[1] Optional with oil seal sleeve				

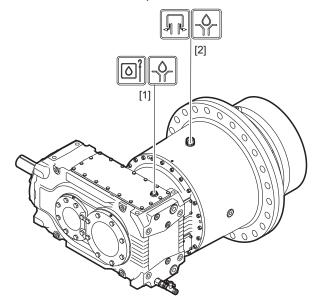
# 3.9.2 Output shaft

oloiz Output Shart			
Standard for mounting posi- tions M1/M3/M5/M6	Standard for mounting posi- tions M1/M3/M5/M6	Standard for mounting posi- tions M1/M3/M5/M6	Radial labyrinth seal Regreasable for mounting po- sitions M1/M3/M5/M6
Single oil seal, inside sealing with dust protection lip on a hardened sleeve [1]	2 oil seals, inside sealing on a hardened sleeve [1]	1 oil seal, inside sealing, and 1 oil seal, outside sealing, on a hardened sleeve [1]	Single oil seal with radial labyrinth seal on a hardened sleeve [1]
Normal environment	Medium dust load with abras-	High dust load with abrasive	Very high dust load with ab-
	ive particles	particles and splash water load	rasive particles
[1]		[1]	

# 3.10 Oil level check and gear unit venting

Due to the shared oil chamber, the oil level check is performed via oil dipstick [1] at the upper inspection cover of the primary gear unit depending on the mounting position. The gear unit venting [2] is performed at the planetary gear unit.

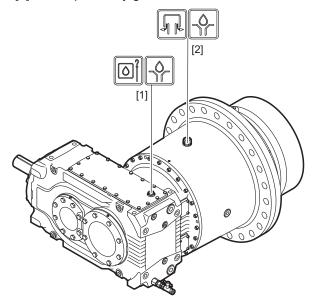
As standard, oil dipstick [1] and breather [2] are made of steel. They are available made of plastic or stainless steel as an option.



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#### 3.11 Oil filling

Oil filling can be performed either via the oil dipstick bores [1] on the primary gear unit or via the breather [2] on the planetary gear unit.



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Oil drain

#### 3.12 Oil drain

As standard the oil drain is performed via the oil drain valve [1] at the primary gear unit.

In case a complete oil drain is required, additional screw plugs [2] at the planetary gear unit or the primary gear unit [3] can be used.

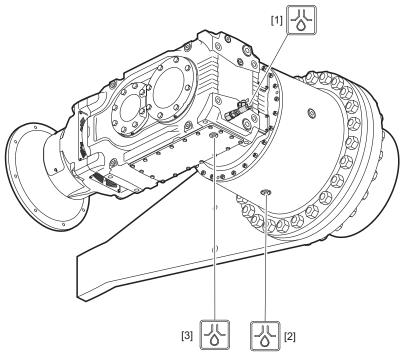
These screw plugs are optionally also available in magnetic design.

As an alternative, an additional oil drain valve can be attached to the planetary gear unit instead of the screw plug [2].

### **INFORMATION**

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The position of the oil drain can change at pivoted mounting positions. Please contact SEW-EURODRIVE in this case.



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### **NOTICE**

The oil drain valve might be damaged if it is not sufficiently secured.

Possible damage to property.

The oil drain valve must be additionally secured using a screw plug. At temperatures below -20 °C, the permeability of the valve might be limited.



# 3.13 Lubrication type

Splash lubrication is the standard lubrication type.

The mark on the oil dipstick is decisive for filling of the gear unit. Gearing and bearing parts that are not immersed in the oil bath are lubricated by splashing oil.

For other mounting positions than the mounting position M1 oil bath lubrication might be necessary. Please contact SEW-EURODRIVE in such cases.

# 3.14 Corrosion and surface protection

#### 3.14.1 OS surface protection

Gear units are available with surface protection OS1, OS2, and OS3.

The following table gives an overview of coating and surface protection systems.

SEW-EURODRIVE design	OS1 Low environmental impact	OS2 Medium environmental impact	OS3 High environmental impact
Used as surface protection with typical ambient condi- tions Corrosivity categories DIN EN ISO 12944-2			
	Suited for environments prone to condensation and atmospheres with low humidity or contamination, such as outdoor applications under roof or with protection, unheated buildings where condensation can build up.  According to corrosivity category: C2 (low)	humidity or mean atmospheric contamination, such as applica-	Suitable for environments with high humidity and occasionally severe atmospheric and chemical contamination. Occasionally acidic or caustic wet cleaning. Also for applications in coastal areas with moderate salt load.  According to corrosivity category: C4 (high)
Sample applications	Systems in saw mills     Agitators and mixers	<ul><li>Applications in gravel plants</li><li>Cableways</li></ul>	<ul><li>Port cranes</li><li>Sewage treatment plants</li><li>Mining applications</li></ul>
Condensation test ISO 6270	120 h	120 h	240 h
Salt spray test ISO 7253	_	240 h	480 h
Top coat color1)	RAL 7031	RAL 7031	RAL 7031
Color according to RAL	Yes	Yes	Yes
Uncoated parts shaft end/ flanges	Water and hand perspiration repe	lling anticorrosion agent applied at tl	ne factory for external preservation

<sup>1)</sup> Standard color

#### **INFORMATION**



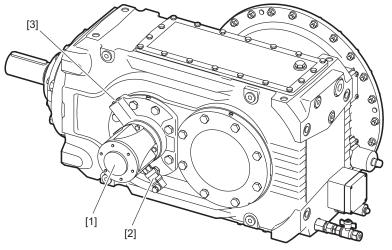
Sheet metal parts (e.g. protection covers) are painted in RAL 1003.

Special surface protection is also available, please contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

# 4 Structure of options

# 4.1 Shaft end pump /SEP

The figure shows an example of a shaft end pump.



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- [1] Shaft end pump
- [2] Pressure switch
- [3] Oil filling hole

With pressure lubrication, a direction-independent shaft end pump [1] supplies all bearing points and gearing outside the oil sump with oil via a tube system.

The shaft end pump [1] is mounted externally to the gear unit and is driven by the input shaft or intermediate shaft of the gear unit via a coupling. This ensures a high degree of reliability of the pump functions.

The shaft end pump [1] is available in 5 different pump sizes. The adequate flow rate for the specific application depends on the following factors:

- · Required oil quantity for supplying lubrication points
- Position of the pump (connected with input shaft or intermediate shaft)
- · Gear unit ratio
- Dimensioned for a speed of the gear unit

### **INFORMATION**



- Contact SEW-EURODRIVE for information on the pump size selection.
- A minimum input speed is required for the shaft end pump to operate properly. If you use variable input speeds (e.g. inverter-controlled drives) or if you intend to change the input speed of a gear unit equipped with a shaft end pump, it is essential that you contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

# 4.2 Motor pump /ONP

#### **INFORMATION**

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For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump /ONP".

# 4.3 Motor pump/ONP1L

#### INFORMATION



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ONP1L".

# 4.4 Motor pump/ONP1

# **INFORMATION**



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ONP1".

# 4.5 Cooling types

# 4.5.1 Fan cooling

A fan is installed on the gear unit input shaft. Its airflow improves the transmission of heat from the gear unit surface to the environment. Refer to chapter "Fan" for further information.

#### 4.5.2 Built-in cooling

This refers to cooling systems installed directly in the gear unit housing or mounted very close to it, such as a water cooling cartridge.

#### 4.5.3 Circulation cooling

The gear unit oil is pumped out of the gear unit to an external heat exchanger by a pump (motor pump or shaft end pump). This normally involves oil supply systems with oil-water or oil-air heat exchangers.

### 4.6 Fan

A fan may be installed in the motor adapter to raise the thermal rating or when the ambient conditions change after gear unit startup. The direction of rotation of the gear unit does not influence the operation of the fan.



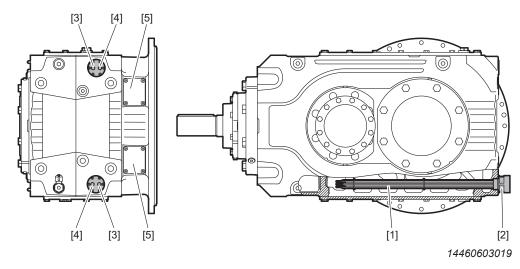
# 4.7 Water cooling cartridge /CCT

The water cooling cartridge can be installed above or beneath the oil level. The water connection must be installed by the user.

The amount of heat that can be dissipated depends on the intake temperature and the flow rate of the cooling medium that flows through the unit.

The data given in the technical specifications must be observed.

#### 4.7.1 Structure



- [1] Cooling pipes
- [2] Tube plate with connection piece
- [3] Return
- [4] Supply
- [5] Assembly opening for optional water cooling cartridge

The water cooling cartridge consists of 3 main parts:

- Cooling pipes (CuNi alloy)
- Tube plate (brass)
- Connection piece (brass; gray cast iron; steel)

For connection to the cooling circuit, the following 2 bores with

pipe thread G1/4" for sizes X110 – X170

are available. The piping is not included in the delivery.

Gear units with water cooling cartridge are delivered completely assembled.

Water cooling cartridges can be retrofitted to a certain extent. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

#### 4.7.2 Notes on connection and operation

Thermal rating is specified in the selection tables of the Industrial Gear Units P-X Series catalog. To achieve the thermal rating, various cooling water flow rates are required for the different gear unit designs. The required cooling water flow rate depends on the following characteristics:

- · Gear unit size
- · Mounting position
- · Lubrication type

The cooling water quantity has to be dimensioned individually for each cooling cartridge.

Size/Connection	Max. cooling water flow rate I/min
X2K110/X2K130 – G1"	12
X2K150/X2K170 – G1 1/4"	15

#### INFORMATION



The cooling circuit must be connected in parallel for gear units with several water cooling cartridges. Observe chapter "Installation > Water cooling cartridge" ( $\rightarrow$   $\$ 88).

# **INFORMATION**



Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in the following cases:

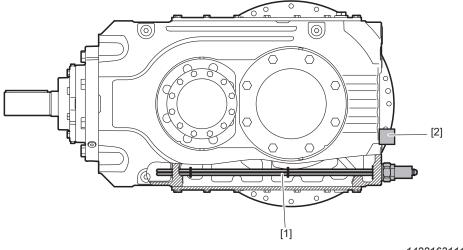
- When special cooling media are used (then the cooling capacity of the water cooling cartridge changes).
- When aggressive cooling media are used, such as brackish water or salt water.

# 4.8 Oil heater/OH

An oil heater may be required to ensure lubrication during a cold gear unit startup when the ambient temperature is low.

The oil heater consists of 2 basic parts:

- 1. Heating element in the oil sump ("oil heater") with connection unit
- 2. Thermostat with integrated temperature sensor



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- [1] Oil heater
- [2] Thermostat with integrated temperature sensor

### INFORMATION



- For reduced heating times a second heating element (OH-F) can optionally be used at the mounting flange. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in this case.
- The position of the thermostat varies with design and mounting position of the gear unit.

# 4.9 Motor adapter /MA

Motor adapters [1] are available for mounting

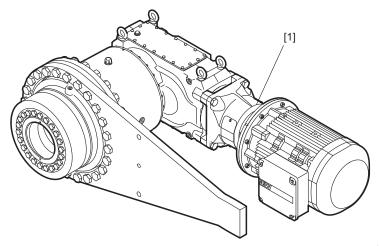
- IEC (B5) motors of sizes 200 355
- NEMA ("C" face) motors of sizes 324 449

### **INFORMATION**



- The gear unit must be mounted in such a way that liquids cannot enter the motor adapter (HSS end) and accumulate there. Otherwise, the oil seal can be damaged, and subsequent damage can create a possible ignition source.
- · An elastic claw coupling is included in the delivery.
- · All motor adapters can have a fan installed.

The following figure shows an example of the motor adapter [1] connected to the gear unit:

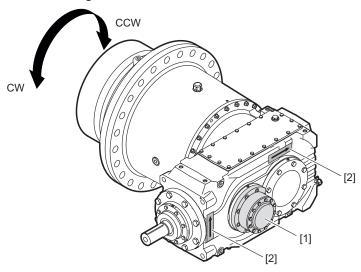


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# 4.10 Backstop /BS

The purpose of a backstop [1] is to prevent unwanted directions of rotation. During operation, the backstop permits rotation in only one specified direction of rotation.

The backstop functions by using centrifugal lift-off sprags. Once the lift-off speed is reached, the sprags completely lift off from the contact surface of the outer ring. The backstop is lubricated with gear oil.



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The direction of rotation is specified as viewed onto the output shaft (LSS).

- CW = Clockwise rotation
- CCW = Counterclockwise rotation

The permitted direction of rotation [2] is indicated on the housing.

Contact SEW-EURODRIVE for differing requirements.

Wear can occur on the backstop when operated below lift-off speed.

In the following cases **always** contact SEW-EURODRIVE for specifying the maintenance intervals:

- Input shaft speed rates n<sub>1</sub> < 950 min<sup>-1</sup>
- or any of the following gear unit designs:

n₁ min⁻¹	Size
9501150	X2K100170 i <sub>N</sub> ≥ 10

 $n_1$  = Input speed (HSS)

i<sub>N</sub> = Nominal gear unit ratio

#### INFORMATION



X2K primary gear units with a gear unit ratio  $i_N \ge 10$  are marked with \* in the chapter "Selection tables".

# 4.11 Torque arm /T

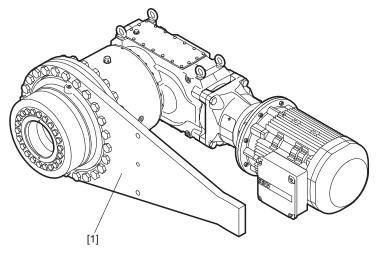
A torque arm is available to support the reaction torque of solid and hollow shaft gear units in the shaft-mounted design.

Depending on the load direction and type of the customer load bearing point, the reaction torque acts as a tensile or compressive force.

### 4.11.1 Single-sided torque arm

The torque arm [1] is enclosed in the delivery or can be mounted according to customer requirements. The retaining screws are included in the scope of delivery.

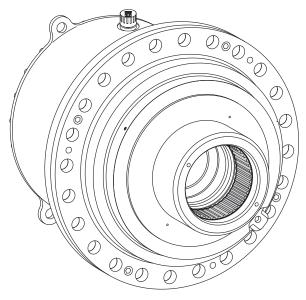
The following figure shows a sample combination of a planetary gearmotor with a torque arm on one side.



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# 4.12 Output shaft as a splined hollow shaft /..V

The hollow shaft has splining according to DIN 5480. There is a centering in front of and behind the splined shaft for absorbing radial loads as well as for easier assembly of the output element.



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# **INFORMATION**

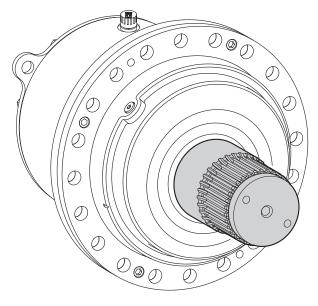


Contact SEW-EURODRIVE regarding the permitted radial load.



# 4.13 Output shaft as a splined solid shaft/..L

The solid shaft has splining according to DIN 5480. There is a centering in front of and behind the splined shaft for absorbing radial loads as well as for easier assembly of the output element. There are threads for mounting an end plate at the front of the shaft.



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# **INFORMATION**



Contact SEW-EURODRIVE regarding the permitted radial load.

# 4.14 Oil-water cooler for splash lubrication /OWC

#### **INFORMATION**



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-water cooler for splash lubrication / OWC".

# 4.15 Oil-air cooler for splash lubrication /OAC

#### INFORMATION



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-air cooler for splash lubrication / OAC".

#### 4.16 Oil-water cooler for pressure lubrication /OWP

#### INFORMATION



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-water cooler for pressure lubrication / OWP".

# 4.17 Oil-air cooler for pressure lubrication/OAP

### **INFORMATION**



For descriptions on the unit structure, refer to the manufacturer's documentation and the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-air cooler for pressure lubrication / OAP".

### 4.18 Pressure switch/PS

All gear units with pressure lubrication are equipped with a pressure switch for function monitoring.

The pressure switch is to be connected and integrated into the system in such a way that the gear unit can only be operated when the oil pump is building up pressure. A short-term compensation (max **10 sec.**) during startup is permitted.

Customers are responsible for the electrical connection and the evaluation of the signal.

# 4.19 Temperature sensor /PT100

The temperature sensor PT100 can be used to measure the temperature of the oil in the gear unit.

The temperature sensor is located in the oil sump of the gear unit. The exact position depends on the gear unit type and shaft position.

#### 4.20 Temperature switch /NTB

A temperature switch with preset switching temperatures of 70, 80, 90 or 100 °C is used for monitoring the gear unit oil temperature.

For various functions, the temperature switch is also used as limit value switch, for example

as "early warning"

or

as "main alarm" for switching off the main motor.

To guarantee a long service life and functioning under all conditions, it is recommended to use a relay in the power circuit instead of a direct connection through the temperature switch.

The temperature switch is located in the oil sump of the gear unit. The exact position depends on the gear unit type and shaft position.

# 4.21 Temperature switch /TSK

The TSK temperature switch is used with oil supply systems for circulation cooling. It is provided with two fixed switching points (60 °C and 90 °C) for controlling and monitoring the system.

The temperature switch is integrated into the circuit of the oil supply system as follows:

- The cooling system is activated when the oil temperature reaches 60 °C.
- Warning signal or disconnection of the gear unit when the oil temperature exceeds 90 °C (usually a sign of malfunction in the oil supply system)

To guarantee a long service life and functioning under all conditions, it is recommended to use a relay in the power circuit instead of a direct connection through the temperature switch.

The temperature switch is located in the oil sump of the gear unit. The exact position depends on the gear unit design and shaft position.



# 4.22 Diagnostic unit/DUO10A (oil ageing)

If specified in the order, the gear unit can be equipped with a DUO10A diagnostic unit. The DUO10A diagnostic unit is used for planning oil change intervals.

The diagnostic unit consists of a PT100 temperature sensor and an evaluation unit. The temperature sensor installed in the gear unit measures the present gear unit oil temperature. The diagnostic unit uses the oil temperature values to calculate the predicted remaining service life of the oil. This calculated value is continuously shown on the display of the evaluation unit; when needed, the display can be changed to the current gear unit oil temperature.

#### **INFORMATION**



You find more information on the evaluation unit in the "DUO10A Diagnostic Unit" manual, publication number 11473428.

#### 4.23 Vibration SmartCheck

Vibration SmartCheck vibration monitoring is used to detect damage of gear units and gearmotors early (e.g. bearing damage or imbalances). For this, permanent frequency-selective monitoring of the gearmotor is used. Apart from the vibration analysis, additional measured values of up to 3 signal encoders can be detected, recorded and analyzed. The additional signals can be used as reference value for signal analysis e.g. to trigger time or event-based measuring tasks. After the analysis and depending on user-defined alarm limits, the system can switch outputs and display the state using LEDs.

Vibration SmartCheck is configured using the FAG software SmartWeb. If you use several Vibration SmartCheck systems, you can control them via the FAG software SmartUtility Light centrally from one PC.

The full version of the SmartUtility software allows you to open sensors directly via the FAG software SmartWeb, to analyze measurement data in the SmartUtility Viewer and to download configurations or uploading configurations on other devices.

#### INFORMATION



Further information about the evaluation unit and accessories is found the "Vibration SmartCheck" operating instructions, part no. 23085312.

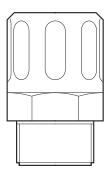


### 4.24 Breather

The following breathers can be used.

### 4.24.1 Breather (standard)

#### **Structure**

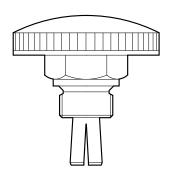


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Housing material	Steel
Filter inserts	Wire mesh
Design	Pipe taper thread according to DIN 3858

# 4.24.2 Breather for harsh operating conditions

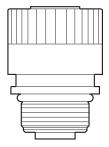
#### **Structure**



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Housing material	Stainless steel
Filter inserts	Steel and aluminum wire mesh
Design	Cylindrical pipe thread according to DIN EN ISO 228-1 Dimensioned for operating conditions with special protection against drip and splash water





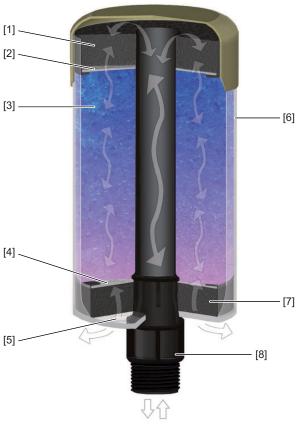
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### Structure

Housing material	Plastic
Filter inserts	Polyester filter, not exchangeable
Filter size	2 μm
Threads	3/4" or 1"

# 4.24.4 Desiccant breather filter (manufacturer: Des Case)

#### **Structure**



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[1]	Foam inlay	Reduces oil mist that comes in contact with silica gel when air escapes and ensures that the escaping air is distributed equally to the filter and the desiccant.
[2]	Filter element	Second polyester filter element that prevents the spreading of desic- cant dust. Maximum efficiency due to backwashing.
[3]	Steam absorbent	Silica gel absorbs water of the flowing in air. The desiccant changes its color from blue to pink to indicate the state.
[4]	Filter element	Patented polyester filter element that filters contamination of up to 3 $\mu$ m (absolute) from the air (74% efficiency at 0.5 $\mu$ m). Special openings release particles if air escapes extending the service life of the filter.
[5]	Ventilation openings	Individual openings are opened depending on the required air volume in the system. Dimensioned for 20 cfm (0.566438 m). (Unit is inactive due to plug until it is used).
[6]	Loadable polycarbonate housing	Shock-absorbing, transparent casing for reliable operation and easy maintenance.
[7]	Foam inlay	Absorbs oil mist and distributes the flowing in air equally to the filter and desiccant.
[8]	Fastening via thread	Simple replacement of standard filter/breather caps with one or two adapters.

#### Standard one-way breather filter

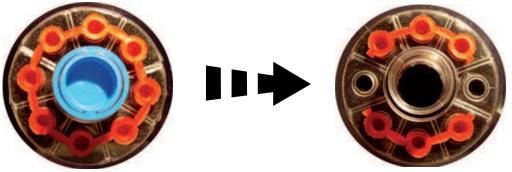
Type #	DC-2	DC-3	DC-4
Size (height × diameter in cm)	11.4 × 10.2	16.5 × 10.2	21.6 × 10.2
Filter area (cm² per filter)	25.4	25.4	25.4
Amount of silica gel (kg)	0.45	0.68	0.91
Amount of remaining water (I)	0.18	0.27	0.36
Amount of retained water (I)	0.65	1.15	1.6
Operating temperature range (°C)	-50 to +100	+50 to +100	+50 to +100
Max. flow rate (I/mn at 70 mb)	600	600	600
Desiccant	Silica gel	Silica gel	Silica gel
Filtering (µ absolute)	3	3	3
Connection dimension	1" NPT	1" NPT	1" NPT

DES-CASE breather filters comply with the European REACH requirements (valid as of 2007).

#### Usage

### Before startup

Open only 2 of the air openings (180° opposite) at the bottom of the breather filter. Remove the blue cap that protects the rising pipe. If required install a suitable adapter to the filter before installing the filter at the gear unit.



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# 5 Installation/assembly

# 5.1 Required tools/resources

Not included in the delivery:

- · Set of wrenches
- Torque wrench
- · Mounting device
- · Compensation elements (washers, spacer rings), if necessary
- · Fasteners for input and output elements
- Lubricant, e.g.  $NOCO^{\otimes}$  fluid from SEW-EURODRIVE  $\rightarrow$  except for hollow shaft gear units
- For hollow shaft gear units  $\rightarrow$  aids for mounting onto/removal from the machine shaft
- · Fasteners for the gear unit base

#### 5.2 Tolerances

#### 5.2.1 Gear unit P-X series

#### **INFORMATION**



Refer to the dimension sheet in your order documents for the tolerances of the interfaces for gear unit connection.

# 5.3 Important notes

Read the following notes prior to installation/mounting.

#### **A WARNING**



Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

• Work on the gear unit only when the machine is not in use. Secure the drive unit against unintentional power-up. Attach an information sign near the ON switch to warn that the gear unit is being worked on.

### **▲ WARNING**



Danger due to mounting in impermissible mounting position.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Install/mount the gear unit only in the specified mounting position on a level, vibration-damping, and torsionally rigid support structure. Do not twist housing legs and mounting flanges against each other.
- Contact SEW-EURODRIVE before mounting the gear unit in another mounting position than the one permitted.

# **WARNING**



Danger due to freely accessible, rotating parts.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Secure rotating components such as shafts, couplings, gears or belt drives using suitable protection covers.
- Ensure that installed protection covers are sufficiently attached.

#### **A WARNING**



A customer machine that is not appropriately secured can fall during gear unit installation or removal.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Protect the operator's machine against unintentional movement when installing or removing the gear unit.
- Before releasing shaft connections, be sure that there are no active torsional moments present (tensions within the system).

#### **A WARNING**



Danger due to installing impermissible components.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Do not mount any impermissible components to the gear unit.
- Mounting impermissible components may lead to material failure at the gear unit.
   This may cause the gear unit to fall over or down.

#### **A WARNING**

Danger due to using impermissible gear unit oil.

Severe or fatal injuries.

• Only use food-grade oils when the gear unit is used in the food industry.



#### **▲ WARNING**

Risk of burns due to hot gear unit and hot gear unit oil.

Serious injury.

- Let the gear unit cool down before you start working on it.
- Carefully remove the oil level plug and the oil drain plug.



# **A CAUTION**

Danger due to unsecured mount-on components, such as keys.

Possible injury to persons due to falling parts.

- · Install appropriate protective devices.
- Secure the mount-on components.



#### **A CAUTION**

Danger due to lubricant leaking from damaged seals and the breather.

Minor injuries.

- · Check the gear unit and mount-on components for leaking lubricant.
- The seals must not come in contact with cleaning agent as this may damage the seals.
- Protect the breather against damage.
- Make sure that there is not too much oil in the gear unit. If the oil level is too high and the temperature rises, lubricant may escape from the breather valve.



#### **A CAUTION**

Risk of injury due to protruding parts.

Minor injuries.

· Gear units and mount-on components must not protrude into footways.

#### NOTICE

Starting up the gear unit below the permitted ambient temperature may damage the unit.

Possible damage to property.

· Before startup, the oil must be heated up to the specified temperature.



#### NOTICE

Improper installation and assembly can damage the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- · Observe the following notes.
- Make sure that the customer components are designed for the load.
- The gear units are delivered without oil fill as standard.
- Do not change the mounting position without prior consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE. The warranty will become void without prior consultation.
- The most important technical data is provided on the nameplate.
  - Additional data relevant for operation is available in drawings, on the order confirmation or in any order-specific documentation.
- Do not modify the gear unit or the mount-on components without prior consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE.
- Note that the oil quantities on the nameplates are approximate values. The mark on the oil dipstick or the oil level glass is the decisive indicator of the correct oil quantity.
- Make sure that the oil level plugs and oil drain plugs, as well as the breather plug are freely accessible.
- When installing a filter in the OAP and OWP cooling units, make sure there is sufficient height for removing the filter element and the filter hood.
- Use plastic inserts if there is a risk of electrochemical corrosion between the gear unit and the driven machine (connection between different metals such as cast iron and stainless steel). Likewise, fit the screws with plastic washers. Always ground the gear unit housing.
- It is important that only authorized personnel is allowed to assemble gear head units with motors and adapters. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.
- Do not weld anywhere on the drive. Do not use the drives as a ground point for welding work. Welding may destroy gearing components and bearings.
- Units installed outdoors must be protected from the sun. Suitable protective
  devices are required, such as covers or roofs. Avoid heat build-up. The user must
  ensure that foreign objects do not impair the function of the gear unit (e.g. falling
  objects or coverings).
- Protect the gear unit from direct cold air currents. Condensation may cause water to accumulate in the oil.
- For use in damp areas or outdoors, the gear units can be supplied with a suitable painting. Repair any damage to the paint work (e.g. on the breather plug).
- · Do not modify the existing piping.
- For gear units that are filled with oil at the factory, check to see that the breather plug is installed before you start up the gear unit.
- Observe the safety notes in the individual chapters.

# 5.4 Prerequisites for installation

Check that the following conditions have been met:

The information on the motor's nameplate must match the voltage supply system.



# 5

# Installation/assembly

Prerequisites for installation

- The drive has not been damaged during transportation or storage.
- The ambient temperature matches the information in the order documents.
- No harmful oils, acids, gases, vapors, radiation etc. in the vicinity

# **NOTICE**

Danger due to insufficiently cleaned flange surfaces.

Possible damage to property.

 Clean the output shafts and flange surfaces thoroughly to ensure they are free of anti-corrosion agents, contamination or similar. Use a standard solvent. Do not let the solvent come into contact with the sealing lips of the oil seals.

#### 5.4.1 Extended storage

Observe the following: The service life of the lubricant in the bearings is reduced if the unit is stored for  $\geq 1$  year (applies only to bearings with grease lubrication).

Replace the breather with a screw plug.



# 5.5 Installing the gear unit

#### **A WARNING**

Danger due to insufficient attachment options on the part of the operator.

Severe or fatal injuries.

 Make sure that there are sufficient and suitable attachment options for the gear unit at the operator's machine before mounting the gear unit to the operator's machine.

#### NOTICE

An improper foundation may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- The foundation must be level and flat; the gear unit may not be deformed when tightening the retaining screws. Irregularity of the surface must be leveled out appropriately.
- Observe the weight specified on the nameplate.

To ensure quick and successful mounting of a gear unit with foot mounting, the proper foundation should be selected and the mounting carefully planned in advance. Foundation drawings with all necessary construction and dimension details should be available.

To ensure quick and successful mounting of a gear unit with foot mounting, a suitable steel construction should be selected and the mounting carefully planned in advance. Foundation drawings with all necessary construction and dimension details should be available.

To prevent harmful vibrations and oscillations, ensure sufficient rigidity of the foundation or the steel construction during installation of the gear unit with foot or flange mounting. The foundation and steel construction must be dimensioned according to the weight and torque of the gear unit, taking into account the forces acting on the gear unit.

Tighten retaining screws or nuts to the specified torque. Use the screws and tightening torques specified in chapter Gear unit mounting.



#### 5.5.1 Tightening torques: Retaining screws of gear unit mount-on parts

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

Tighten the screws of gear unit mount-on parts and protection covers using the following tightening torque.

# **INFORMATION**



The tightening torques do not apply to mounting types such as flange coupling, torque arm, mounting flange, hollow shaft with shrink disk, etc. Those are described in the individual chapters.

Screw/nut	Tightening torque Strength class 8.8 Nm
M6	11
M8	27
M10	54
M12	93
M14	148
M16	230

# **INFORMATION**



The screws must not be lubricated during assembly.

#### 5.5.2 Aligning the shaft axis



# **WARNING**

Shafts can break if the shaft axis is not aligned accurately.

Severe or fatal injuries.

 Refer to the separate operation instructions regarding the requirements of the couplings.

The service life of the shafts, bearings and couplings depends on the precision of the alignment of the shaft axes with each other.

Always try to achieve zero misalignment. When doing so, you should also consult the special operating instructions regarding the requirements of the couplings, for example.

# 5.6 Filling gear units with oil/delivered without oil fill (standard)

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  61).

#### 5.6.1 General information

The gear unit is delivered without oil fill as standard.

# **▲ WARNING**



Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- · De-energize the motor before you start working on the unit.
- · Secure the motor against unintended power-up.

# **NOTICE**

Improper oil filling may cause damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- Note the following information.
- Fill the oil only when the gear unit is in the intended mounting position.
- Make sure the oil has ambient temperature when filling it into the gear unit.
- For gear units with external supply pipes, e.g. oil supply systems, establish the connections prior to filling the oil.
- Observe the additional notes depending on the lubrication type in the following chapters.
- Fill the gear unit with the oil grade and oil quantity specified on the nameplate. The oil quantity specified on the nameplate is an approximate quantity. The mark on the oil dipstick is the decisive indicator of the correct oil quantity.

For additional information, refer to chapter "Changing the oil" ( $\rightarrow$  132) and chapter "Checking the oil level" ( $\rightarrow$  127).

When additional attachments, e.g. an oil supply system, are mounted to the gear unit, the required oil fill quantity is higher. In this case, observe the respective operating instructions "Oil Supply System" by SEW-EURODRIVE.

Use a filling filter to fill the oil into the gear unit (max. filter mesh 25 μm).

#### 5.6.2 Gear units with shaft end pump /SEP

#### NOTICE

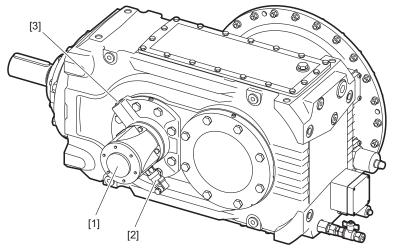
Improper installation and mounting of the shaft end pump [1] can damage the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- Note the following information.
- Fill the gear unit with the oil type and oil quantity corresponding to the nameplate data, see chapter "Changing the oil" (→ 

  132).
- Check the oil level using the oil dipstick. For additional information, refer to chapter "Checking the oil level" (→ 

  127).
- Before startup, fill the additional mount-on components (such as piping, cooler matrix...) with oil on the pressure side. This ensures that sufficient oil is in the overall system during startup. The oil filling holes are marked in the order dimension sheet.
- Directly before taking the gear unit into operation the first time, open the screw plug [3] and fill the shaft end pump [1] completely with oil. After having filled in the oil, close the screw plug [3].



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This procedure must be repeated after an idling time of more than 6 months.

For detailed information, refer to chapter "Startup > Shaft end pump /SEP" ( $\rightarrow$  114) and the manufacturer documentation.

#### **Pressure switch**

Gear units with shaft end pump are equipped with a pressure switch [2] for function monitoring as standard. Connection has to be carried out by the operator. Observe the chapter "Pressure switch" ( $\rightarrow$  108).



# 5.7 Gear units delivered with oil fill (option)

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  61).

### **NOTICE**

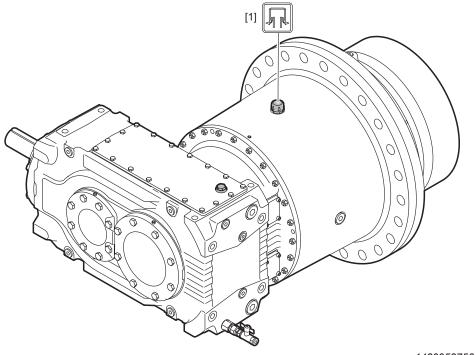
Improper startup can result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

• It is important that gear units with shaft end pump, motor pump or customer-installed cooling system are vented before taking them into operation the first time.

If the gear unit is delivered with oil fill, you have to install the breather plug prior to startup. It is enclosed with the delivery.

The following figure serves as an example. The position of the breather plug is specified in the order documents.



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- 1. Remove the closing plug.
- 2. Insert the breather plug [1].
- 3. Check the oil level. Observe the information in chapter "Checking the oil level" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  127).

#### 5.8 Gear units with solid shaft

#### **INFORMATION**



The material of the machine shaft should be dimensioned by the customer according to the loads that will occur. The shaft material should have a yield point of at least 320 N/mm².

### 5.8.1 Assembling the input and output components

#### NOTICE

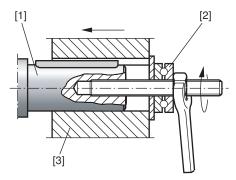
Bearings, housing or shaft may be damaged due to improper assembly.

Possible damage to property.

- Always use a mounting device for installing input and output elements. Use the threaded centering bore on the shaft end for positioning.
- Never force belt pulleys, couplings, pinions, etc. onto the shaft end by hitting them with a hammer. This may damage the bearing, the housing and the shaft.
- If belt pulleys are used, make sure the belt is tensioned correctly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

#### Installation with mounting device

The following figure shows a mounting device for installing couplings or hubs on gear unit or motor shaft ends. Should you be able to tighten the screw without any problems, you may not need the thrust bearing on the mounting device.



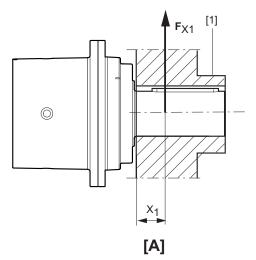
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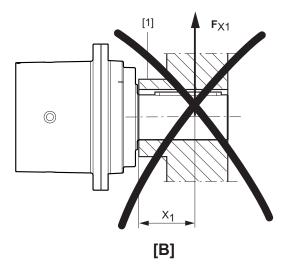
- [1] Gear unit shaft end
- [2] Thrust bearing
- [3] Coupling hub



#### Avoid excessive overhung loads

To avoid high overhung loads: Install the gear or chain sprocket according to figure **A** if possible.





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- [1] Hub
- [A] Correct
- [B] Incorrect

# **INFORMATION**



Mounting is easier if you first apply lubricant to the output element and/or heat it up briefly (to 80  $\dots$  140  $^{\circ}$ C).

#### 5.9 Couplings

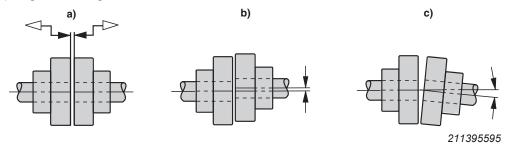
# **INFORMATION**

Observe the operating instructions of the respective coupling manufacturer.

#### 5.9.1 **Mounting tolerances**

Adjust the following misalignments according to the coupling manufacturer's specifications when mounting couplings.

- a) Axial misalignment
- b) Radial misalignment
- c) Angular misalignment



The following table shows various methods for measuring the differing tolerances.

Measuring in- struments	Angular offset	Axis offset
Feeler gauge	D a1	by f <sub>2</sub> f <sub>1</sub>
	This method only achieves an accurate result when the deviation of the coupling faces is eliminated by turning both coupling halves by 180° and then calculating the mean value from the difference (a1 – a2).	The following figure shows the measurement of axial offset using a straight-edge. Permissible values for axial offset are usually so small that the best measurement results can be achieved with a micrometer dial. If you rotate one coupling half together with the micrometer dial and divide the deviation by two, the deviation displayed on the dial indicator indicates the offset (dimension "b") that includes the axial offset of the other coupling half.

Measuring in- struments	Angular offset	Axis offset
Micrometer dial	a1 a2 899597451	f <sub>2</sub> f <sub>1</sub>
	A prerequisite for this measuring method is that there is no axial play in the shaft bearings when the shafts rotate. If this condition is not fulfilled, the axial play between the faces of the coupling halves must be eliminated. As an alternative, you can use two micrometer dials positioned on the opposite sides of the coupling (to calculate the difference of the two dial indicators when rotating the coupling).	The following figure shows the how to measure axial offset using a more accurate measuring method, as described above. The coupling halves are rotated together without letting the point of the dial indicator slide onto the measuring surface. The axial offset is obtained by dividing the deviation displayed on the dial indicator (dimension "b").

# 5.10 Motor adapter /MA

#### 5.10.1 Max. permitted motor weight

When mounting a motor at the gear unit the approved maximum motor weight in regard to the motor adapter size must be verified.

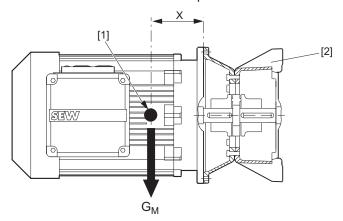
# **INFORMATION**



- · The maximally permitted motor weight may not be exceeded.
- In case of a deviating mounting position, contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

#### 2. Maximum motor weight depending on motor adapter size

The following maximum loads on the motor adapter must not be exceeded.



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- [1] Center of gravity of the motor
- [2] Motor adapter

- X = Distance from the center of gravity
- $G_M$  = Weight of the mounted motor

#### INFORMATION



The table only applies to stationary applications. For mobile applications (e.g. travel drives), contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

Motor a	adapter	G <sub>M</sub>	X
IEC	NEMA	kg	mm
100/112	182/184	60	190
132	213/215	110	230
160/180	254/286	220	310
200	324	280	340
225	326	400	420
250 / 280	364 - 405	820	480
315S-L	444 - 449	1450	680
315		2000	740
355		2500	740

The maximum permitted weight  $G_M$  must be linearly reduced if the centroidal distance  $\boldsymbol{X}$  is increased.  $G_M$  cannot be increased if the centroidal distance is reduced.



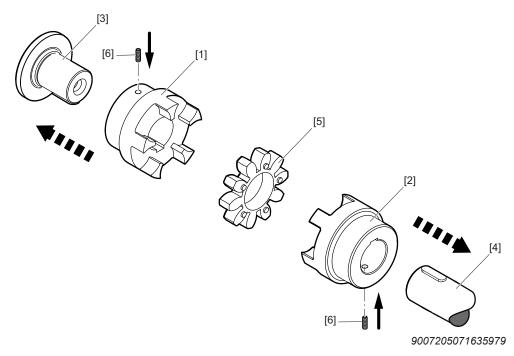
#### 5.10.2 Claw coupling

#### **INFORMATION**



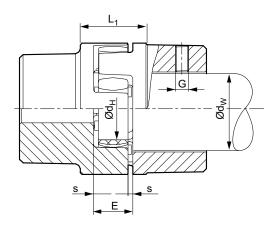
Observe the operating instructions of the respective coupling manufacturer.

#### **ROTEX®** coupling



Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" (  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  123).

- NOTICE! Improper assembly can damage the coupling halves [1][2]. Possible damage to property.
   Heat the hub to about 80 °C to facilitate the assembly.
- 2. Mount the coupling halves [1][2] onto the input and output side [3][4].
- 3. Insert the spider [5] or DZ elements into the claws of the input and output coupling halves [1][2].
- 4. Push the gear unit/motor in axial direction until dimension **E** is reached. If the gear unit/motor has already been installed permanently, set dimension **E** by moving the hubs [1][2] axially on the input and output shafts [3][4].
- 5. **NOTICE!** Improper mounting may result in damage to the coupling. Possible damage to property.
  - During assembly, it is essential to observe dimension **E** so that the spider remains axially flexible during operation. The dimension **E** is listed in the following table.



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6. Secure the coupling halves by tightening the set screws [6].

Coupling size	Mounting	dimension	s	S	et screw
	E [mm]	s [mm]	d <sub>H</sub> [mm]	G	Tightening torque Nm
14	13	1.5	10	M4	1.5
19	16	2	18	M5	2
24	18	2	27	M5	2
28	20	2.5	30	M8	10
38	24	3	38	M8	10
42	26	3	46	M8	10
48	28	3.5	51	M8	10
55	30	4	60	M10	17
65	35	4.5	68	M10	17
75	40	5	80	M10	17
90	45	5.5	100	M12	40
100	50	6	113	M12	40
110	55	6.5	127	M16	80
125	60	7	147	M16	80
140	65	7.5	165	M20	140
160	75	9	190	M20	140
180	85	10.5	220	M20	140

Displacement - Aligning the coupling

# **NOTICE**

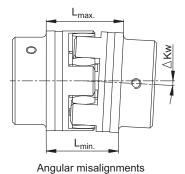
Improper mounting of the coupling may result in damage.

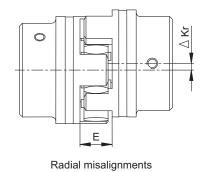
Possible damage to property.

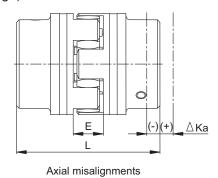
 The shaft ends must be aligned accurately to ensure a long service life of the coupling. Strictly adhere to the displacement values specified in the following chapter. Exceeding these values will damage the coupling. Exact coupling alignment increases its service life.



- The displacement values specified in the table (see next page) are maximum values that must not occur simultaneously. If radial offset and angular offset occur at the same time, the permitted displacement values may only be used proportionately.
- Use dial indicator, linear or feeler gauge to check whether the permitted displacement values specified in the table (see next page) are adhered to.







 $\Delta K_w = L_{1max.} - L_{1min.}$  [mm]

 $L_{max} = L + \Delta K_a$  [mm]

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Example of specified displacement combinations (see diagram):

Example 1:

Example 2:

 $\Delta K_r = 30\%$ 

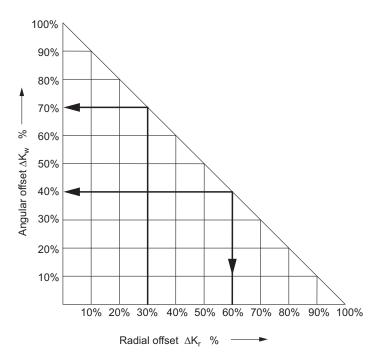
 $\Delta K_r = 60\%$ 

 $\Delta K_{w} = 70\%$ 

 $\Delta K_w = 40\%$ 

 $\Delta K_{\text{total}} = \Delta K_r + \Delta K_w \leq 100 \%$ 

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## Displacement values

The table below shows the displacement values:

ROTEX® size		14	19	24	28	38	42	48	55	65	75	90	100	110	125	140	160	180
Max. axial displacement		-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.7	-0.7	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5	-2.0	-2.0	-2.0	-2.5	-2.5
ΔK <sub>a</sub> [mm]		1.0	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.7	6.4
Max. radial	1500 1/min	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.25	0.28	0.32	0.36	0.38	0.42	0.48	0.50	0.52	0.55	0.60	0.62	0.64	0.68
displacement ΔK <sub>r</sub> [mm]	1800 1/min	0.11	0.13	0.15	0.17	0.19	0.21	0.25	0.26	0.28	0.32	0.34	0.36	0.38	-	-	-	-
ΔK <sub>w</sub> [degree] ar	ΔK <sub>w</sub> [degree] angular dis-		1.2	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2
placement whe 1/min ΔK <sub>w</sub> [mm]	n n = 1500	0.67	0.82	0.85	1.05	1.35	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.3	4.3	4.8	5.6	6.5	6.6	7.6	9.0
ΔK <sub>w</sub> [degree] a	ngular dis-	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	-	-	-	-
placement whe 1/min ΔK <sub>w</sub> [mm]	n n = 3000	0.62	0.7	0.75	0.84	1.1	1.4	1.6	2.0	2.3	2.9	3.8	4.2	5.0	-	-	-	-

# 5.10.3 Attaching the motor to the motor adapter

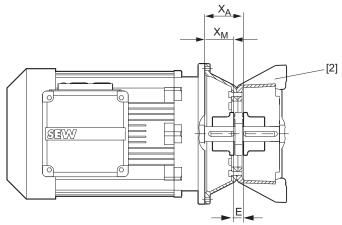
1. Clean the motor shaft and flange surfaces of the motor and the motor adapter. They must be dry and free of grease.

# **INFORMATION**



To avoid contact corrosion, SEW-EURODRIVE recommends to apply NOCO® fluid to the motor shaft before mounting the coupling half.

2. Push the coupling half onto the motor shaft and position it. When doing this, observe the information in chapter "Claw coupling" ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  75) and the figure below. The coupling size and type are indicated on the coupling.



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[1] Motor adapter

- XA Distance between the coupling and the motor adapter flange surface
   XM Distance between the coupling and the motor
- E Installation dimensions

Distance between the coupling and the motor flange surface

- → XM = XA E
- 3. Secure the coupling halves using the set screw.
- 4. Mount the motor onto the motor adapter, making sure that the claws of the coupling engage each other.

# 5.11 Motor pump /ONP

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ONP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 5.12 Motor pump/ONP1L

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ONP1L", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 5.13 Motor pump/ONP1

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ONP1", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

#### 5.14 Fan /FAN

Note the following

- If protective devices for couplings or similar are installed on gear units equipped with a fan, sufficient clearance must be provided for the intake of cooling air.
  - For the required clearance, refer to the dimension drawing in the catalog or the order documents.
- Never operate the gear unit if the protective housing is not installed.
- Protect the fan guard from external damage.
- Make sure the air intake vents of the fan are not blocked or covered.

Observe the following tightening torques for installing the fan guard:

Bolt/nut	Tightening torque Strength class 8.8 Nm
M6	11
M8	27
M10	54
M12	93
M14	148
M16	230

# 5.15 Limit temperature for gear unit start

The minimum permitted ambient temperature/oil temperature for gear unit startup depends on the viscosity of the oil used and the lubrication type of the gear unit.

## **INFORMATION**



- For the minimally permitted initial temperature for mineral and synthetic oil, refer to the chapter "Permitted lubricants" (→ 

  147).



#### 5.16 Oil heater



## **A WARNING**

Danger of electric shock.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- · De-energize the oil heater before you start working on the unit.
- · Secure the oil heater against unintended power-up.

#### NOTICE

Improper installation of the oil heater may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

 Make sure the heating elements are fully immersed in the oil bath to avoid any damage.

#### NOTICE

Improper change of the mounting position might result in malfunction of the gear unit heater.

Possible damage to property.

• Do not change the mounting position without prior consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE. The warranty will become void without prior consultation.

## INFORMATION



The electrical connection of the heating elements and the thermostat may only be established by qualified personnel according to the current supply conditions on site.

Observe the connection voltage and the switching capacity of the thermostat. Improper or incorrect cabling can damage the electrical components.

#### 5.16.1 Information on the function of the oil heater

- The heater is screwed into the gear unit housing ex works and is controlled by a thermostat. The trip temperature of the thermostat is set at the factory depending on the lubricant used.
- The trip point of the oil heater thermostat is factory-set to a temperature of about 5
  K above the respective limit temperature "initial temperature for gear unit startup",
  see chapter "Limit temperature for gear unit startup" (→ 80).
  - At this temperature, the thermostat disables the oil heater see chapter "Minimum temperature for gear unit start" ( $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  80). Only then, the gear unit can be started. The thermostat activates the oil heater again once the temperature is about 5 K below the trip point.
- To prevent the oil from burning, the heating elements of the heater have a maximum surface load. This is why the heating process for cold gear unit oil can take between one and several hours. The exact duration of the heating process before the start varies depending on the gear unit size, design, mounting position, oil quantity, and ambient temperature.

This is why the thermostat has to be energized permanently even when the drive is at a brief standstill.

If the drive is at standstill over a longer period, for example during holidays, and the thermostat is not energized, you have to make sure that the thermostat is energized in due time before the drive is started up.

- Thermostat and oil heater are installed in the gear unit and ready for operation. Prior to startup, wire them properly and connect them to the current supply.
- Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if a differing oil viscosity class is used or if ambient temperatures fall below the specified limit temperature.
- During installation, check the thermostat setting according to chapter "Thermostat" ( $\rightarrow$   $\$  83).

#### 5.16.2 Thermostat

#### **Electrical connection**



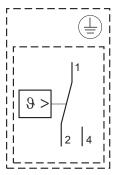
# **A WARNING**

Risk of injury due to electric shock.

Severe or fatal injuries.

• Disconnect the unit from the supply system if live parts can be touched during work on the unit.

The following figure shows the electrical connection.



18014398960475019

- Connect to terminals (1, 2 and 4) as shown in the wiring diagram
- Connect the protective earth to terminal "PE"

# **INFORMATION**



· Observe the manufacturer's documentation.

#### **Technical data**

Maximum switching capacity:							
	Cur	rent	Voltago				
AMTHs-SW-2	Terminal 2	Terminal 4	Voltage				
	10 A	10 A	AC 230 + 10% $\cos \varphi$ = 1 (0.6)				
	0.25 A	0.25 A	DC 230 + 10%				

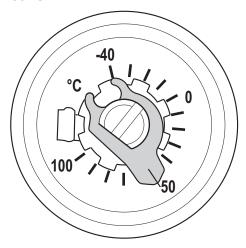
# Contact reliability:

To ensure the greatest contact reliability possible, the manufacturer recommends a minimum load of AC/DC 24 V, 100 mA for silver terminals.

Nominal impulse voltage:	2500 V	
Overvoltage category II	(via the switching contacts 400 V)	
Required fusing:	See maximum switching current	

- Permitted ambient temperature: -40 °C to +80 °C
- Permitted storage temperature: min. -50 °C, max. +50 °C
- Scale range: -40 °C to +100 °C
- Cable entry: M20x1.5 for a cable diameter of 6 to 13 mm
- IP65 degree of protection according to EN 60529

The following figure shows the possible setting range of the thermostat. In this example, the pointer is on 50  $^{\circ}$ C.





# 5.16.3 Connection power

The table shows the power of the heating that may be installed.

Peripheral Conditions: T <sub>Amb</sub> = -20 °C; Mounting position M1 (Splash lubrication)							
Size	Heating element		P <sub>Inst</sub>	Heating after 4h K	Max. heating K		
P042 X2K110	1	ОН	550	15.3	18.5		
P042 X2K110	2	OH-F + OH	250 + 550	22.2	26.9		
P052 X2K110	1	ОН	550	14.1	17.6		
PU52 X2K11U	2	OH-F + OH	250 + 550	20.6	25.6		
P052 X2K130	1	ОН	680	15	18.6		
P052 X2K130	2	OH-F + OH	250 + 680	20.5	25.4		
D000 V0K400	1	ОН	680	12.5	16.1		
P062 X2K130	2	OH-F + OH	250 + 680	17.6	22		
P072 X2K130	1	ОН	680	10.8	14.5		
PU72 X2K13U	2	OH-F + OH	250 + 680	14.7	19.8		
P072 X2K150	1	ОН	800	11.3	15.6		
P072 X2K150	2	OH-F + OH	700 + 800	21.2	29.3		
P082 X2K150	1	ОН	800	9.7	14		
PU62 X2K 15U	2	OH-F + OH	700 + 800	18.2	16.3		
P092 X2K150	1	ОН	800	8.5	12.9		
P092 X2K150	2	OH-F + OH	700 + 800	16	24.3		
D400 V0K450	1	ОН	800	7.4	11.7		
P102 X2K150	2	OH-F + OH	700 + 800	13.8	21.9		
D002 V2K170	1	ОН	940	8.6	12.7		
P092 X2K170	2	OH-F + OH	780 + 940	15.6	23.2		
D400 V0K470	1	ОН	940	7.5	11.6		
P102 X2K170	2	OH-F + OH	780 + 940	13.8	21.3		

 $P_{inst}$  = Power of the installed heater

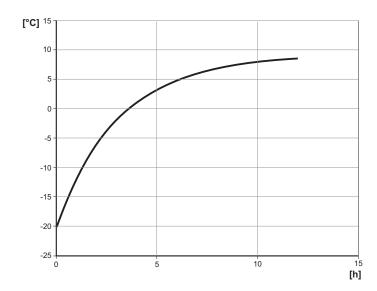
OH = Oil heater in the gear unit

OH-F = Oil heater in the flange

# 5.16.4 Example of heating

Example of heating with the gear unit combination P072 X2K150 With the following basic conditions:

<b>2 heating elements</b> Peripheral Conditions: T <sub>Amb</sub> = -20 °C; Mounting position M1 (Splash lubrication)						
Duration h	Heating K	Temperature °C				
0	0	-20				
1	8.0	-12.0				
2	13.9	-6.1				
3	18.1	-1.9				
4	21.2	1.2				
5	23.4	3.4				
6	25.0	5.0				
7	26.2	6.2				
8	27.1	7.1				
9	27.7	7.7				
10	28.1	8.1				
11	28.5	8.5				
12	28.7	8.7				



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°C = Temperature h = Heating duration

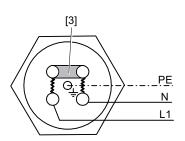


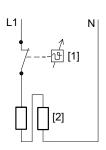
#### 5.16.5 Connection power and electrical connection of resistor element

The gear unit heater comes equipped with cable glands and jumpers. They are included in the scope of delivery of the screw-in heaters and are already preassembled. The gear unit heater is connected to the current supply via terminal studs. They do not depend on the size of the heater and always have an M4 thread. We recommend using RKS4 ring cable lugs with small grommets.

## AC voltage / 1-phase / 230 V / parallel connection

The following figure shows the wiring upon delivery (connection space):





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Cable entry: 1xPg11

Observe the electrical characteristics of the control range

- [1] Thermostat
- [2] Heater
- [3] Jumper

	X2K size	Heating element
ОН	X2K110 – 170	04"
OH-F	X2K110 – 130	G1"

OH = Oil heater in the gear unit

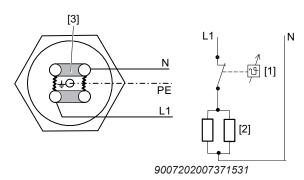
OH-F = Oil heater in the flange



#### AC voltage / 1-phase / 230 V / parallel connection

The following figure shows the wiring upon delivery (connection space):

Cable entry: 1xPg11



Observe the electrical characteristics of the control range

- [1] Thermostat
- [2] Heater
- [3] Jumper

	X2K size	Heating element
OH-F	X2K150 – 170	G1,5"

OH-F = Oil heater in the flange

# 5.17 Water cooling cartridge

#### 5.17.1 Notes on connection / installation

# **NOTICE**

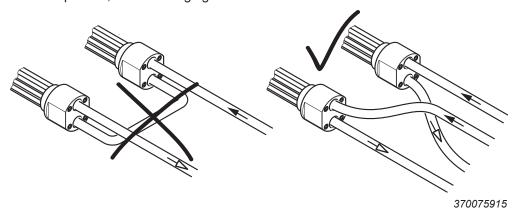
Improper mounting of the water cooling cartridge may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- · Observe the following information:
- Using thread seal tape on the pipe threads increases the resistance between the connection parts as well as the risk of cracking in the cast parts of the water cooling cartridge. Do not tighten the threads excessively.
- The water cooling cartridges are not equipped with a water drain. In the event of repair work, you have to install a drain on the cooling water outlet to ensure proper draining of the cooling water.
- For connecting the water cooling cartridge, use only piping and mounting parts of the same or of compatible material.
- Check the water cooling cartridge to see that it is free from soiling and foreign objects in the pipe connection to ensure unobstructed flow of the cooling media.
- Avoid tensions on the connection points when connecting the piping. Support the pipes properly, if required.
- Install the cooling water outlet pipe in such a way that the water cooling cartridge is permanently flooded by cooling water.
- Refer to chapter" Requirements on the water quality" (  $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  90) to determine the permitted cooling media.



- Cooling water temperature and flow rate according to the order documents.
- Make sure the cooling water pressure does not exceed 10 bars.
- In the event of temperature levels below 0 °C and longer downtimes, drain the cooling water from the circuit. Use compressed air to remove any remaining water.
- SEW-EURODRIVE recommends to filter the cooling media to 100 μm.
- Connect the water cooling cartridge to the existing cooling circuit. The direction of flow is user-defined.
- For gear units with more than one water cooling cartridge, connect the cooling circuit in parallel, see following figure.



- Supply (cold water)
- → Return (warm water outflow)

The following measures can be taken to ensure proper functioning in different systems:

- Install a safety valve in the cooling water inlet to prevent fluctuations in pressure and volume.
- Install filters in the cooling water inlet to protect the heat exchanger from dirt and mud in particular if the cooling water is obtained from sources other than the municipal water supply system.
- Install an automatic throttle valve in the respective inlet to compensate pressure.



#### 5.17.2 Removal

Observe the notes in chapter Inspection/maintenance.

#### 5.17.3 Requirements on the water quality

## **INFORMATION**



Special measures have to be taken when using sea water or brackish water. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

The following requirements on the water quality are recommendations. In exceptional cases, certain concentrations of substances of content might cause unforeseen reactions.

The quality of the water as well as its substances are important factors for assessing the cooling water available for water cooling cartridges. The water quality is determined by the water hardness and the pH value of the water.

#### Water hardness

Water hardness is defined by the amount of hardeners (carbonates and bicarbonates) in the water. Hardeners accumulate on the surface of the water cooling cartridge in particular at high temperatures and in this way impair the performance. Take these deposits into account when selecting the water cooling cartridge for extremely hard water.

The following table shows the classification of German degrees of hardness to water quality °dH:

Degree of hardness <sup>1)</sup>	Water quality		
0 – 5 °dH	Very soft water		
5 – 10 °dH	Soft water		
10 – 20 °dH	Medium hard water		
20 – 30 °dH	Hard water		
> 30 °dH	Very hard water		

<sup>1) 10</sup> mg/l of hardener corresponds to 1 °dH

# pH value

- The water cooling cartridge partially consists of a copper and nickel alloy, to which the following applies:
  - → Corrosion problems when pH value < 6
- With alkaline water:
  - → Corrosion problems when water hardness < 6°dH.

Smaller values can cause corrosion due to free carbonic acid.

The following table describes the classification of the water quality based on the pH value:

pH value	Water quality
4.5	Very acidic
4.5 – 6.0	Acidic
6.0 - 6.8	Slightly acidic
7.0	Neutral
7.2 – 7.7	Slightly alkaline
7.7 – 8.2	Alkaline
8.2	Very alkaline



# Cooling water assessment based on water substances

The following table provides an overview of the resistance of copper pipes against substances in non-potable water.

Assessment criterion	Approximate concentration mg/l	Evaluation CuNi10Fe1Mn	
pH value	< 6	0	
	6 to 9	+	
	> 9	0	
Chloride	up to 1000	+	
	> 1000	+ (< 25000 mg/l)	
Sulfate	up to 70	+	
	70 to 300	+	
	> 300	+ (< 25000 mg/l)	
Nitrate	up to 100	+	
	> 100	0	
Free (aggressive) carbonic acid	up to 20	+	
	20 to 50	0	
	> 50	_	
Oxygen	up to 2	+	
	> 2	+	
Ammonium	up to 2	+	
	2 to 20	+	
	> 20	_	
Iron (dissolved)	up to 10	0	
	> 10	_	
Manganese (dissolved)	up to 1	0	
	> 1	_	
Free chlorine	up to 5	permanently < 0.5 mg/l	
	> 5	intermittently < 3.0 mg/l	
Sulfide		0	
Ammonia		+ (< 15 mg/l)	

#### Key

+	= usually good resistivity
0	= corrosion problems can occur in particular if several factors are assessed with 0
_	= we advise against use



# Types of cooling water/characteristics

Note the following conditions:

#### Industrial water

- Usually untreated water (no drinking water)
- · Often very contaminated
- A water analysis is necessary for assessment
- Copper, brass and steel are very resistant against industrial water

#### Stream water and river water

- · We recommend using copper brass pipes
- · Cast iron parts must be protected against corrosion by suitable coating
- Usually untreated water (no drinking water)
- · Often very contaminated
- · A water analysis is necessary for assessment



# 5.18 Torque arm

#### 5.18.1 Notes on installation

## **A WARNING**

Insufficiently secured gear units can fall down during assembly/disassembly. Severe or fatal injuries.

 Secure the gear unit during assembly/disassembly. Support the gear unit using appropriate tools.

# **NOTICE**

Deforming the torque arm leads to constraining forces on the output shaft, which may negatively influence the service life of the output shaft bearings.

Possible damage to property.

· Do not deform the torque arm.

#### NOTICE

Strain on the torque arm might break the housing.

Possible damage to property.

 Adhere to the specified screw size, tightening torques and required screw strength.

# **INFORMATION**

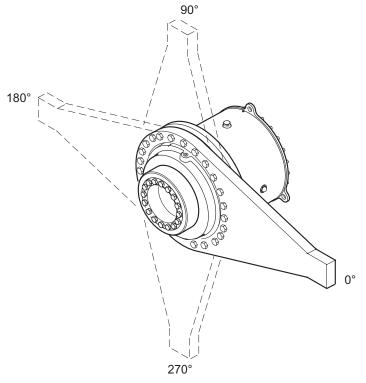


- · Retaining screws are included in the delivery.
- · When using a shrink disk cover, install the torque arm before mounting the cover.

#### 5.18.2 Single-sided torque arm (standard)

#### Installation situation

The torque arm can be installed at  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$  in consideration of the order-specific configuration.



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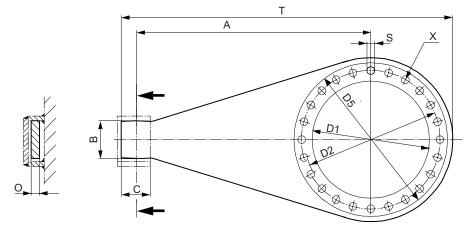
The reactive force resulting from the gear unit torque is absorbed via the torque arm with lever arm A. The figure on the next page shows an example of a customer fixture in a welded structure. Two supporting plates are welded on the machine design with the suggested dimensions. Once the gear unit has been mounted, a connecting cover plate is welded onto the two supporting plates. The force of the gear unit torque acts on the support, divided by the length of the lever arm A. The reaction force also acts on the gear unit and machine shafts.

The figure shows a sample mounting position and the combination of a planetary gear unit with torque arm.



#### **Dimensions**

The following figure shows a sample torque arm with dimensions.



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Size			Quantity	Weight						
Size	Α	В	С	D1	D2	0	S	Т	Х	kg
P.042	900	150	120	484	560	40	33	1270	20	93
P.052	1000	160	130	534	590	40	33	1390	24	102
P.062	1200	180	150	614	690	50	39	1655	24	183
P.072	1500	230	200	694	770	60	39	2020	24	317
P.082	1600	230	200	754	840	70	45	2160	24	420
P.092	1650	250	220	804	870	70	45	2235	24	440
P.102	1700	250	220	854	960	70	45	2335	24	510

# **INFORMATION**



The torque arm bearing must be sufficiently dimensioned by the user.

## **Tightening torques**

# **INFORMATION**



The tightening torques listed in the following table are based on the friction coefficient for threads and mounting surface of  $\mu$  = 0.11.

When you use other screws than the screws included in the delivery, the tightening torques must be adjusted to the new friction conditions.

Only use the following tools for the installation:

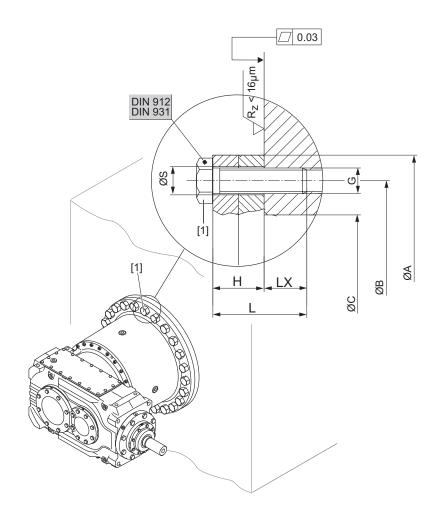
- · Signal-generating torque wrench
- Motorized torque wrench with dynamic torque measuring
- · Torque-controlled, gradual hydraulic tools

Size	Thread	Tightening torque Nm	Strength class	DIN screws
P.042 - P.052	M30	1910		
P.062 - P.072	M36	3320	10.9	DIN EN ISO 4017 DIN EN ISO 4762
P.082 – P.102	M42	5310		DIN LIN 130 4702

# 5.19 Flange-mounted gear units

The following figure shows an example of how flange-mounted gear units are installed.

Retaining screws [1] are not included in the delivery.



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# **INFORMATION**



The tightening torques listed in the following table are based on the friction coefficient for threads and mounting surface of  $\mu$  = 0.11.

Screws are not included in the delivery. Adjust the tightening torques to the new friction conditions.

Only use the following tools for the installation:

- · Signal-generating torque wrench
- Motorized torque wrench with dynamic torque measuring
- · Torque-controlled, gradual hydraulic tools



The following values in the table apply to steel constructions. Observe the additional information on the customer dimension sheet.

Size	Thread	Quantity	Tightening torque			Dim	ensions ir	n mm			Strength classes	Screws EN ISO
			Nm	øs	Н	min. L	min. LX	ØΑ	ØВ	ØС	Classes	EN 130
P.042	M30	20	1910	33	64	114	50	620	560	480 <sub>f9</sub>		
P.052	M30	24	1910	33	64	114	50	650	590	530 <sub>f9</sub>		
P.062	M36	24	3320	39	74	134	60	760	690	610 <sub>f9</sub>		
P.072	M36	24	3320	39	84	144	60	840	770	690 <sub>f9</sub>	10.9	4017 4762
P.082	M42	24	5310	45	84	154	70	920	840	750 <sub>f9</sub>		4702
P.092	M42	24	5310	45	90	160	70	950	870	800 <sub>f9</sub>		
P.102	M42	24	5310	45	100	180	80	1050	960	850 <sub>f9</sub>		

# 5.20 Output shaft as hollow shaft with shrink disk

# **INFORMATION**

Ensure that the dimensions of the machine shaft correspond to the SEW-EURODRIVE specifications.

# **INFORMATION**

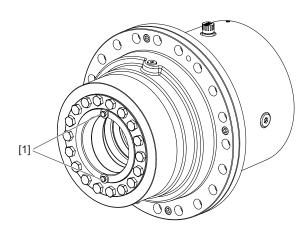
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i

The material of the machine shaft should be dimensioned by the customer according to the loads that will occur. The shaft material should have a yield point of at least 320 N/mm².

# **INFORMATION**

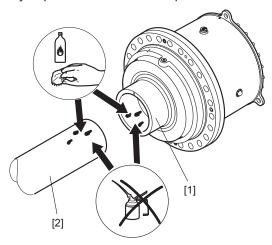
Note that the shrink disk is secured with 2 screws [1] on delivery. Remove the screws prior to assembly.



#### 5.20.1 Assembly

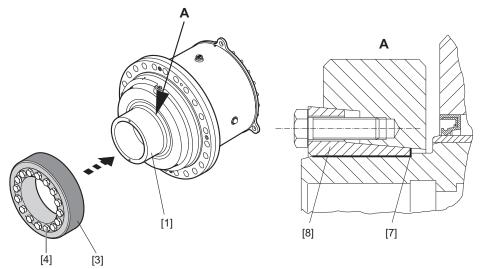
Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

1. Before installing the shrink disk, clean and degrease the hub [1] and the machine shaft [2]. This is very important for reliable torque transmission.

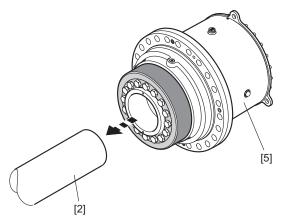


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- 2. **A CAUTION!** The loose shrink disk could slip. Risk of injury to persons and damage to property. Secure the shrink disk against slipping. Slide the shrink disk with untightened screws onto the hollow shaft [1] and position the inner ring of the shrink disk [8].
- 3. **NOTICE!** Tightening the locking screws [4] without installed machine shaft may result in the hollow shaft being deformed. Possible damage to property. Only tighten the locking screws [4] with the machine shaft [2] installed. Check for correct position of the shrink disk [3]. The shrink disk is positioned correctly when it is in contact with the shaft shoulder [7].

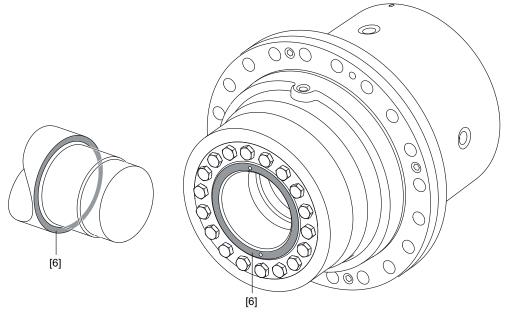


4. Install the machine shaft [2], or push the gear unit [5] onto the machine shaft [2] to the stop. Carry out the individual installation steps slowly to allow the compressed air to escape around the outside of the shaft.

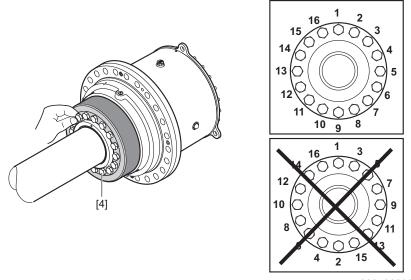


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5. To guarantee a complete torque transmission from the gear unit to the machine shaft, observe the following procedure during assembly. Push the gear unit onto the machine shaft until the contact surfaces [6] touch.

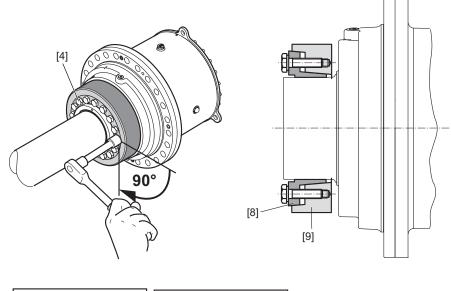


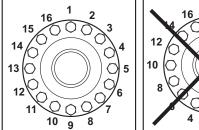
6. First tighten the locking screws [4] manually. Then tighten all locking screws by working round equally (not in diametrically opposite sequence) in 1/4 turn increments.



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7. Adhere to the tightening torque in the table below. Continue to tighten the locking screws [4] by working round in 1/4 turns until you reach the tightening torque.





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8. Verify the type details on your shrink disk and choose the tightening torque.

Shrink disk type	Size	Screws	Rated torque Nm	Tightening torque Nm ± 20%
	P.042	M20	194000	570
	P.052	M20	255000	570
	P.062	M24	405000	980
3181	P.072	M24	525000	980
	P.082	M24	720000	980
	P.092	M27	906000	1450
	P.102	M27	1160000	1450

## **INFORMATION**



The front end surfaces of inner ring [8] and outer ring [9] must not necessarily be flush when the locking screws are tightened.

For gear units with hollow shaft with shrink disk, a protection cover may be installed as an option. The protection cover provides protection against touching the rotating output shaft.

## **A CAUTION**



Improper assembly of the protection cover may result in risk of injury due to rotating parts.

Possible injury to persons.

Be sure to properly attach the protection cover after completing assembly.

#### 5.20.2 Removal

#### **▲ WARNING**



Improper disassembly may cause the shrink disk and/or the gear unit to fall down. Serious injury.

- Never completely unscrew the shrink disk locking screw.
- Secure the shrink disk and the gear unit against slipping.

#### NOTICE

Improper disassembly of the gear unit and machine shaft may damage bearings and other components.

Possible damage to property.

- You may only use the hollow shaft as a support for disassembly. Note that supporting on any other parts of the gear unit may damage the material.
- Shrink disks and corresponding parts of different gear units must not be swapped.

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

 NOTICE! Improper loosening of the locking screws can lead to straining of the connecting surface. Possible damage to property.
 Loosen the locking screws [4] by a quarter turn one after the other to avoid straining the connecting surface.

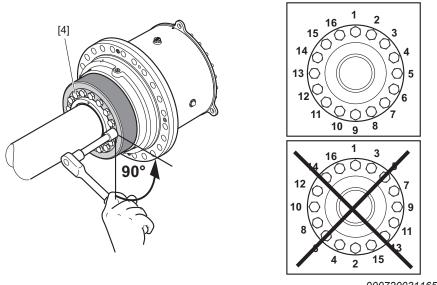


# **INFORMATION**



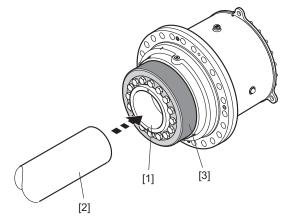
If the bevel (outer ring) [9] and the taper bushing (inner ring) [8] do not separate by themselves:

 Take the necessary number of locking screws and screw them evenly into the disassembly bores. Tighten the locking screws in several steps until the tapered bushing separates from the tapered ring.



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2. Remove the machine shaft [2] or pull the hub [1] off the machine shaft. If rust has formed on the shaft in front of the hub, you must remove the rust first.



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3. Remove the shrink disk [3] from the hub [1].



#### 5.20.3 Cleaning and lubrication

# **INFORMATION**



You must perform the following steps carefully to ensure proper functioning of the shrink disk. Use only products that are comparable to the specified lubricant.

- If the tapered surfaces of the shrink disk are damaged, the shrink disk can no longer be used and must be replaced.
- Used shrink disks have to be disassembled and cleaned. The manufacturer has applied a solid lubricant to the tapered surfaces (for example Weicon "Anti-Seize").
   Use "Anti-Seize" for regreasing undamaged tapered surfaces. Grease screw threads with Weicon "Anti-Seize".
- Use a solid lubricant with a friction coefficient of  $\mu = 0.04$ .

Lubricant	Sold as		
Molykote 321 R (lube coat)	Spray		
Molykote spray (powder spray)	Spray		
Molykote G Rapid	Spray or compound		
Aemasol MO 19R	Spray or compound		
Molykombin UMFT 1	Spray		
Unimoly P5	Powder		



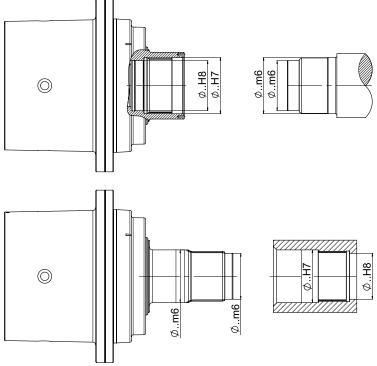
# 5.21 Gear unit with splining

#### 5.21.1 Notes for mounting the gear unit

#### INFORMATION



The material of the machine shaft should be dimensioned by the customer according to the loads that will occur. The shaft material should have a yield point of at least 320 N/mm².



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The specified tolerances for gear shaft and machine shaft correspond to the standard design. If requested by the customer, other tolerances of the gear shaft are possible.

#### NOTICE

Constraining forces can occur on the output shaft bearing due to the rigid connection between the machine shaft and the gear shaft. This may result in damages to the output shaft bearing and increased fretting corrosion in the connection between the machine shaft and the gear shaft.

Possible damage to property.

- The gear unit is usually foot or flange-mounted and used as bearing point when the machine shaft has no individual bearing or merely provides one bearing point. You have to provide for an accurate coaxial alignment with the bearing point.
- If the machine shaft has at least 2 bearing points, the gear unit should be connected merely to the machine shaft and supported with a torque arm. In order to prevent excess stress on the bearing, gear units with foot or flange mounting are to be avoided.



#### 5.21.2 Mounting the gear unit onto the machine shaft

#### INFORMATION

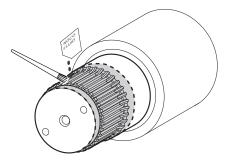


Make sure the dimensions of the machine shaft correspond to SEW-EURODRIVE specifications  $\rightarrow$  see dimension sheet in your order documents.

#### Output shaft as a splined hollow shaft /..V

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

1. Apply some NOCO® fluid on the machine shaft around the centering seat and the splining.



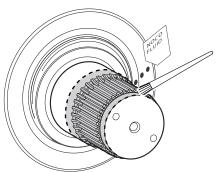
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- 2. Push the gear unit onto the machine shaft. The splining of the gear shaft must mesh with the splining of the machine shaft.
- 3. Make sure that the customer shaft is at the correct position in axial direction.

#### Output shaft as a splined solid shaft /..L

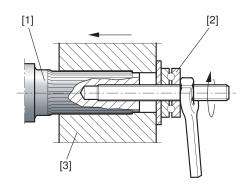
Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

1. Apply some NOCO® fluid on the gear shaft around the centering seat and the splining.



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2. Push the gear unit onto the machine shaft. Use a mounting device, if necessary. The splining of the gear shaft must mesh with the splining of the machine shaft.



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- [1] Splined solid shaft
- [2] Thrust bearing
- [3] Coupling hub
- 3. Make sure that the customer shaft is at the correct position in axial direction.

# 5.21.3 Disassembling the gear unit from the machine shaft

# **NOTICE**

Improper disassembly of the gear unit and machine shaft may damage bearings and other components.

Possible damage to property.

You may only use the gear shaft as a support for disassembly. Note that supporting on any other parts of the gear unit may damage the material.

# 5.22 Oil-water cooler for splash lubrication /OWC

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler with Motor Pump for Splash Lubrication /OWC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 5.23 Oil-air cooler for splash lubrication /OAC

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OAC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 5.24 Oil-water cooler for pressure lubrication /OWP

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler for Pressure Lubrication /OWP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 5.25 Oil-air cooler for pressure lubrication /OAP

Observe the notes in chapter "Important information" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  61).

# **INFORMATION**



Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OAP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

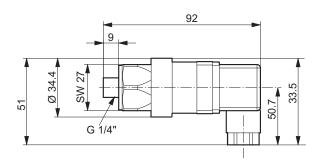
#### 5.26 Pressure switch /PS

The pressure switch indicates the correct oil pressure in the pressure pipe and in this way indicates the operational readiness of pressure lubrication. The pressure switch must be monitored by the operator.

During the starting phase of a gear unit with shaft end pump, pressure might build up with a delay. The slow building up of pressure during this phase can cause the pressure switch to issue a fault signal. You can prevent this by timing the pressure switch to **5 seconds up to a maximum of 10 seconds**.

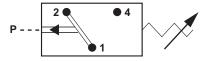
Another switch-off delay is not permitted as this might damage the gear unit.

#### 5.26.1 Dimensions



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#### 5.26.2 Electrical connection



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[1][2] NC contact NO contact

#### 5.26.3 Technical data

Switching pressure: 0.5 ± 0.2 bar

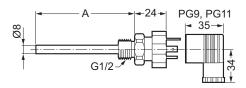
Maximum switching capacity: 4 A – V<sub>AC</sub> 250; 4 A – V<sub>DC</sub> 24

Plug connector: DIN EN 175301-803

 The tightening torque for the retaining screw in the back of the plug connector for electrical connection is 0.25 Nm.

# 5.27 Temperature sensor /PT100

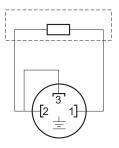
# 5.27.1 Dimensions



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A in mm	
50	
150	

# 5.27.2 Electrical connection



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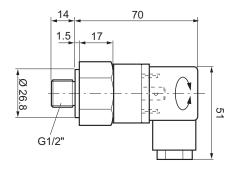
[1][2] Resistor element connection

### 5.27.3 Technical data

- Design with thermowell and changeable measuring insert
- Sensor tolerance in K ± (0.3 + 0.005 × T), (corresponds to DIN IEC 751 class B),
   T = Oil temperature in °C
- Plug connector: DIN EN 175301-803 PG9 (IP65)
- The tightening torque for the retaining screw in the back of the plug connector for electrical connection is 0.25 Nm.

# 5.28 Temperature switch /NTB

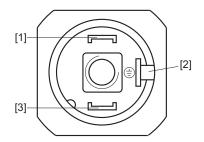
### 5.28.1 Dimensions



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### 5.28.2 Electrical connection

To guarantee a long service life and trouble-free functioning, we recommend that you use a relay in the power circuit instead of a direct connection through the temperature switch.



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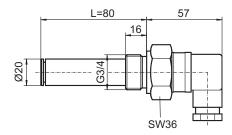
- [1] [3] NC contact
- [2] Grounding terminal 6.3 x 0.8

### 5.28.3 Technical data

- Trip temperature: 70 °C, 80 °C, 90 °C, 100 °C ± 5 °C
- Contact capacity: 10 A AC 240 V
- Plug connector: DIN EN 175301-803 PG9 (IP65)
- The tightening torque for the retaining screw in the back of the plug connector for electrical connection is 0.25 Nm.

# 5.29 Temperature switch /TSK

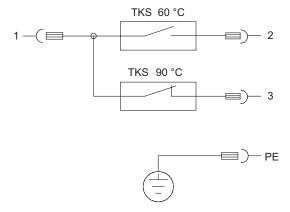
### 5.29.1 Dimensions



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### 5.29.2 Electrical connection

To guarantee a long service life and trouble-free functioning, we recommend that you use a relay in the power circuit instead of a direct connection through the temperature switch.



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[1][2] Switch 60 °C NO contact [1][3] Switch 90 °C NC contact PE Grounding terminal

# 5.29.3 Technical data

Switching temperatures: 60 °C and 90 °C

Contact capacity: 2 A – AC 240 V

Plug connector: DIN EN 175301-803 PG11 (IP65)

• The tightening torque for the retaining screw in the back of the plug connector for electrical connection is 0.25 Nm.

# 6 Startup

# 6.1 Important notes

Read the following notes prior to startup.

# **A WARNING**



Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

 Work on the gear unit only when the machine is not in use. Secure the drive unit against unintentional power-up. Attach an information sign near the ON switch to warn that the gear unit is being worked on.

# **▲ WARNING**



Danger due to freely accessible, rotating parts.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Secure rotating components such as shafts, couplings, gears or belt drives using suitable protection covers.
- Ensure that installed protection covers are sufficiently attached.

# **A WARNING**



Danger due to using impermissible gear unit oil.

Severe or fatal injuries.

· Only use food-grade oils when the gear unit is used in the food industry.

# **A CAUTION**



Danger due to unsecured mount-on components, e.g. keys.

Possible injury to persons due to falling parts.

- · Install appropriate protective devices.
- Secure the mount-on components.

# **A CAUTION**



Danger due to lubricant leaking from damaged seals and the breather.

Minor injuries.

- Check the gear unit and mount-on components for leaking lubricant.
- The seals must not come in contact with cleaning agent as this may damage the seals.
- · Protect the breather against damage.
- Make sure that there is not too much oil in the gear unit. If the oil level is too high and the temperature rises, lubricant may escape from the breather valve.



### NOTICE

Improper startup may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- Note the following information.

When additional attachments, e.g. an oil supply system, are mounted to the gear unit, the required oil fill quantity is higher. In this case, observe the respective operating instructions "Oil Supply System" by SEW-EURODRIVE. For more information, refer to chapter "Changing the oil" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  132).

- The most important technical data is provided on the nameplate. Additional data relevant for operation is available in drawings, on the order confirmation or in any order-specific documentation.
- Prior to startup, make sure that monitoring devices (such as pressure switch, temperature switch) are fully operational.
- After having installed the gear unit, check to see that all retaining screws are tight.
- Make sure that the alignment has not changed after tightening the mounting elements.
- If there are any oil drain valves, ensure that they cannot be opened unintentionally.
- If an oil level glass is used for checking the oil level, ensure that it is protected against damage.
- It is essential that there is no open fire or risk of sparks when working on the gear unit.
- Make sure that the gear unit is grounded. Electrical mount-on components, such as motors, frequency inverters, etc. must be grounded separately.
- Protect the gear unit from falling objects.
- If the gear unit is equipped with a fan on the input shaft, check for free air intake within the specified angle.
- Ensure that the external coolant supply is guaranteed for gear units with circulation cooling, water cooling covers and water cooling cartridges.
- When operated in areas with low ambient temperatures, observe the limit temperature for gear unit startup. Allow for a sufficient heating period.
- Gear units with pressure lubrication may only be taken into operation when the pressure switch is connected.
- For gear units with long-term protection: Replace the screw plug at the location indicated on the gear unit with a breather plug (position → see order documents).
- Remove transport protection prior to startup.
- Observe the safety notes in the individual chapters.



### 6.1.1 Permitted axial force

For applications with axial loads, consult SEW-EURODRIVE.

# **INFORMATION**



- Please consult SEW-EURODRIVE if you use the PH.. design in combination with overhung forces, or the PHF.. variant with flange mounting.
- If only an axial load but no additional overhung load act on the output shaft, it is necessary that you contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

# 6.2 Shaft end pump /SEP

# NOTICE

Improper startup of gear units with pressure lubrication can damage the gear unit. Possible damage to property.

- · Observe the following notes.
- Do not start up the gear unit if the pressure switch is not connected.
- It is essential that the gear unit is sufficiently lubricated from the very beginning.
   Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if the pump does not build up pressure within 20 seconds after the gear unit has been started up.
- A minimum speed of ≥ 400 rpm is required for proper operation of the shaft end pump. If you use variable input speeds (e.g. inverter-controlled drives) or if you intend to change the input speed of a gear unit equipped with a shaft end pump, it is essential that you contact SEW-EURODRIVE.
- An oil heater is mandatory when operating gear units with shaft end pump at low ambient temperatures. For more information, refer to chapter Limit temperature for gear unit startup.
- Observe the notes in chapter "Filling the gear unit with oil" (→ 

  67).



# 6.3 Motor pump /ONP

# **INFORMATION**

i

Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump / ONP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.4 Motor pump/ONP1L

# **INFORMATION**



Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ ONP1L", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.5 Motor pump/ONP1

# **INFORMATION**



Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor Pump/ ONP1", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.6 Water cooling cartridge /CCT

# NOTICE

Risk of damage to the system due to power loss.

Possible damage to property.

A power loss may result from the formation of scale on the inside of the pipe.
 Refer to chapter "Inspection/Maintenance".

# NOTICE

Risk of damage to components caused by aggressive cooling media, such as sea water or brackish water.

Possible damage to property.

 Sea water or brackish water and other caustic fluids must not be used as cooling media for the standard models. Special materials are necessary when using these aggressive cooling media.

After having installed the water cooling cartridge in the system, it can be taken into operation and operated without taking further preparatory measures. After startup, check the water cooling cartridge for proper function.

Make the following checks:

- · Check the connection points for tightness.
- If necessary, check the valves, fittings, and filters for unrestricted flow and proper functioning.
- Check for proper function of the water cooling cartridge.

### 6.7 Oil heater /OH

### NOTICE

Malfunctioning oil heater when changing the mounting position.

Possible damage to property.

 Do not change the mounting position without prior consultation with SEW-EURODRIVE, otherwise proper functioning is no longer ensured.

The oil heater comes equipped with cable glands and jumpers. They are included in the delivery of the heating elements and are already installed in the gear unit. The oil heater is connected to the current supply using terminal studs. They do not depend on the size of the heating element and always have an M4 thread. We recommend using RKS4 ring cable lugs with small grommets.



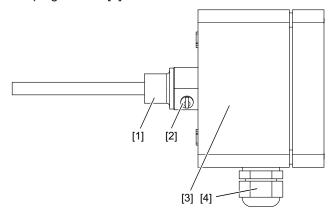
# 6.7.1 Positioning the thermostat

The required position of the thermostat may vary depending on the installation space. Proceed as follows to position the thermostat:

- 1. Open the clamping screws [2].
- 2. **NOTICE!** Observe the position of the cable gland during assembly. Possible damage to property.

Mount it in such a way that no moisture can enter. Turn the thermostat to the required position.

3. Tighten the clamping screws [2].



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- [1] Threaded jacket
- [2] Clamping screw
- [3] Thermostat
- [4] Cable gland

A protective sleeve prevents oil from leaking. The sensor of the thermostat is inserted in the sleeve and attached via the 2 clamping screws.

### INFORMATION



· Observe the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.8 Starting up the gear unit at low ambient temperatures

# NOTICE

Starting up the gear unit below the permitted minimum oil temperature for gear unit startup may damage the unit.

Possible damage to property.

 Prior to starting up the gear unit, make sure that the oil heater heats up the oil to the temperature specified for "without heater".

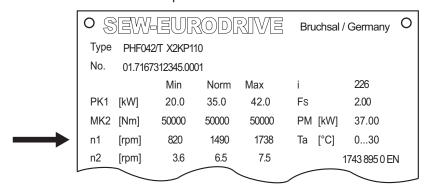
# 6.9 Backstop /BS

# **NOTICE**

Operating the motor in the blocking direction could destroy the backstop [1].

Possible damage to property

- Do not start up the motor in the blocking direction. Ensure a correct current supply to the motor, so that it rotates in the required direction. Operating the motor in the blocking direction could destroy the backstop [1].
- Observe the Addendum to the operating instructions when you change the blocking direction.
- When a backstop is used, additional values for the speed range that must be adhered can be found on the nameplate.

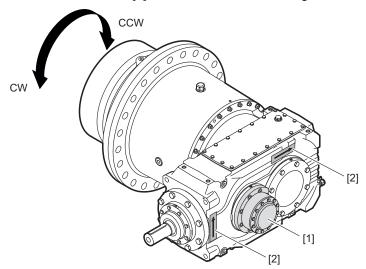


Operation that exceeds the speed range specified on the nameplate is not permitted.

The direction of rotation is specified as viewed onto the output shaft (LSS):

- CW rotation
- CCW rotation

The permitted direction of rotation [2] is indicated on the housing.



# 6.10 Measuring surface and oil temperature

# 6.10.1 Measuring the surface temperature

It is essential to measure the surface temperature at maximum load when starting up the gear unit.

The measurement can be made using standard thermometers. The surface temperature must be measured in a steady-state condition. The temperature must not exceed  $100\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Stop the drive immediately if the temperature is above this value. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

The measuring of the surface temperature depends on the mounting position of the planetary gear unit.

# 6.10.2 Measuring the oil temperature

The oil temperature must be measured to determine the oil change intervals.

See chapter "Lubricant change intervals" ( $\rightarrow$  B 126) for a description. Measure the temperature at the bottom of the gear unit. If the gear unit has an oil drain plug, measure the temperature on this screw. Add 10 K to the measured value. This value is the basis for the oil change intervals.



# 6.11 Oil-water cooler for splash lubrication/OWC

# **INFORMATION**

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Before installation/assembly, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OWC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.12 Oil-air cooler for splash lubrication /OAC

# **INFORMATION**

i

Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Splash Lubrication/OAC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.13 Oil-water cooler for pressure lubrication /OWP

# **INFORMATION**



Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler for Pressure Lubrication / OWP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.14 Oil-air cooler for pressure lubrication/OAP

# INFORMATION



Before startup, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Pressure Lubrication/OAP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

# 6.15 Gear unit shutdown / gear unit conservation

# **A WARNING**

Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

Work on the gear unit only when the machine is not in use. Secure the drive unit
against unintentional power-up. Attach an information sign near the ON switch to
warn that the gear unit is being worked on.

# INFORMATION



Gear units with water cooling system: disrupt the cooling water supply and drain the water from the cooling circuit. Gear units with oil supply system: Please contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

Additional conservation measures are required if the gear unit is to be shut-down for a longer period. Depending on the location, the ambient conditions, and the lubrication state, even a few weeks of downtime might require conservation measures.

### 6.15.1 Internal conservation

- New or hardly used gear units:
  - For internal conservation, SEW-EURODRIVE recommends the VCI conservation method.
  - Apply the required amount of VCI anti-corrosion agent to the inside of the gear unit (e.g. FUCHS LUBRITECH Anticorit VCI UNI IP-40, www.fuchs-lubritech.com). The amount depends on the free space inside the gear unit. Any existing oil may usually remain in the drive.
  - Replace the breather with a screw plug and close the gear unit so that it is air tight. Prior to startup, re-install the breather.
- After longer gear unit operation:

### **INFORMATION**



For gear units with contactless sealing systems, contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

For gear units without contactless sealing systems, you may also use the oil type indicated on the nameplate to perform the conservation. In this case, the gear unit must be completely filled with clean oil. Replace the breather with a screw plug and fill in the oil from the highest point of the gear unit. In order to provide for sufficient conservation, all the gearing components and bearing points must be completely covered in oil.

Prior to startup, re-install the breather. Observe the information on the nameplate regarding the oil grade and oil quantity.

### 6.15.2 External corrosion protection

Clean the respective surfaces.



- Grease the shaft near the sealing lip to separate the sealing lip of the oil seal and the anti-corrosion agent.
- Apply a wax-based protective coating to shaft ends and unpainted surfaces as external corrosion protection (e.g. Herm. Hölterhoff Hölterol MF 1424, www.hoelterhoff.de).

# INFORMATION



Consult the respective supplier regarding the compatibility with the oil that is used and the duration of corrosion protection for your particular gear unit design.

Observe the information in chapter "Storage and transport conditions" ( $\rightarrow$   $\$  $\$  $\$ 22) in the corresponding operating instructions. This chapter provides information on the possible storage periods in conjunction with adequate packaging depending on the storage location.

# 7 Inspection/maintenance

# 7.1 Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance

Observe the following notes before you start with inspection/maintenance work.

# **▲ WARNING**



Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

 Work on the gear unit only when the machine is not in use. Secure the drive unit against unintentional power-up. Attach an information sign near the ON switch to warn that the gear unit is being worked on.

### **A WARNING**



A customer machine that is not appropriately secured can fall during gear unit installation or removal.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- Protect the operator's machine against unintentional movement when installing or removing the gear unit.
- Before releasing shaft connections, be sure that there are no active torsional moments present (tensions within the system).

# **A WARNING**



Danger due to using impermissible gear unit oil.

Severe or fatal injuries.

• Only use food-grade oils when the gear unit is used in the food industry.

### **▲ WARNING**



Risk of burns due to hot gear unit and hot gear unit oil.

Serious injury.

- · Let the gear unit cool down before you start working on it.
- · Remove the oil drain plug very carefully.

# **A CAUTION**



Danger due to lubricant leaking from damaged seals and the breather.

Minor injuries.

- · Check the gear unit and mount-on components for leaking lubricant.
- The seals must not come in contact with cleaning agent as this may damage the seals.
- Protect the breather against damage.
- Make sure that there is not too much oil in the gear unit. If the oil level is too high and the temperature rises, lubricant may escape from the breather valve.

# **A CAUTION**

Danger due to leakage of lubricant.

Injuries.

Remove any dripping oil immediately with oil binding agent.

### NOTICE

Filling in the wrong oil may result in significantly different lubricant characteristics. Possible damage to property.

Do not mix different synthetic lubricants and do not mix synthetic and mineral lubricants.

# **NOTICE**

Improper maintenance may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- Observe the following notes.
- Strict adherence to the inspection and maintenance intervals is absolutely necessary to ensure safe working conditions.
- Note that the gear units have a common oil chamber.
- Use only original spare parts according to the delivered spare and wearing parts lists.
- If you remove the gear unit cover, you must apply new sealing compound to the sealing surface. Otherwise, the sealing properties of the gear unit might be impaired. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in this case!
- Prevent foreign particles from entering into the gear unit during maintenance and inspection work.
- Never clean the gear unit with a high-pressure cleaning device. If one is used, water may enter into the gear unit and the seals may be damaged.
- Replace any damaged seals.
- Adhere to the tightening torques.
- The gear unit must be cleaned in such a way that liquids cannot enter the motor adapter (HSS end) or the mounting flange (LSS end) and accumulate there.
- Perform a safety and functional check following all maintenance and repair work.
- For third-party parts, such as cooling systems, observe the separate inspection and maintenance intervals of the manufacturer's documentation.
- Strictly observe the safety notes in the individual chapters.

# 7.2 Inspection and maintenance intervals

Adhere to the following inspection and maintenance intervals:



Frequency	What is to be done?	
Daily	Check the housing temperature:	
	– Mineral oil: max 90 °C	
	- Synthetic oil: max 100 °C	
	Check gear unit noise	
Once a month	Check the gear unit for signs of leakage.	
	Check the oil level.	
After 500 operating hours	First oil change after initial startup	
Every 6 months	Check the screw fittings and piping for leakage.	
Every 3000 operating hours, at least every 6 months	Check the oil consistency.	
	Fill regreasable sealing systems with grease.	
	• For V-belt drives: Check the belt tension and condition of the V-belt pul-	
	leys and belts.	
	Check whether retaining screws are tightly secured.	
	Check if the gear unit surface is free of dust and dirt, so that the gear unit     can be entirelly cooled.	
	can be optimally cooled.  • Check the condition of the motor pump/ONP. If required, replace filter	
	element.	
	Check the condition of the oil-water cooler/OWC (see addendum to the	
	operating instructions).	
	Check the condition of the oil-air cooler/OAC (see addendum to the op-	
Depending on the operating conditions, at least every	erating instructions).	
12 months	• Check the condition of the oil-water cooler/OWP, replace filter element if	
	necessary (see addendum to the operating instructions).  • Check the condition of the oil-air cooling system/OAP. If required (see	
	addendum to the operating instructions), replace the filter element.	
	Clean the oil filter. If required, replace filter element.	
	Check the condition of the water cooling cartridge/CCT.	
	Check the condition of the water cooling cover/CCV.	
	Check breather. If required, replace it.	
	Check the alignment of the input and output shaft.	
	Check the condition and tightness of all the rubber tubes (aging effects).	
At least every 3 years depending on the operating conditions (see figure on next page)	- Change mineral oil.	
At least every 5 years depending on the operating conditions (see figure on next page)	- Change synthetic oil.	
	Check the installed hose pipes.	
	Clean the gear unit housing surface and the fan.	
	Touch up or renew the surfaces/anti-corrosion coating.      Devices be advantage.	
	Replace backstop.  The backstop might wear off when operated below lift off speed. This is:	
	The backstop might wear off when operated below lift-off speed. This is why you should contact SEW-EURODRIVE for defining the maintenance	
	intervals for:	
	<ul><li>Speed on input shaft &lt; 950 1/min</li></ul>	
Varying (depending on external factors)	See backstop, chapter 4	
	<ul> <li>Check built-in cooler (such as water cooling cover/CCT and cartridge/ CCV) for deposits.</li> </ul>	
	Check the oil heater/OH (at same time as the oil change):	
	<ul> <li>Are all connecting leads and terminals tightened securely and free from corrosion?</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Clean encrusted heating elements. Replace is required.</li> </ul>	

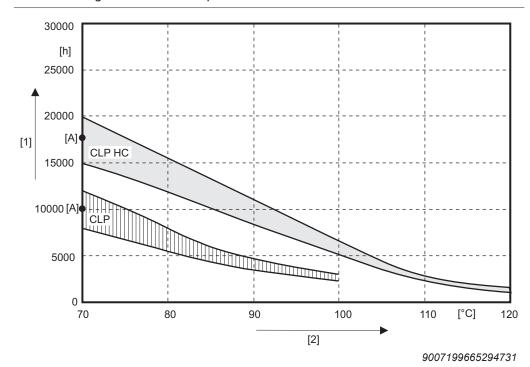
# 7.3 Lubricant change intervals

It might be necessary to change the oil more frequently when using special designs or under more severe/aggressive ambient conditions.

# **INFORMATION**

i

Mineral CLP lubricants and synthetic polyalphaolefin-based (PAO) lubricants are used for lubrication. The synthetic lubricant CLP HC (according to DIN 51502) shown in the following illustration corresponds to the PAO oils.



- [1] Operating hours
- [2] Sustained oil bath temperature
- [A] Average value per oil type at 70 °C

# **INFORMATION**



SEW-EURODRIVE recommends that the gear unit oil is analyzed regularly (see chapter "Checking the oil consistency" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  131)) to optimize the lubricant change intervals.

# 30728/EN = 11/2016

# 7.4 Checking the oil level

### 7.4.1 General information

Note the following when checking the oil level.

### NOTICE

Improper checking of the oil level may result in damage to the gear unit.

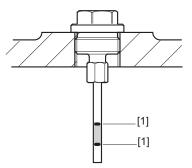
Possible damage to property.

- · Check the oil level only when the gear unit is at standstill.
- For gear units in fixed and variable pivoted mounting position, observe the notes on the following pages.
- Elements for controlling the oil level, oil drain, and oil fill openings are indicated on the gear unit by safety symbols.
- Check the oil level again after a few operating hours.

# 7.4.2 Standard procedure

### Oil dipstick

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  123).



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- 1. Unscrew the oil dipstick and remove it.
- 2. Clean the oil dipstick and re-insert it by turning it hand-tight into the gear unit up to the stop.
- 3. Remove the oil dipstick and check the oil level. The oil level must be between the markings [1].
- 4. Proceed as follows if the oil level is too low:
- Open the oil fill plug.
- Fill in oil of the same oil grade until the oil level is between the markings [1].
- 5. If you filled in too much oil, proceed as follows:
- Adjust the oil level. The oil level must be between the markings [1].
- 6. Screw in the oil fill plug.
- 7. Insert the oil dipstick.



# 7.4.3 Notes on the procedure for fixed and variabel pivoted mounting positions

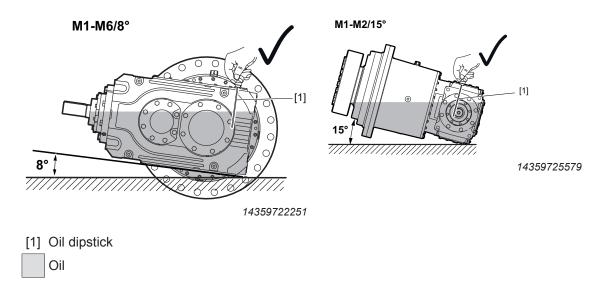
Observe the information on the nameplate and in the order documents.

# Fixed pivoted mounting positions

Procedure

Check the oil level in the fixed, intended position. Observe the notes in chapter "Standard procedure" ( $\rightarrow$  127).

The following figure shows an example of how to check the oil level.

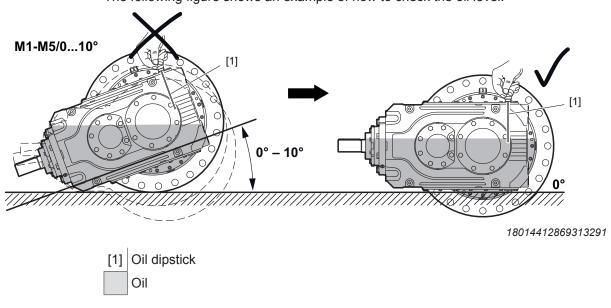


# Variable pivoted mounting positions

Procedure

Before checking the oil level of gear units with variable pivoted mounting position, position the gear unit in the mounting position defined in the order documents. Observe the notes in chapter "Standard procedure" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  127).

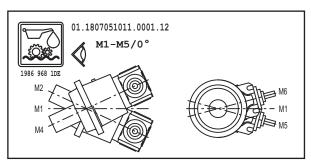
The following figure shows an example of how to check the oil level.



### Information sign

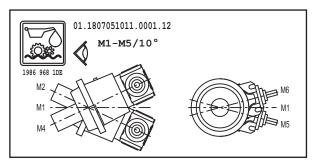
Observe the additional **information sign on the gear unit**. Check the oil level in the test mounting position specified on the information sign.

The following figure shows an example of the information sign for check mounting position 0°.



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The following figure shows an example of the information sign for check mounting position 10°.



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# Combination of fixed and variable pivoted mounting positions

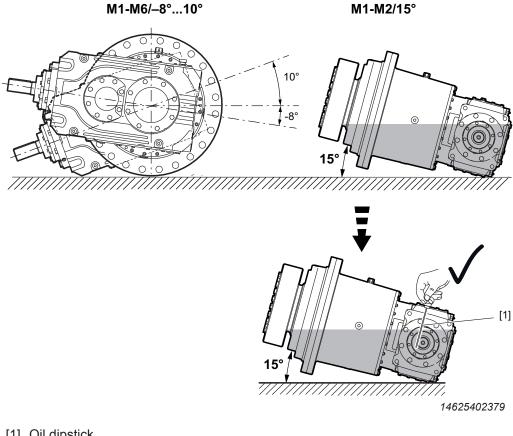
### Procedure

Observe the following procedure when combining fixed and variable pivoted mounting position.

Before checking the oil level of gear units with fixed and variable pivoted mounting position, position the gear unit in the mounting position defined in the order documents. Observe the notes in chapter "Standard procedure" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  127).



The following figure shows an example of the position that must be used to check the oil level.



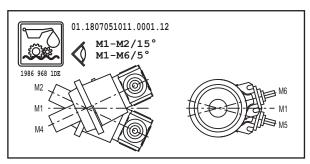
[1] Oil dipstick

Oil

### Information sign

Observe the additional information sign on the gear unit. Check the oil level in the test mounting position specified on the nameplate.

The following figure shows an example of the information sign for check mounting position  $M1-M2/15^{\circ}$  at  $M1-M6/5^{\circ}$ .



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# 7.5 Checking the oil consistency

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{B}$  123).

Proceed as follows to check the oil consistency:

- 1. Start the gear unit for a short time for the oil to mix with suspended particles.
- 2. Determine the oil drain position and place a container underneath.
- 3. **A WARNING!** Risk of burns due to hot gear unit and hot gear unit oil. Serious injury. Let the gear unit cool down before you start working on it. Remove the oil level plug and oil drain plug carefully.

Open the oil drain carefully and drain some oil.

- 4. Close the oil drain valve.
- 5. Check the oil consistency:
- Check the drained oil for appearance, color, and contamination.
- If the oil sample is severely contaminated (e.g. water, color, dirt), consult a specialist to find out the cause.
- For more detailed information on checking the oil for water content and viscosity, contact your lubricant manufacturer.



# 7.6 Changing the oil

### 7.6.1 Notes

Observe the following when changing the oil.

# **A WARNING**



Risk of burns due to hot gear unit and hot gear unit oil. Serious injury.

- · Let the gear unit cool down before you start working on it.
- · Carefully remove the oil level plug and the oil drain plug.

# **NOTICE**

Improper oil change may result in damage to the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

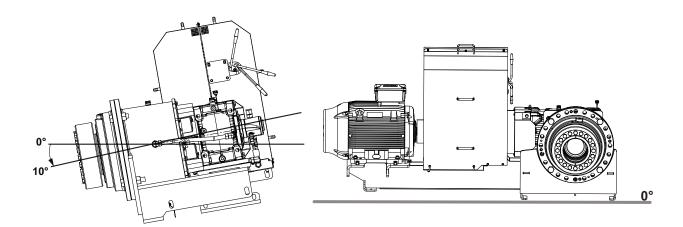
- · Note the following information.
- Perform the oil change quickly after you have switched off the gear unit to prevent solids from settling. Drain the oil while it is still warm. Avoid oil temperatures well above 50 °C.
- Always fill the gear unit with the same oil grade as before. Mixing oils of different
  grades and/or manufacturers is not permitted. Especially synthetic oils may not be
  mixed with mineral oils or other synthetic oils. When switching from mineral oil
  and/or when switching from synthetic oil of one basis to synthetic oil of another
  basis, thoroughly flush the gear unit with the new oil grade.

Refer to the lubricant table for information on the permitted oil of the various lubricant manufacturers.

- The oil grade and oil viscosity are listed on the nameplate of the gear unit. The oil
  quantity specified on the nameplate is an approximate quantity. The mark on the
  oil dipstick is the decisive indicator of the correct oil quantity.
- When changing the oil, flush the gear unit interior thoroughly with oil to remove oil sludge, oil residue, and abrasion. Use the same oil grade for this purpose as for operating the gear unit. Fill in fresh oil only after all residues have been removed.
- For the position of the oil level plug, oil drain plug and breather plug, refer to the order documents.
- An oil level above the max marking might indicate that foreign liquids (e.g. water)
  have entered. An oil level below the min marking might indicate a leakage. Find
  out and eliminate the cause before you fill in new oil.
- · If required, empty accessories e.g. filters and pipes.
- · Replace any damaged gaskets of the oil drain plug.
- If present, clean the magnetic oil drain plug and the oil dipstick with magnet tip.
- Empty the oil-bearing system of gear units with circulation lubrication and oil supply systems according to the manufacturer's maintenance instructions.
- Elements for controlling the oil level, oil drain, and oil fill openings are indicated on the gear unit by safety symbols.
- Use a filling filter to fill the oil into the gear unit (max. filter mesh 25  $\mu$ m).



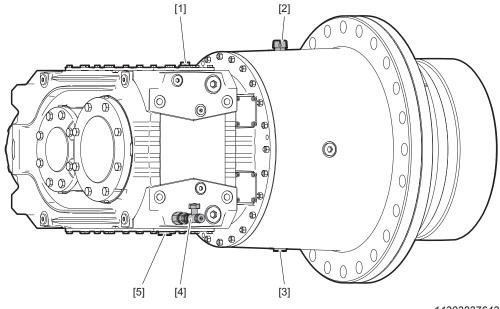
- Remove any dripping oil immediately with oil binding agent. Dispose of the used oil in accordance with applicable regulations.
- Before changing the oil, bring the gear unit into the following initial mounting position.



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### 7.6.2 Procedure

The following figure shows an example of a gear unit.



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Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\text{le}}{=}$  123).

- 1. Place a suitable container underneath the oil drain [3][4][5].
- 2. Open the oil drain valve [4].
- 3. Remove the oil dipstick [1] and the breather plugs [2].
- 4. Drain the oil into the container.

To completely drain the remaining oil remove the oil drain plugs [3][5].

- 5. Close the oil drain [3][4][5] appropriately.
- 6. Fill the oil via the openings [2].
  - Use a filling filter to fill the oil into the gear unit (max. filter mesh 25 μm).
- 7. Insert the breather plug [2] and the oil dipstick [1].

# **A CAUTION**



Danger due to leakage of lubricant.

Injuries.

Remove any dripping oil immediately with oil binding agent.



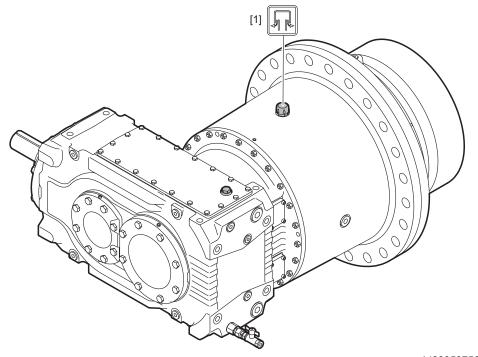
# 7.7 Checking and cleaning the breather

# NOTICE

Improper cleaning of the breather may damage the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

 Prevent foreign particles from entering into the gear unit when performing the following work.



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Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\text{le}}{=}$  123).

- 1. Remove any deposits near the breather plug [1].
- 2. Replace clogged breather valves [1] with a new one.

### 7.7.1 Desiccant breather filters

# Proper operation:

If possible, only use DES-CASE breather filters for gear units filled with new oil that does not contain water. Only then can the maximum service life of the filter be ensured.

The service life of the filters usually is 12 months, after that time the filters must be replaced. In case the filters are operated in a highly contaminated environment, the service life of the filters can be limited to 2 months or less. Once the capacity of the filter is exhausted, the DES-CASE breather filters change their color from blue to pink, proceeding from the bottom of the filter to the top. In case the color changes from the top to the bottom, this indicates that a large amount of moisture is in the gear unit.

In case the main part of the breather valve has changed its color to pink (or white after a longer time), the breather filter must be replaced by a new one.

# Inspection/maintenance

Checking and cleaning the breather

### **Examples:**



False
Water in the gear unit
Determine the cause



False
Water in the gear unit
Determine the cause



Correct



Correct

### Inspection/maintenance

### Proper operation of the breather

If possible, only use the breather for gear units filled with new oil that does not contain water. Only then can the maximum service life of the filter be ensured.

The service life of the filters usually is 12 months, after that time the filters must be replaced. In case the filters are operated in a highly contaminated environment, the service life of the filters can be limited to 2 months or less. Once the capacity of the filter is exhausted, the breather changes its color from blue to pink, proceeding from the bottom of the filter to the top. In case the color changes from the top to the bottom, this indicates that a large amount of moisture is in the gear unit.

In case the main part of the breather valve has changed its color to pink (or white after a longer time), the breather must be replaced by a new one.



# **Examples:**



False
Water in the gear unit
Determine the cause



False
Water in the gear unit
Determine the cause



Correct



Correct

# Disposal

If the DES-CASE breather filter must be replaced, it is likely to contain oil vapor. The filter must be disposed of in accordance with the corresponding regulations.

# 7.8 Refilling grease



# **A WARNING**

Risk of crushing due to rotating parts.

Severe or fatal injuries.

• Make sure to provide for sufficient safety measures for relubrication.

### INFORMATION

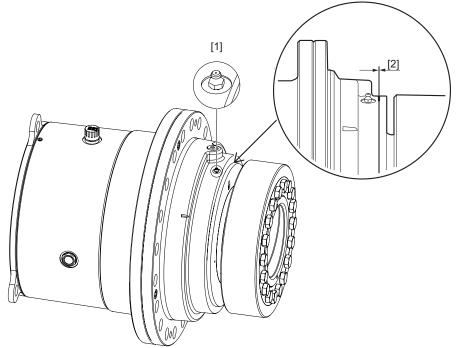


- Slowly turn the shaft when you relubricate the gaskets to ensure a better spreading of the grease.
- · Immediately remove the old grease that leaked out.

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  123).

# 7.8.1 Planetary gear unit

1. Use moderate pressure to force grease into each lubrication point [1] until grease leaks out of the sealing gap [2]. The grease must leak out evenly over the entire circumference of the sealing gap.



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# **INFORMATION**

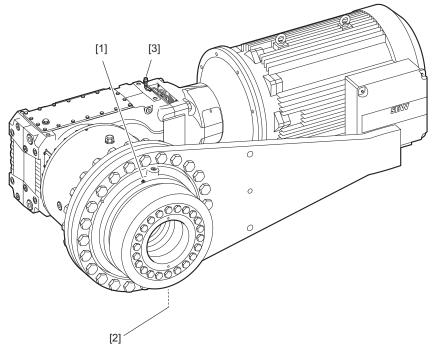


Immediately remove the old grease that leaked out. Old grease can leak out between labyrinth ring and output flange.



# 7.8.2 Bevel-helical gear unit

1. Use moderate pressure to force grease into lubrication point [3].



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### 7.9 Oil heater /OH



# **A WARNING**

Danger of electric shock.

Severe or fatal injuries.

- · De-energize the oil heater before you start working on the unit.
- Secure the oil heater against unintended power-up.

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  123).

- 1. Before disassembling the oil heater, "drain the oil completely" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  132).
- NOTICE! Improper cleaning of the oil heater may damage the heating elements.
  Possible damage to property. Do not destroy the heating elements by scratching
  or scraping. Clean the tubular heating elements with solvent. Replace the defective heating elements.

Disassemble the oil heater.

- 3. Apply LOCTITE® 577 to 2 threads and screw on the oil heater and tighten the hex head screw.
- 4. Close the oil drain valve.
- 5. Fill new oil of the same type as the old oil through the oil fill plug (if you want to change the oil type, contact our customer service first).
- Use a filling filter to fill the oil into the gear unit (max. filter mesh 25  $\mu$ m).
- Fill in the oil according to the oil quantity specified on the nameplate. The oil quantity specified on the nameplate is an approximate value.
- Check to see that the oil level is correct, refer to chapter "Checking the oil level" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  127).
- 6. Connect the oil heater.



# 7.10 Water cooling cartridge /CCT

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  123).

# **INFORMATION**



Do not carry out any repair work on the pipe bundle of the water cooling cartridge unless in case of an emergency. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE in that case. Analyze the situation and report the failure symptoms.

### 7.10.1 Maintenance intervals

The service life of the water cooling cartridge depends to a large degree on the quality of the media and their substances. The operator is responsible for specifying the maintenance intervals. Use the performance parameters and power rating determined during operation to define the maintenance intervals.

Specify the maintenance intervals in such a way that a power loss of the water cooling cartridge does not pose a hazard to the operation of the system.

### 7.10.2 Cleaning

Use the performance parameters and power rating determined during operation to define the cleaning intervals. Specify the intervals in such a way that a power loss of the water cooling cartridge does not pose a hazard to the operation of the system.

### Safety notes



### **A WARNING**

Risk of burns due to media under pressure and hot component parts.

Serious injury.

- Unpressurize all systems before carrying out any disassembly work on the water cooling cartridge. Safeguard the systems according to the applicable accident prevention regulations.
- Risk of burns when touching hot parts (such as supply lines) of the water cooling cartridge. Let the parts cool down before you remove the water cooling cartridge and the supply lines.

### **A WARNING**



Cleaning the water cooling cartridge with cleaning agents such as hydrochloric acid and comparable cleaning agents can pose a risk of chemical burn to parts of the body and the eyes if the applicable work safety regulations are not adhered to.

Serious injury.

 Always adhere to the applicable work safety regulations when handling cleaning agents. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves and, if necessary, safety goggles and breathing protection when working with aggressive cleaning media.

# NOTICE

Risk of destroying components of the water cooling cartridge.

Possible damage to property.

 To prevent damage resulting from improper handling of the water cooling cartridge, always contact SEW-EURODRIVE before you use other comparable, aggressive cleaning agents.

# NOTICE

Risk of contamination of the medium.

Possible damage to property.

From our experience, it is not possible to remove the cleaning agent without any
residues. It is therefore important that you select only cleaning agents that are
compatible with the medium.

# **NOTICE**

Risk of damaging components of the water cooling cartridge.

Possible damage to property.

 Properly vent the water cooling cartridge and the connected systems before taking them into operation again.

# **NOTICE**

Risk of contamination due to drained media.

Possible damage to property.

Drain media in such a way that it is not discharged into the soil or sewage system. Drain media in suitable containers and dispose of them according to the applicable environmental regulations.

# **Expansion**

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\circ}{=}$  123).

- 1. Unpressurize the water cooling cartridge and the connected system pipes. Shut them off with the corresponding valve.
- 2. Before "disassembly" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  132), drain all the gear unit oil.
- Completely drain the cooling medium using the drain screws and/or drains provided for this purpose.
- 4. Loosen the water cooling cartridge by applying torque only to the head of the hex screw on the tube plate and remove the water cooling cartridge.
- 5. Remove the flat gasket. Remove any gasket residues from the sealing surface.
  - NOTICE Be careful not to damage the sealing surface.

Possible damage to property.

- Damage to the sealing surfaces can result in leakage.
- 6. Clean the water cooling cartridge.
- 7. Insert a new gasket and make sure it is seated properly. If present, replace the O-ring.



- 8. Apply LOCTITE® 577 to 2 threads and screw on the water cooling cartridge by tightening the hex head screw on the tube plate.
- 9. Re-connect the cooling water supply and return pipes to the water cooling cartridges.
- 10. Fill new oil of the same type as the old oil through the oil fill plug (if you want to change the oil type, contact our customer service first).
  - Use a filling filter to fill the oil into the gear unit (max. filter mesh 25 μm).
  - Fill in the oil according to the oil quantity specified on the nameplate. The oil quantity specified on the nameplate is an approximate value.
  - · Check the oil level.
- 11. Before starting the system again, vent the lines.

### Cleaning the inside of the water cooling cartridge

Observe the notes in the previous chapter.

### NOTICE

Risk of corrosion due to scratches.

Possible damage to property.

Scratches on the inner surface of the pipe bundle can result in increased corrosion. Use a brush with soft bristles to clean the inner surface of the pipe bundle.

# **NOTICE**

Risk of damaging components of the water cooling cartridge.

Possible damage to property.

For information on suitable cleaning agents, contact SEW-EURODRIVE.

We recommend that you take the following measures for cleaning:

- To remove scale deposits from the inside of pipes, use a mixture of 50% hydrochloric acid with inhibitors and 50% water.
- To clean the inside of the pipe bundle, you can use a brush if the pipe diameter is
   5 mm. Make sure you use a brush with soft bristles to prevent the surface from pipe walls from being scratched.
- Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if you want to use other cleaning agents to remove scale deposits.
- After cleaning, make sure all cleaning agents have been removed completely from the pipes before taking the water cooling cartridge into operation again.



### 7.11 Fan /FAN

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{B}$  123).

- 1. Remove the fan guard.
- 2. Remove any dirt from the fan wheel, fan guard and protective grid using a hard brush, for example.
- 3. Before starting the fan again, make sure the fan guard is mounted properly. The fan must not touch the fan guard.

# 7.12 Motor pump /ONP

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  123).

# **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor pump /ONP" including the manufacturer's documentation.

# 7.13 Motor pump/ONP1L

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\text{le}}{=}$  123).

# **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor pump /ONP1L" including the manufacturer's documentation.

# 7.14 Motor pump/ONP1

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  123).

# **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Motor pump /ONP1" including the manufacturer's documentation.



## 7.15 Oil-water cooler for splash lubrication /OWC

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  123).

#### **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OWC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

## 7.16 Oil-air cooler for splash lubrication /OAC

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\square}{=}$  123).

#### **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OAC", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.



## 7.17 Oil-water cooler for pressure lubrication /OWP

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow \mathbb{B}$  123).

## **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Water Cooler for Pressure Lubrication /OWP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

#### 7.18 Oil-air cooler for pressure lubrication /OAP

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  123).

#### **INFORMATION**



Before inspection/maintenance, first read the addendum to the operating instructions "Oil-Air Cooler for Splash Lubrication /OAP", which includes the manufacturer's documentation.

## 7.19 Shaft end pump /SEP

Observe the notes in chapter "Preliminary work regarding inspection and maintenance" ( $\rightarrow$   $\$ 123).

#### **INFORMATION**



Observe the manufacturer's documentation before beginning inspection/maintenance work.

## 8 Permitted lubricants

This chapter describes the permitted lubricants and the permitted temperatures for industrial gear units from SEW-EURODRIVE.

#### 8.1 Lubricant selection

Note the following when selecting the lubricants.

#### **NOTICE**

Selecting improper lubricants may damage the gear unit.

Possible damage to property.

- · Observe the following notes.
- The oil viscosity and type (mineral/synthetic) to be used are determined by SEW-EURODRIVE specifically for each order. This information is noted in the order confirmation and on the gear unit's nameplate.

If other lubricants are used in the gear units and/or in other temperature ranges as those recommended, the right to claim under warranty will become invalid. Exceptions are application-specific approvals that have to be confirmed by SEW-EURODRIVE in written form.

The lubricant recommendation in the lubricant table in no way represents a guarantee regarding the quality of the lubricant delivered by each respective supplier. Each lubricant manufacturer is responsible for the quality of its product.

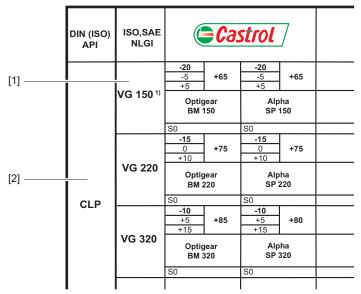
- Oils of the same viscosity class from different manufacturers do not have the same characteristics. In particular, the minimum permitted oil bath temperatures are manufacturer-specific. These temperatures are specified in the lubricant tables.
- The minimum permitted oil bath temperatures depend on the lubrication type used.
   These temperatures are specified in the lubricant tables. The values correspond to the maximum viscosity of the individual lubricants.
- The values specified in the lubricant tables apply as of the time of printing of this
  document. The data of the lubricants are subject to dynamic change on the part of
  the lubricant manufacturers. For up-to-date information about the lubricants, visit:

#### www.sew-eurodrive.de/lubricants

- Do not mix different synthetic lubricants and do not mix synthetic with mineral lubricants.
- Check the compatibility of the greases and oils used.
- Strictly observe the safety notes in the individual chapters.



#### 8.2 Structure of the tables and abbreviations



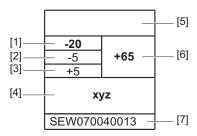
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- [1] Viscosity class
- [2] Lubricant type

#### **Abbreviations**

Icons	Designation
CLP	= Mineral oil
CLP HC	= Synthetic polyalphaolefin (PAO)
E	= Ester-based oil
	= Mineral lubricant
	= Synthetic lubricant
<b>Y</b> }	= Lubricant for the food industry (NSF H1-compliant)
	= Biodegradable oil (lubricant for agriculture, forestry, and water management)
1)	= Lubricants may only be used if service factor F <sub>s</sub> ≥ 1.3

## 8.3 Explanation of the various lubricants



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- [1] Lowest cold start temperature in °C for splash lubrication\*
- [2] Lowest cold start temperature in °C for drives with pumps up to a max. oil viscosity of 5000 cSt\*
- [3] Lowest cold start temperature in °C for drives with pumps up to a max. oil viscosity of 2000 cSt\*
- [4] Trade name
- [5] Manufacturer
- [6] Highest oil bath temperature in °C. MUST NOT BE EXCEEDED.
- [7] Approvals

\*In case of low temperatures, the oil must be heated to the specified minimum temperature, for example by using an oil heater. The maximally permitted oil viscosity per pump type is specified in the following chapter.

## 8.4 Explanation of the oil supply systems and the oil viscosity

The following pressure lubrications are designed for an oil viscosity of 2000 cSt:

- Motor pump for pressure lubrication /ONP
- Motor pump incl. air cooler for pressure lubrication /OAP
- Motor pump incl. water cooler for pressure lubrication /OWP

Exceptions are the shaft end pumps. They are designed for an oil viscosity of 5000 cSt.



## 8.5 Lubricant tables

This lubricant table is valid when the document is published. Please refer to www.sew-eurodrive.de/lubricants for the latest version of the table.

Total		-15 0 +10 +75 +10 Carter EP 220	-10 +5 +15 Carter EP 320 S0	-5 +10 +20 Carter EP 460 S0	+15 +25 Carter EP 680	
TEXACO	-20 -5 +5 +5 Meropa 150	-15 -15 +75 +10 Meropa 220	-10 +5 +15 Meropa 320	-5 +10 +20 Meropa 460	#15 +90 +25 A90 Meropa 680 S0	
Shell		3 +75 +10 +75 +10 Shell Omala Oil F 220	-10 +5 +15 Shell Omala Oil F 320	-5 +10 +20 Shell Omala Oil F 460 S0	1.11	
KI CBER	-20 -5 +5 Klüberoil GEM 1-150 N	S0 -15 0 +10 Klüberoil GEM 1-220 N	30 -10 +5 +15 Klüberoil GEM 1-320 N	-5 +10 +20 Klüberoil GEM 1-460 N	#15 +90 +25 +26 Klüberoil GEM 1-680 N	
Mobil®		3 SEW070030013 -15 -15 -15 -175 -175 -175 -175 -175 -1	-10 +5 +15 Mobilgear 600 XP 320 SEW070030013	-5 +20 Mobilgear 600 XP 460 SEW070030013	+15 +90 +90 +25   Mobilgear 600 XP 680   SEW070030013	
FUCHS	-20 -5 +5 Renolin HighGear 150	S0	-10 +5 +15 Renolin HighGear 320	-5 +20 +20 +20 Renolin High Gear 460 S0	+25 +25 Renolin HighGear 680 S0	
FUG	-20 -5 +5 Renolin CLP 150 Plus	S0 -15 0 +10 Renolin CLP 220 Plus		-5 +10 +20 Renolin CLP 460 Plus S0	+15   +90   +25	
strol	-20 -5 +5 Alpha SP 150	S0 -15 0 +10 Alpha SP 220	30 -10 +5 +15 Alpha SP 320	-5 +20 Alpha SP 460	4-15 +-25 Alpha SP 680	
( <b>Scastrol</b>	-20 -5 +5 Optigear BM 150	S0 -15 0 +10 Optigear BM 220	-10 +5 +15 Optigear BM 320	-5 +20 Optigear BM 460	0 +15 +25 Optigear BM 680	+5 +20 +30 Optigaar BM 1000
ISO,SAE NLGI	VG 150 <sup>1)</sup>	VG 220	VG 320	VG 460	VG 680	VG 1000
DIN (ISO) API			9 JS	j		

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This lubricant table is valid when the document is published. Please refer to www.sew-eurodrive.de/lubricants for the latest version of the table.

			ר די בי					DIN (ISO) API
VG 1000	VG 680	VG 460	VG 320	VG 220	VG 150 <sup>1)</sup>	(t 89 DA	VG 32 <sup>()</sup>	ISO,SAE NLGI
	S	15 +5 +15 +15 Alphasyn EP 460	-20 0 +90 +70 +90 Alphasyn EP 320	25 -5 +5 +5 Alphasyn EP 220	-25 -10 0 Alphasyn EP 150			
	S0 +10 +110 +25 +110 Synthetic x 680	-15 +5 +15 +18 Optigear Synthetic X 460	-20 0 +90 Optigear /nthetic x 320	-5 +5 Optigear ynthetic X 220	-30 -10 0 +70 Optigear Synthetic x 150			Castrol
	S0 +110 +110 +25 +110 Renolin Unisyn CLP 680	+5 +100 +15 Renolin CLP 460	-20 0 +90 +10 Renolin nisyn CLP 320	25 -5 +5 +5 Renolin nisyn CLP 220	-30 -10 +0 +0 Renolin Unisyn CLP 150	-35 -20 -10 -10 Renolin Unisyn CLP 68		FUCHS
	S0 -5 +10 +10 +25  HighGear Synth 680	-10 +5 +20 HighGear Synth 460	-15 0 +85 +15 HighGear Synth 320	-20 0 +75 +10 HighGear Synth 220				HS
+15 +30 +30 SHC 639	S0 -10 +10 +25 SHC 636 SHC 636	-15 +15 +15 +16 +17 SHC 634	-20 0 +95 +10 SHC 632	-25 -5 0 +85 SHC 630	-30 -10 0 +75 SHC 629	-40 -25 -15 +50 SHC 626	-40 -30 -25 +30 SHC 624	Mobil®
-10 +15 +30 +30 SHC Gear 1000	S0 -15 +10 +10 +25 SHC Gear 680 S0	-20 -20 +110 +15 +15 SHC Gear 460	25 +95 +95 SHC Gear 320	30 -10 +5 +5 +5 SHC Gear 220	-35 -15 -5 -75 SHC Gear 150			oil®
0 +20 +110 +30 Klübersynth EG4-1000	S0 +110 +110 +110 H10 GEM 4-880 N	-15 +5 +20 Klübersynth GEM 4-460 N	-20 -20 +95 +10 +95 Klübersynth GEM 4-320 N	-25 -5 +5 +6 +5 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80 +80	-25 -10 0 70 Klübersynth GEM 4-150 N	-35 -20 +50 -10 Klübersynth GEM 4-68 N		KLÜBER LUBRICATION
	S0 +10 +10 +25 Omala S4 GX 680 S0	-15 -15 +15 +15 +16 Omala \$4 GX 460	0 +95 +10 +95 S4 GX 320	25 -5 +5 +5 +85 +85 Omala \$4 GX 220	-30 -10 0 +75 Omala S4 GX 150	-20 +50 -10 Omala S4 GX 68		Shell
	SO	S0  -15 +5 +100 +15  Pinnacle EP 460	20 +90 +10 Pinnacle EP 320	25 +80 +5 +80 EP 220	25 +70   +70   Pinnacle EP 150			TEXACO
	S0 +110 +110 Carter SH 680	145 +15 +16 Carter SH 460	20 20 +10 +30 +30 Carter SH 320	25 -5 +5 +5 +80 -45 Carter SH 220	25 +75 Carter SH 150			Τοτλι

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This lubricant table is valid when the document is published. Please refer to www.sew-eurodrive.de/lubricants for the latest version of the table.

DIN (ISO) API	ISO,SAE NLGI	🕟 bremer & leguil	(= Castrol	FUCHS	KT CBER LUBRICATION
	VG 68 ¹)	-35 -20 -10 Cassida Fluid HF 68 S0	-40 -25 -15 Optileb HY 68 S0		-35 -20 -10 Küberoil 4UH1-68 N
CLP HC NSF H1	VG 220 ¹)	-20 -5 +5 Cassida Fluid GL 220 S0	-25 -5 +5 Optileb G1220		-25 -5 +5 Klüberoil 4UH1-220 N
	VG 460 <sup>1)</sup>	-15 +5 +20 Cassida Fluid GL 460 S0	-15 +5 +20 Optileb GT 460		+15 +15 Klüberoil 4UH1-460 N
ш	VG 460			-15 +5 +15 Plantogear 460 S	-15 +5 +15 Küberbio CA2-460

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Lubricant fill quantities

The specified lubricant fill quantities are **guide values** and apply only to the gear unit without mount-on components such as the oil supply system. The precise value varies depending on the gear ratio and the number of stages.

#### **INFORMATION**



- · P-X gear units are supplied without lubricant.
- The required oil quantity depends on the mark on the oil dipstick.
- In case of pivoted mounting positions, the lubricant fill quantity on the nameplate may vary from the standard. The fill quantity specified on the nameplate is a guide value. The required oil quantity depends on the respective marks on the oil dipstick.
- For variable pivoted mounting positions adhere to the control mounting position on the additional nameplate "Oil control angle".

The following table shows the lubricant quantities for splash lubrication.

X2K	P0	42	PO	52	P0	62	PO	72	P0	82	P0	92	P10	)2
i <sub>tot</sub>	155- 285	≥285 -550												
110	27	27	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
130	-	-	36	-	43	43	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-
150	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	74	74	-	84		93
170	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	111	-	119	-

## 8.7 Sealing greases/rolling bearing greases

The table shows the grease types recommended by SEW-EURODRIVE for operating temperatures from -40  $^{\circ}$ C to 100  $^{\circ}$ C.

	Manufacturer	Grease	
	Fuchs	Renolit CX TOM 15 OEM¹)	
	Castrol	Spheerol EPL 2	
Default	Klüber	Petamo GHY 133 N	
Delault	Shell	Gadus S2 V220 2	
	Texaco	Mulifak EP2	
	Total	Multis EP 2	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Bremer & Leguil	Cassida Grease GTS2 <sup>1)</sup>	
	Fuchs	Plantogel 2 <sup>1)</sup>	

<sup>1)</sup> Grease used by the factory should be preferred.

## **INFORMATION**



- The greases may only be interchanged within the same group. It is not permitted to mix different groups.
- If a customer wants to use a grease that is not listed in the table, the customer has to make sure that it is suitable for the intended application.

## 9 Malfunctions/remedy

## 9.1 Troubleshooting information

Read the following notes before you proceed with troubleshooting.

#### **A WARNING**



Risk of crushing if the drive starts up unintentionally.

Severe or fatal injuries.

Work on the gear unit only when the machine is not in use. Secure the drive unit
against unintentional power-up. Attach an information sign near the ON switch to
warn that the gear unit is being worked on.

#### **A WARNING**



Risk of burns due to hot gear unit and hot gear unit oil.

Serious injury.

- · Let the gear unit cool down before you start working on it.
- · Carefully remove the oil level plug and the oil drain plug.

#### NOTICE

Improper handling of the gear unit and the motor may lead to damage.

Possible damage to property.

- Only qualified personnel is permitted to separate drive and motor and to carry out repair work on drives by SEW-EURODRIVE.
- Please contact the SEW-EURODRIVE Service.

#### 9.2 Service

Please have the following information available if you require customer service assistance:

- · Complete nameplate data
- Type and extent of the problem
- Time the problem occurred and any accompanying circumstances
- Assumed cause
- A digital photograph, if possible

## 9.3 Possible malfunctions/remedy

Fault	Possible cause	Measure
Unusual noise in the area where the gear unit is mounted	Gear unit mounting has loosened	<ul> <li>Tighten retaining screws and nuts to the specified torque</li> <li>Replace the damaged/defective retain- ing screws or nuts</li> </ul>



Fault	Possible cause	Measure
Operating temperature	Too much oil	Check oil level, correct if necessary
too high	Oil too old	Check when the oil was last changed; change the oil, if necessary
	The oil is heavily contaminated	Analyze the oil to determine the cause; take measures, if necessary; change the oil
	Ambient temperature too high	Protect the gear unit from external heat sources (e.g. provide shade)
Operating temperature	Too much oil	Check oil level, correct if necessary
too high	Oil too old	Check when the oil was last changed; change the oil, if necessary
	The oil is heavily contaminated	Analyze the oil to determine the cause; take measures, if necessary; change the oil
	Ambient temperature too high	Protect the gear unit from external heat sources (e.g. provide shade)
	<ul> <li>Gear units with fan: Air intake opening/gear unit housing con- taminated</li> </ul>	Check air intake openings, clean them if necessary; clean the gear unit housing
	<ul> <li>For gear units with built-in cooling: Cooling liquid flow rate too low; cooling liquid temperature too high; deposits in cooling system</li> </ul>	Check the cooling liquid flow rate; check the entry temperature of the cooling liquid; clean the cooling system
	Malfunctions of the oil/air or oil- water cooling system	Observe the separate operating instruc- tions for the oil-water and oil-air cooling system.
	<ul> <li>Malfunction in the water cooling (water cooling cover, water cooling cartridge)</li> </ul>	Check the cooling water throughput and the entry temperature of the cool- ing water, clean the cooling system
Temperature at bearing	Not enough oil	Check oil level, correct if necessary
points too high	Oil too old	Check when the oil was last changed; change the oil, if necessary
	Bearing damaged	Check the bearing and replace it if ne- cessary. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE.
<ul> <li>Oil leaking</li> <li>From cover plate</li> <li>From inspection cover</li> <li>From bearing cover</li> <li>From mounting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Seal not tight at:</li> <li>Cover plate</li> <li>Inspection cover</li> <li>Bearing cover</li> <li>Mounting flange</li> </ul>	Tighten the bolts on the respective cover. Observe the gear unit. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if oil is still leaking

Fault	Possible cause	Measure
Oil leaking <sup>1)</sup>	Too much oil	Check oil level, correct if necessary
From oil seal	Sealing lip of the oil seal turned up	Vent the gear unit, observe the gear unit. Contact SEW-EURODRIVE if oil is still leaking.
	Oil seal damaged/worn	Check oil seals; replace if necessary
Oil leaking	Too much oil	Check oil level, correct if necessary
At the gear unit breather	Drive not installed in proper mounting position	Install gear unit breather correctly and adjust the oil level
	Frequent cold starts (oil foaming) and/or high oil level	Install oil expansion tank
Oil leaking	Seal not tight	Retighten screw
<ul><li>from the screw plug</li><li>from the oil drain valve</li></ul>	Fittings loosened	Retighten the fitting and screw
Gear unit does not	Thermostat set incorrectly	Check the setting of the thermostat
reach cold start temperature	Oil heating defective or connected incorrectly	Check the oil heater for proper connection and function; replace if necessary
	Heat dissipation too great due to unfavorable climatic conditions	Protect the gear unit from cooling off during the warm-up phase
Operating temperature at backstop too high, no	Damaged/defective backstop	Check the backstop, replace it if necessary
blocking function		Contact SEW-EURODRIVE
Malfunction in the oil- water or oil-air cooling system	Malfunction of the oil-water or oil- air cooling system	Observe the separate operating instruc- tions for the oil-water or oil-air cooling system.

<sup>1)</sup> During the run-in phase (24-hour runtime), it is normal for (small amounts of) oil/grease to leak from the oil seal (see also DIN 3761).

#### 9.4 Waste disposal

Dispose gear units in accordance with the regulations in force regarding respective materials:

- Steel scrap
  - Housing parts
  - Gears
  - Shafts
  - Rolling bearing
- Collect waste oil and dispose of it according to the regulations in force.

# 10 Address list

Algeria			
Sales	Algiers	REDUCOM Sarl 16, rue des Frères Zaghnoune Bellevue 16200 El Harrach Alger	Tel. +213 21 8214-91 Fax +213 21 8222-84 http://www.reducom-dz.com info@reducom-dz.com
Argentina			
Assembly Sales	Buenos Aires	SEW EURODRIVE ARGENTINA S.A. Ruta Panamericana Km 37.5, Lote 35 (B1619IEA) Centro Industrial Garín Prov. de Buenos Aires	Tel. +54 3327 4572-84 Fax +54 3327 4572-21 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.ar sewar@sew-eurodrive.com.ar
Australia			
Assembly Sales Service	Melbourne	SEW-EURODRIVE PTY. LTD. 27 Beverage Drive Tullamarine, Victoria 3043	Tel. +61 3 9933-1000 Fax +61 3 9933-1003 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.au enquires@sew-eurodrive.com.au
	Sydney	SEW-EURODRIVE PTY. LTD. 9, Sleigh Place, Wetherill Park New South Wales, 2164	Tel. +61 2 9725-9900 Fax +61 2 9725-9905 enquires@sew-eurodrive.com.au
Austria			
Assembly Sales Service	Vienna	SEW-EURODRIVE Ges.m.b.H. Richard-Strauss-Straße 24 1230 Wien	Tel. +43 1 617 55 00-0 Fax +43 1 617 55 00-30 http://www.sew-eurodrive.at sew@sew-eurodrive.at
Bangladesh			
Sales	Bangladesh	SEW-EURODRIVE INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED 345 DIT Road East Rampura Dhaka-1219, Bangladesh	Tel. +88 01729 097309 salesdhaka@seweurodrivebangladesh.com
Belarus			
Sales	Minsk	Foreign unitary production enterprise SEW- EURODRIVE RybalkoStr. 26 220033 Minsk	Tel. +375 17 298 47 56 / 298 47 58 Fax +375 17 298 47 54 http://www.sew.by sales@sew.by
Belgium			
Assembly Sales Service	Brussels	SEW-EURODRIVE n.v./s.a. Researchpark Haasrode 1060 Evenementenlaan 7 3001 Leuven	Tel. +32 16 386-311 Fax +32 16 386-336 http://www.sew-eurodrive.be info@sew-eurodrive.be
Service Competence Center	Industrial Gears	SEW-EURODRIVE n.v./s.a. Rue de Parc Industriel, 31 6900 Marche-en-Famenne	Tel. +32 84 219-878 Fax +32 84 219-879 http://www.sew-eurodrive.be service-IG@sew-eurodrive.be
Brazil			
Production Sales Service	São Paulo	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Estrada Municipal José Rubim, 205 – Rodovia Santos Dumont Km 49 Indaiatuba – 13347-510 – SP	Tel. +55 19 3835-8000 sew@sew.com.br
Assembly Sales Service	Rio Claro	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Rodovia Washington Luiz, Km 172 Condomínio Industrial Conpark Caixa Postal: 327 13501-600 – Rio Claro / SP	Tel. +55 19 3522-3100 Fax +55 19 3524-6653 montadora.rc@sew.com.br
	Joinville	SEW-EURODRIVE Brasil Ltda. Rua Dona Francisca, 12.346 – Pirabeiraba 89239-270 – Joinville / SC	Tel. +55 47 3027-6886 Fax +55 47 3027-6888 filial.sc@sew.com.br
Bulgaria			
Sales	Sofia	BEVER-DRIVE GmbH Bogdanovetz Str.1 1606 Sofia	Tel. +359 2 9151160 Fax +359 2 9151166 bever@bever.bg





Cameroon			
Sales	Douala	SEW-EURODRIVE S.A.R.L. Ancienne Route Bonabéri P.O. Box B.P 8674 Douala-Cameroun	Tel. +237 233 39 02 10 Fax +237 233 39 02 10 info@sew-eurodrive-cm
Canada			
Assembly Sales Service	Toronto	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. 210 Walker Drive Bramalea, ON L6T 3W1	Tel. +1 905 791-1553 Fax +1 905 791-2999 http://www.sew-eurodrive.ca I.watson@sew-eurodrive.ca
	Vancouver	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. Tilbury Industrial Park 7188 Honeyman Street Delta, BC V4G 1G1	Tel. +1 604 946-5535 Fax +1 604 946-2513 b.wake@sew-eurodrive.ca
	Montreal	SEW-EURODRIVE CO. OF CANADA LTD. 2555 Rue Leger Lasalle, PQ H8N 2V9	Tel. +1 514 367-1124 Fax +1 514 367-3677 a.peluso@sew-eurodrive.ca
Chile			
Assembly Sales Service	Santiago de Chile	SEW-EURODRIVE CHILE LTDA Las Encinas 1295 Parque Industrial Valle Grande LAMPA Santiago de Chile P.O. Box Casilla 23 Correo Quilicura - Santiago - Chile	Tel. +56 2 2757 7000 Fax +56 2 2757 7001 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cl ventas@sew-eurodrive.cl
China			
Production Assembly Sales Service	Tianjin	SEW-EURODRIVE (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. No. 78, 13th Avenue, TEDA Tianjin 300457	Tel. +86 22 25322612 Fax +86 22 25323273 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cn info@sew-eurodrive.cn
Assembly Sales Service	Suzhou	SEW-EURODRIVE (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. 333, Suhong Middle Road Suzhou Industrial Park Jiangsu Province, 215021	Tel. +86 512 62581781 Fax +86 512 62581783 suzhou@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Guangzhou	SEW-EURODRIVE (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. No. 9, JunDa Road East Section of GETDD Guangzhou 510530	Tel. +86 20 82267890 Fax +86 20 82267922 guangzhou@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Shenyang	SEW-EURODRIVE (Shenyang) Co., Ltd. 10A-2, 6th Road Shenyang Economic Technological Development Area Shenyang, 110141	Tel. +86 24 25382538 Fax +86 24 25382580 shenyang@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Taiyuan	SEW-EURODRIVE (Taiyuan) Co,. Ltd. No.3, HuaZhang Street, TaiYuan Economic & Technical Development Zone ShanXi, 030032	Tel. +86-351-7117520 Fax +86-351-7117522 taiyuan@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Wuhan	SEW-EURODRIVE (Wuhan) Co., Ltd. 10A-2, 6th Road No. 59, the 4th Quanli Road, WEDA 430056 Wuhan	Tel. +86 27 84478388 Fax +86 27 84478389 wuhan@sew-eurodrive.cn
	Xi'An	SEW-EURODRIVE (Xi'An) Co., Ltd. No. 12 Jinye 2nd Road Xi'An High-Technology Industrial Development Zone Xi'An 710065	Tel. +86 29 68686262 Fax +86 29 68686311 xian@sew-eurodrive.cn
Sales Service	Hong Kong	SEW-EURODRIVE LTD. Unit No. 801-806, 8th Floor Hong Leong Industrial Complex No. 4, Wang Kwong Road Kowloon, Hong Kong	Tel. +852 36902200 Fax +852 36902211 contact@sew-eurodrive.hk

Colombia			
Assembly Sales Service	Bogota	SEW-EURODRIVE COLOMBIA LTDA. Calle 17 No. 132-18 Interior 2 Bodega 6, Manzana B Santafé de Bogotá	Tel. +57 1 54750-50 Fax +57 1 54750-44 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.co sew@sew-eurodrive.com.co
Croatia			
Sales Service	Zagreb	KOMPEKS d. o. o. Zeleni dol 10 10 000 Zagreb	Tel. +385 1 4613-158 Fax +385 1 4613-158 kompeks@inet.hr
Czech Republic			
Assembly Sales Service	Hostivice	SEW-EURODRIVE CZ s.r.o. Floriánova 2459 253 01 Hostivice	Tel. +420 255 709 601 Fax +420 235 350 613 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cz sew@sew-eurodrive.cz
	Drive Service Hotline / 24 Hour Service	+420 800 739 739 (800 SEW SEW)	Service Tel. +420 255 709 632 Fax +420 235 358 218 servis@sew-eurodrive.cz
Denmark			
Assembly Sales Service	Copenhagen	SEW-EURODRIVEA/S Geminivej 28-30 2670 Greve	Tel. +45 43 95 8500 Fax +45 43 9585-09 http://www.sew-eurodrive.dk sew@sew-eurodrive.dk
Egypt			
Sales Service	Cairo	Copam Egypt for Engineering & Agencies Building 10, Block 13005, First Industrial Zone, Obour City Cairo	Tel. +202 44812673 / 79 (7 lines) Fax +202 44812685 http://www.copam-egypt.com copam@copam-egypt.com
Estonia			
Sales	Tallin	ALAS-KUUL AS Reti tee 4 75301 Peetri küla, Rae vald, Harjumaa	Tel. +372 6593230 Fax +372 6593231 http://www.alas-kuul.ee veiko.soots@alas-kuul.ee
Finland			
Assembly Sales Service	Hollola	SEW-EURODRIVE OY Vesimäentie 4 15860 Hollola	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 3 780-6211 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
Service	Hollola	SEW-EURODRIVE OY Keskikankaantie 21 15860 Hollola	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 3 780-6211 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
Production Assembly	Karkkila	SEW Industrial Gears Oy Santasalonkatu 6, PL 8 03620 Karkkila, 03601 Karkkila	Tel. +358 201 589-300 Fax +358 201 589-310 http://www.sew-eurodrive.fi sew@sew.fi
France			
Production Sales Service	Hagenau	SEW-USOCOME 48-54 route de Soufflenheim B. P. 20185 67506 Haguenau Cedex	Tel. +33 3 88 73 67 00 Fax +33 3 88 73 66 00 http://www.usocome.com sew@usocome.com
Production	Forbach	SEW-USOCOME Zone industrielle Technopôle Forbach Sud B. P. 30269 57604 Forbach Cedex	Tel. +33 3 87 29 38 00
	Brumath	SEW-USOCOME 1 Rue de Bruxelles 67670 Mommenheim Cedex	Tel. +33 3 88 37 48 00
Assembly Sales Service	Bordeaux	SEW-USOCOME Parc d'activités de Magellan 62 avenue de Magellan – B. P. 182 33607 Pessac Cedex	Tel. +33 5 57 26 39 00 Fax +33 5 57 26 39 09



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France			
	Lyon	SEW-USOCOME 75 rue Antoine Condorcet 38090 Vaulx-Milieu	Tel. +33 4 74 99 60 00 Fax +33 4 74 99 60 15
	Nantes	SEW-USOCOME Parc d'activités de la forêt 4 rue des Fontenelles 44140 Le Bignon	Tel. +33 2 40 78 42 00 Fax +33 2 40 78 42 20
	Paris	SEW-USOCOME Zone industrielle 2 rue Denis Papin 77390 Verneuil l'Étang	Tel. +33 1 64 42 40 80 Fax +33 1 64 42 40 88
Gabon			
Sales	Libreville	SEW-EURODRIVE SARL 183, Rue 5.033.C, Lalala à droite P.O. Box 15682 Libreville	Tel. +241 03 28 81 55 +241 06 54 81 33 http://www.sew-eurodrive.cm sew@sew-eurodrive.cm
Germany			
Headquarters Production Sales	Bruchsal	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Straße 42 76646 Bruchsal P.O. Box Postfach 3023 – D-76642 Bruchsal	Tel. +49 7251 75-0 Fax +49 7251 75-1970 http://www.sew-eurodrive.de sew@sew-eurodrive.de
Production / Industrial Gears	Bruchsal	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Christian-Pähr-Str. 10 76646 Bruchsal	Tel. +49 7251 75-0 Fax +49 7251 75-2970
Production	Graben	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Straße 1 76676 Graben-Neudorf P.O. Box Postfach 1220 – D-76671 Graben-Neudorf	Tel. +49 7251 75-0 Fax +49 7251-2970
	Östringen	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG, Werk Östringen Franz-Gurk-Straße 2 76684 Östringen	Tel. +49 7253 9254-0 Fax +49 7253 9254-90 oestringen@sew-eurodrive.de
Service Competence Center	Mechanics / Mechatronics	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Straße 1 76676 Graben-Neudorf	Tel. +49 7251 75-1710 Fax +49 7251 75-1711 scc-mechanik@sew-eurodrive.de
	Electronics	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Ernst-Blickle-Straße 42 76646 Bruchsal	Tel. +49 7251 75-1780 Fax +49 7251 75-1769 scc-elektronik@sew-eurodrive.de
Drive Technology Center	North	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Alte Ricklinger Straße 40-42 30823 Garbsen (Hannover)	Tel. +49 5137 8798-30 Fax +49 5137 8798-55 dtc-nord@sew-eurodrive.de
	East	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Dänkritzer Weg 1 08393 Meerane (Zwickau)	Tel. +49 3764 7606-0 Fax +49 3764 7606-30 dtc-ost@sew-eurodrive.de
	South	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Domagkstraße 5 85551 Kirchheim (München)	Tel. +49 89 909552-10 Fax +49 89 909552-50 dtc-sued@sew-eurodrive.de
	West	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Siemensstraße 1 40764 Langenfeld (Düsseldorf)	Tel. +49 2173 8507-30 Fax +49 2173 8507-55 dtc-west@sew-eurodrive.de
Drive Center	Berlin	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Alexander-Meißner-Straße 44 12526 Berlin	Tel. +49 306331131-30 Fax +49 306331131-36 dc-berlin@sew-eurodrive.de
	Ludwigshafen	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG c/o BASF SE Gebäude W130 Raum 101 67056 Ludwigshafen	Tel. +49 7251 75 3759 Fax +49 7251 75 503759 dc-ludwigshafen@sew-eurodrive.de
	Saarland	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Gottlieb-Daimler-Straße 4 66773 Schwalbach Saar – Hülzweiler	Tel. +49 6831 48946 10 Fax +49 6831 48946 13 dc-saarland@sew-eurodrive.de
	Ulm	SEW-EURODRIVE GmbH & Co KG Dieselstraße 18 89160 Dornstadt	Tel. +49 7348 9885-0 Fax +49 7348 9885-90 dc-ulm@sew-eurodrive.de



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Drive Service Hotline	/ 24 Hour Servi	се	0 800 SEWHELP 0 800 7394357
Great Britain			
Assembly Sales Service	Normanton	SEW-EURODRIVE Ltd. DeVilliers Way Trident Park Normanton West Yorkshire WF6 1GX	Tel. +44 1924 893-855 Fax +44 1924 893-702 http://www.sew-eurodrive.co.uk info@sew-eurodrive.co.uk
	Drive Service	Hotline / 24 Hour Service	Tel. 01924 896911
Greece			
Sales	Athens	Christ. Boznos & Son S.A. 12, K. Mavromichali Street P.O. Box 80136 18545 Piraeus	Tel. +30 2 1042 251-34 Fax +30 2 1042 251-59 http://www.boznos.gr info@boznos.gr
Hungary			
Sales Service	Budapest	SEW-EURODRIVE Kft. Csillaghegyí út 13. 1037 Budapest	Tel. +36 1 437 06-58 Fax +36 1 437 06-50 http://www.sew-eurodrive.hu office@sew-eurodrive.hu
Iceland			
Sales	Reykjavik	Varma & Vélaverk ehf. Knarrarvogi 4 104 Reykjavík	Tel. +354 585 1070 Fax +354 585)1071 http://www.varmaverk.is vov@vov.is
India			
Registered Office Assembly Sales Service	Vadodara	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plot No. 4, GIDC POR Ramangamdi • Vadodara - 391 243 Gujarat	Tel. +91 265 3045200 Fax +91 265 3045300 http://www.seweurodriveindia.com salesvadodara@seweurodriveindia.com
Assembly Sales Service	Chennai	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plot No. K3/1, Sipcot Industrial Park Phase II Mambakkam Village Sriperumbudur - 602105 Kancheepuram Dist, Tamil Nadu	Tel. +91 44 37188888 Fax +91 44 37188811 saleschennai@seweurodriveindia.com
	Pune	SEW-EURODRIVE India Private Limited Plant: Plot No. D236/1, Chakan Industrial Area Phase- II, Warale, Tal- Khed, Pune-410501, Maharashtra	Tel. +91 21 35 628700 Fax +91 21 35 628715 salespune@seweurodriveindia.com
Indonesia			
Sales	Medan	PT. Serumpun Indah Lestari Jl.Pulau Solor no. 8, Kawasan Industri Medan II Medan 20252	Tel. +62 61 687 1221 Fax +62 61 6871429 / +62 61 6871458 / +62 61 30008041 sil@serumpunindah.com serumpunindah@yahoo.com http://www.serumpunindah.com
	Jakarta	PT. Cahaya Sukses Abadi Komplek Rukan Puri Mutiara Blok A no 99, Sunter Jakarta 14350	Tel. +62 21 65310599 Fax +62 21 65310600 csajkt@cbn.net.id
	Jakarta	PT. Agrindo Putra Lestari JL.Pantai Indah Selatan, Komplek Sentra In- dustri Terpadu, Pantai indah Kapuk Tahap III, Blok E No. 27 Jakarta 14470	Tel. +62 21 2921-8899 Fax +62 21 2921-8988 aplindo@indosat.net.id http://www.aplindo.com



Indonesia			
	Surabaya	PT. TRIAGRI JAYA ABADI Jl. Sukosemolo No. 63, Galaxi Bumi Permai G6 No. 11 Surabaya 60111	Tel. +62 31 5990128 Fax +62 31 5962666 sales@triagri.co.id http://www.triagri.co.id
	Surabaya	CV. Multi Mas Jl. Raden Saleh 43A Kav. 18 Surabaya 60174	Tel. +62 31 5458589 Fax +62 31 5317220 sianhwa@sby.centrin.net.id http://www.cvmultimas.com
Ireland			
Sales Service	Dublin	Alperton Engineering Ltd. 48 Moyle Road Dublin Industrial Estate Glasnevin, Dublin 11	Tel. +353 1 830-6277 Fax +353 1 830-6458 http://www.alperton.ie info@alperton.ie
Israel			
Sales	Tel Aviv	Liraz Handasa Ltd. Ahofer Str 34B / 228 58858 Holon	Tel. +972 3 5599511 Fax +972 3 5599512 http://www.liraz-handasa.co.il office@liraz-handasa.co.il
Italy			
Assembly Sales Service	Milan	SEW-EURODRIVE di R. Blickle & Co.s.a.s. Via Bernini,14 20020 Solaro (Milano)	Tel. +39 02 96 980229 Fax +39 02 96 980 999 http://www.sew-eurodrive.it milano@sew-eurodrive.it
Ivory Coast			
Sales	Abidjan	SEW-EURODRIVE SARL Ivory Coast Rue des Pêcheurs, Zone 3 26 BP 916 Abidjan 26	Tel. +225 21 21 81 05 Fax +225 21 25 30 47 info@sew-eurodrive.ci http://www.sew-eurodrive.ci
Japan			
Assembly Sales Service	Iwata	SEW-EURODRIVE JAPAN CO., LTD 250-1, Shimoman-no, Iwata Shizuoka 438-0818	Tel. +81 538 373811 Fax +81 538 373814 http://www.sew-eurodrive.co.jp sewjapan@sew-eurodrive.co.jp hamamatsu@sew-eurodrive.co.jp
Kazakhstan			
Sales	Almaty	SEW-EURODRIVE LLP 291-291A, Tole bi street 050031, Almaty	Tel. +7 (727) 350 5156 Fax +7 (727) 350 5156 http://www.sew-eurodrive.kz sew@sew-eurodrive.kz
	Tashkent	SEW-EURODRIVE LLP Representative office in Uzbekistan 96A, Sharaf Rashidov street, Tashkent, 100084	Tel. +998 71 2359411 Fax +998 71 2359412 http://www.sew-eurodrive.uz sew@sew-eurodrive.uz
	Ulaanbaatar	IM Trading LLC Narny zam street 62 Sukhbaatar district, Ulaanbaatar 14230	Tel. +976-77109997 Fax +976-77109997 imt@imt.mn
Kenya			
Sales	Nairobi	SEW-EURODRIVE Pty Ltd Transnational Plaza, 5th Floor Mama Ngina Street P.O. Box 8998-00100 Nairobi	Tel. +254 791 398840 http://www.sew-eurodrive.co.tz info@sew.co.tz
Latvia			
Sales	Riga	SIA Alas-Kuul Katlakalna 11C 1073 Riga	Tel. +371 6 7139253 Fax +371 6 7139386 http://www.alas-kuul.lv info@alas-kuul.com



Lebanon			
Sales (Lebanon)	Beirut	Gabriel Acar & Fils sarl	Tel. +961 1 510 532
		B. P. 80484	Fax +961 1 494 971
Colon / Iondon 1/	Doingt	Bourj Hammoud, Beirut	ssacar@inco.com.lb
Sales (Jordan, Kuwait Saudi Arabia, Syria)	, Beirut	Middle East Drives S.A.L. (offshore) Sin El Fil.	Tel. +961 1 494 786 Fax +961 1 494 971
		B. P. 55-378	http://www.medrives.com
		Beirut	info@medrives.com
Lithuania			
Sales	Alytus	UAB Irseva	Tel. +370 315 79204
	7 , 1.0.0	Statybininku 106C	Fax +370 315 56175
		63431 Alytus	http://www.irseva.lt
			irmantas@irseva.lt
Luxembourg			
representation: Belgiur	n		
Macedonia			
Sales	Skopje	Boznos DOOEL	Tel. +389 23256553
Cuico	OKOPJE	Dime Anicin 2A/7A	Fax +389 23256554
		1000 Skopje	http://www.boznos.mk
Malaysia			
Assembly	Johor	SEW-EURODRIVE SDN BHD	Tel. +60 7 3549409
Sales	331101	No. 95, Jalan Seroja 39, Taman Johor Jaya	Fax +60 7 3541404
Service		81000 Johor Bahru, Johor	sales@sew-eurodrive.com.my
		West Malaysia	
Mexiko			
Assembly	Quéretaro	SEW-EURODRIVE MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Tel. +52 442 1030-300
Sales		SEM-981118-M93	Fax +52 442 1030-301
Service		Tequisquiapan No. 102 Parque Industrial Quéretaro	http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.mx scmexico@seweurodrive.com.mx
		C.P. 76220	36/116/100@36WediOdHV6.COHI.HIX
		Querétaro, México	
Sales	Puebla	SEW-EURODRIVE MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Tel. +52 (222) 221 248
Service		Calzada Zavaleta No. 3922 Piso 2 Local 6	http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.mx
		Col. Santa Cruz Buenavista C.P. 72154	scmexico@seweurodrive.com.mx
		Puebla, México	
Mongolia			
Technical Office	Ulaanbaatar	IM Trading LLC	Tel. +976-77109997
reclinical Office	Ulaaribaatai	IM Trading LLC Narny zam street 62	Tel. +976-97070395
		Union building, Suite A-403-1	Fax +976-77109997
		Sukhbaatar district,	http://imt.mn/
		Ulaanbaatar 14230	imt@imt.mn
Morocco			
Sales	Bouskoura	SEW-EURODRIVE Morocco	Tel. +212 522 88 85 00
Service		Parc Industriel CFCIM, Lot 55 and 59	Fax +212 522 88 84 50
		Bouskoura	http://www.sew-eurodrive.ma sew@sew-eurodrive.ma
No maile i a			
Namibia			T. 1. 201 21 22 22 2
Sales	Swakopmund	DB Mining & Industrial Services	Tel. +264 64 462 738
		Einstein Street Strauss Industrial Park	Fax +264 64 462 734 anton@dbminingnam.com
		Unit1	aa.iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii
		Swakopmund	
Netherlands			
Assembly	Rotterdam	SEW-EURODRIVE B.V.	Tel. +31 10 4463-700
Sales		Industrieweg 175	Fax +31 10 4155-552
Service		3044 AS Rotterdam	Service: 0800-SEWHELP
		1.1a.a.ba. 4.000.F	teature ( / h a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
		Postbus 10085 3004 AB Rotterdam	http://www.sew-eurodrive.nl info@sew-eurodrive.nl



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Sales	Belgrade	DIPAR d.o.o. Ustanicka 128a PC Košum, IV floor 11000 Beograd	Tel. +381 11 347 3244 / +381 11 288 0393 Fax +381 11 347 1337 office@dipar.rs
Singapore			
Assembly Sales Service	Singapore	SEW-EURODRIVE PTE. LTD. No 9, Tuas Drive 2 Jurong Industrial Estate Singapore 638644	Tel. +65 68621701 Fax +65 68612827 http://www.sew-eurodrive.com.sg sewsingapore@sew-eurodrive.com
Slovakia			
Sales	Bratislava	SEW-Eurodrive SK s.r.o. Rybničná 40 831 06 Bratislava	Tel.+421 2 33595 202, 217, 201 Fax +421 2 33595 200 http://www.sew-eurodrive.sk sew@sew-eurodrive.sk
	Košice	SEW-Eurodrive SK s.r.o. Slovenská ulica 26 040 01 Košice	Tel. +421 55 671 2245 Fax +421 55 671 2254 Mobile +421 907 671 976 sew@sew-eurodrive.sk
Slovenia			
Sales Service	Celje	Pakman - Pogonska Tehnika d.o.o. UI. XIV. divizije 14 3000 Celje	Tel. +386 3 490 83-20 Fax +386 3 490 83-21 pakman@siol.net
South Africa			
Assembly Sales Service	Johannesburg	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED Eurodrive House Cnr. Adcock Ingram and Aerodrome Roads Aeroton Ext. 2 Johannesburg 2013 P.O.Box 90004 Bertsham 2013	Tel. +27 11 248-7000 Fax +27 11 248-7289 http://www.sew.co.za info@sew.co.za
	Cape Town	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED Rainbow Park Cnr. Racecourse & Omuramba Road Montague Gardens Cape Town P.O.Box 36556 Chempet 7442	Tel. +27 21 552-9820 Fax +27 21 552-9830 Telex 576 062 bgriffiths@sew.co.za
	Durban	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED 48 Prospecton Road Isipingo Durban P.O. Box 10433, Ashwood 3605	Tel. +27 31 902 3815 Fax +27 31 902 3826 cdejager@sew.co.za
	Nelspruit	SEW-EURODRIVE (PROPRIETARY) LIMITED 7 Christie Crescent Vintonia P.O.Box 1942 Nelspruit 1200	Tel. +27 13 752-8007 Fax +27 13 752-8008 robermeyer@sew.co.za
South Korea			
Assembly Sales Service	Ansan	SEW-EURODRIVE KOREA CO., LTD. 7, Dangjaengi-ro, Danwon-gu, Ansan-si, Gyeonggi-do, Zip 425-839	Tel. +82 31 492-8051 Fax +82 31 492-8056 http://www.sew-eurodrive.kr master.korea@sew-eurodrive.com



Sambia

**Senegal** Sales

Serbia

representation: South Africa

Dakar

SENEMECA

B.P. 3251, Dakar

Mécanique Générale Km 8, Route de Rufisque

South Korea			
	Busan	SEW-EURODRIVE KOREA CO., LTD. 28, Noksansandan 262-ro 50beon-gil, Gangseo-gu, Busan, Zip 618-820	Tel. +82 51 832-0204 Fax +82 51 832-0230
Spain			
Assembly Sales Service	Bilbao	SEW-EURODRIVE ESPAÑA, S.L. Parque Tecnológico, Edificio, 302 48170 Zamudio (Vizcaya)	Tel. +34 94 43184-70 Fax +34 94 43184-71 http://www.sew-eurodrive.es sew.spain@sew-eurodrive.es
Sri Lanka			
Sales	Colombo	SM International (Pte) Ltd 254, Galle Raod Colombo 4, Sri Lanka	Tel. +94 1 2584887 Fax +94 1 2582981
Swaziland			
Sales	Manzini	C G Trading Co. (Pty) Ltd PO Box 2960 Manzini M200	Tel. +268 2 518 6343 Fax +268 2 518 5033 engineering@cgtrading.co.sz
Sweden			
Assembly Sales Service	Jönköping	SEW-EURODRIVE AB Gnejsvägen 6-8 553 03 Jönköping Box 3100 S-550 03 Jönköping	Tel. +46 36 34 42 00 Fax +46 36 34 42 80 http://www.sew-eurodrive.se jonkoping@sew.se
Switzerland			
Assembly Sales Service	Basel	Alfred Imhof A.G. Jurastrasse 10 4142 Münchenstein bei Basel	Tel. +41 61 417 1717 Fax +41 61 417 1700 http://www.imhof-sew.ch info@imhof-sew.ch
Taiwan			
Sales	Taipei	Ting Shou Trading Co., Ltd. 6F-3, No. 267, Sec. 2 Tung Huw S. Road Taipei	Tel. +886 2 27383535 Fax +886 2 27368268 Telex 27 245 sewtwn@ms63.hinet.net http://www.tingshou.com.tw
	Nan Tou	Ting Shou Trading Co., Ltd. No. 55 Kung Yeh N. Road Industrial District Nan Tou 540	Tel. +886 49 255353 Fax +886 49 257878 sewtwn@ms63.hinet.net http://www.tingshou.com.tw
Tanzania			
Sales	Daressalam	SEW-EURODRIVE PTY LIMITED TANZANIA Plot 52, Regent Estate PO Box 106274 Dar Es Salaam	Tel. +255 0 22 277 5780 Fax +255 0 22 277 5788 http://www.sew-eurodrive.co.tz info@sew.co.tz
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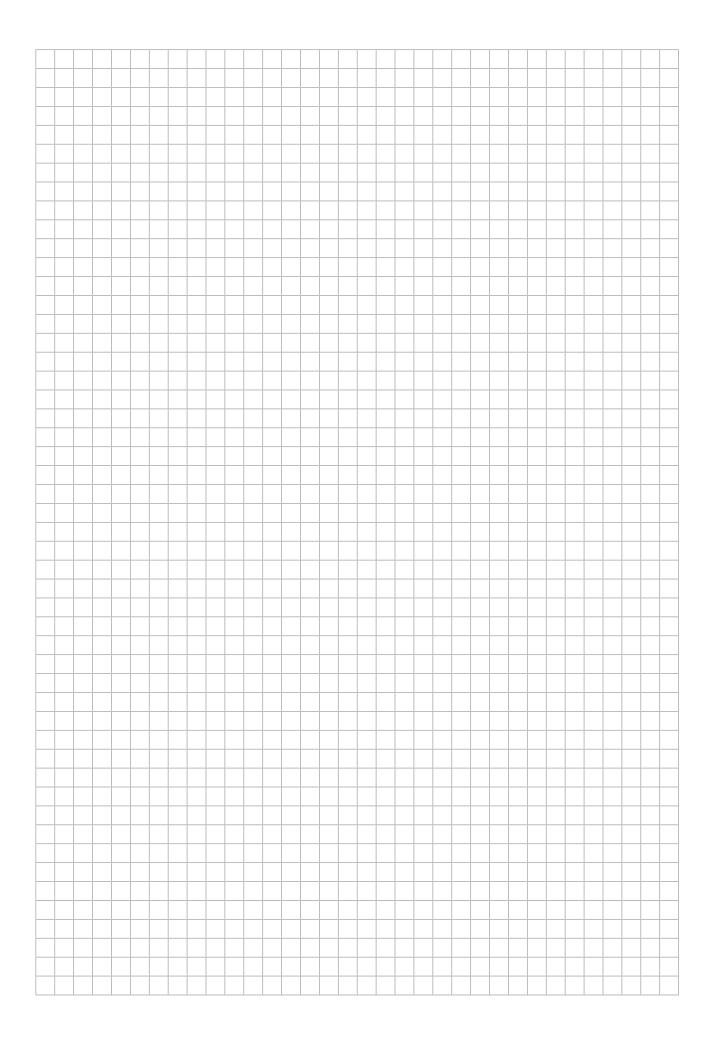
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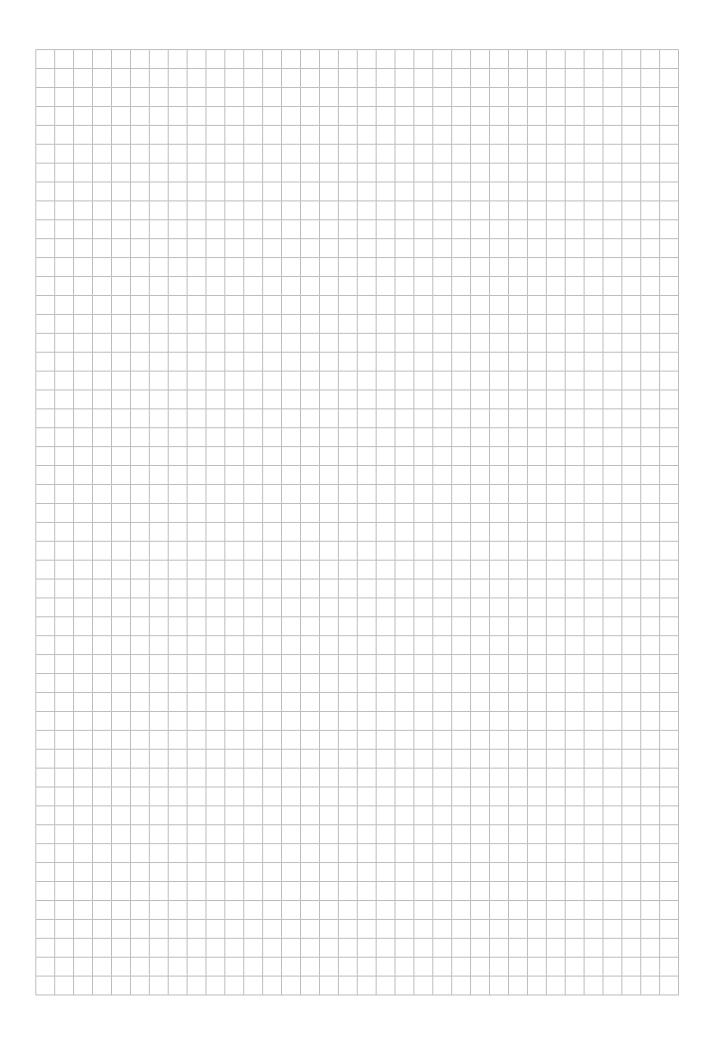
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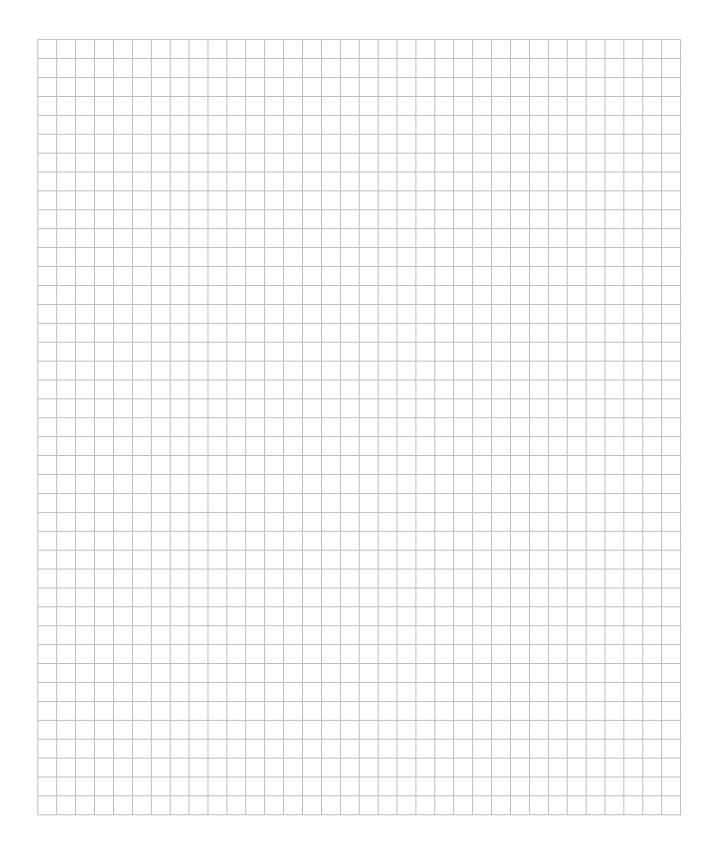
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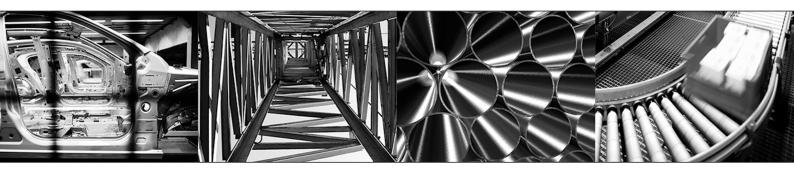
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